COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

GAMING CONTROL BOARD

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IN RE: MOUNT AIRY # 1, LLC's PETITION FOR APPROVAL OF

A CASINO FLOOR RECONFIGURATION

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PUBLIC INPUT HEARING

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BEFORE: WILLIAM H. RYAN, JR., CHAIRMAN

Gregory C. Fajt, James B. Ginty, Annmarie

Kaiser, Keith R. McCall, Anthony C.

Moscato, Gary Sojka, Members; Christopher

Craig, Representing Robert M. McCord,

Robert Coyne, Representing Secretary to

Department of Revenue Daniel P. Meuser and

Matthew Meals, Representing Secretary of

Agriculture George Grieg

HEARING: Tuesday, January 29, 2013

10:00 a.m.

LOCATION: Strawberry Square Complex

Second Floor

Harrisburg, PA 17101

WITNESSES: James Tuthill, Richard Whitby

Reporter: Jennifer T. Alves

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PROCEEDINGS

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CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Good morning everyone. My name is Bill Ryan. I'm the Chairman of the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board. Before we begin I would like to ask everyone to please turn off cell phones, PDAs, other electronic devices. Thank you very much. With us today is Christopher Craig representing State Treasurer, Robert McCord. Bob Coyne representing the Secretary for the Department of Revenue, Dan Meuser and Matthew Meals representing the Secretary of Agriculture George Greig. Thank the three of you gentlemen for being here. We have a quorum. Everyone is present and I will therefore call today's meeting to order. The first thing we will do is the Pledge of Allegiance, so I'll ask everyone to please stand.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. We have two items before the Board today for public hearing. They will take place prior to our public meeting. The first public hearing pertains to the Mount Airy's Petition for Approval of a Casino Floor Reconfiguration. Immediately following that hearing we will move directly into our second

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hearing, which deals with Presque Isle Downs' Petition
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   to Reduce the Number of Slot Machines and Table Games.
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   At the conclusion of these hearings and presentations
   we will take a brief recess to conduct quasi judicial
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   deliberation before returning to conduct our regularly
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   scheduled meeting.
                  So, we will begin with Mount Airy.
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   Prior to presentations I would ask all fact witnesses
   presenting evidence today for either Mount Airy or OEC
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   to please stand and be sworn. Also I'm going to ask
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   that all persons speaking, including Counsel, state
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   and spell your name for the benefit of the
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   stenographer. So, Mount Airy? Okay. Gentlemen,
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   could you state your name and spell it and then be
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   sworn?
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                  MR. TUTHILL:
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                  My name is James Tuthill, J-A-M-E-S, T
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   as in Thomas, U, T as in Thomas, H-I-L-L.
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                  CHAIRMAN:
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                  And you, sir?
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                  MR. WHITBY:
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                  Richard Whitby, R-I-C-H-A-R-D,
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   W-H-I-T-B-Y.
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   WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE:
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1 2. CHAIRMAN: 3 Thank you, gentlemen. You may sit down. 4 Counselor? 5 ATTORNEY SKLAR: 6 Good morning, Chairman, Commissioners. Michael Sklar, S-K-L-A-R, on behalf of Mount Airy Number One, LLC. With me this morning are Jim Tuthill who's the vice president of gaming at Mount Airy and 10 Rich Whitby who is the director of slot operations. This morning the petition before you is a request to 11 12 reduce the slot machine count at Mount Airy from 2,075 13 machines down to 1,875, 200 machine reduction. We'll 14 go through --- Rich and Jim will go through the 15 rationale and what Mount Airy believes are the benefits to the facility if the Board approves the 16 17 reduction. And then we'll also --- Rich will go 18 through the floor plan and explain exactly what is 19 contemplated. 20 At this point I think the Board's had a 21 number of these petitions before you to date and I 22 think the --- I think at this point there is certainly 23 not necessarily a correlation between a slot reduction 2.4 and a reduction in GTR. In fact, we will demonstrate 25 this morning with the reductions that Mount Airy has

1 done thus far, it's actually been an increase in GTR.

2 | Not to say that there's a correlation in reverse, but

3 | I think most importantly I think for the Board is

4 | there's certainly not --- there hasn't been any

5 evidence of a decrease in GTR. And before I turn it

6 over to Rich and Jim, I think everyone has to

7 understand I think the goal of Mount Airy management

B and the Board and the Commonwealth, I think all of our

9 interests are aligned.

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The goal is to maximize revenue and profits and from an operations standpoint these guys analyze the floor, the number of machines, the mix of machines constantly and this is what they believe is in the best interest of Mount Airy and the Commonwealth. And with that I'll turn it over to Jim.

MR. TUTHILL:

have an excess of product on the floor, assets on the floor and we base that on utilization, occupancy reports that we run system generated reports. And our win per unit are statistics that we look at on a weekly basis, sometimes daily. There's several benefits to accomplishing this reduction. One is to relieve the congestion on the main floor during peak periods and enhance the traffic flow and gaming

1 experience for the customers that do come into Mount 2 Airy.

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We'll provide a more spacious and comfortable experience for the players, opening up the aisles and shortening the aisles, Rich will address, and creating a better traffic flow on the floor. It will help us a great deal and introduce a better customer experience. And again, there's a cost savings involved with the reduction as well. There are machines on the floor that should we not have to replace them we'll be able to use our capital, deploy our capital more efficiently towards other product and the experience at Mount Airy.

So I think, as we stated before, slot machines don't generate revenue, people generate revenue and we need to create a better experience and become more efficient. With this model I think we've accomplished that. The Board has graciously recognized that the machines don't necessarily translate into more revenue, as Michael stated. And there's no anticipated negative impact on the gross terminal revenue as a result of this reduction.

Otherwise we wouldn't be here. We're incentive and the plan is for us to increase revenue on a regular basis, which we've demonstrated. And again, the

Commonwealth and Mount Airy are partners in this.

MR. WHITBY:

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Thanks, Jim. If we go to the next slide it shows our current operating plan, which is OP-8F, which has just recently been approved. Very minor changes on here from our --- the plan before that. What we did in previous operating plans is that we opened up aisle space, like Jim said, to create a better traffic flow not only for customers, but for employees back and forth to the casino cage, the back of the house areas and we've placed some carousels, which are a lot more comfortable when people play. We've had a great result from that, people enjoy it. We feature some of our lease product on these carousels and we've had great results.

Going to the next slide is what we're proposing, which would be OP-9 and we're doing some of the same things that we did in previous OPs. We're chopping off some of our rows that are 14 and 16 games long and we're shortening them up to 10 or 12 games per row creating wider aisle space up and down the casino floor. If you look at the top left corner we placed a couple more --- eight game carousels there and we mirrored that all the way around the floor. Like I said before, these carousels create more

comfort, have a little more elbow room when you're
sitting and playing next to people and we can feature
some of the newer product that would go out. Our
lease product we like to put on the carousels.

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So it creates a much comfortable, more comfortable playing environment. In the bottom left hand corner is our third floor casino, which is a totally smoke free environment. We have not touched that third floor. In fact, recently there was a small smoking area up there on the table game poker side, which we've made totally non-smoking. There's 150 slot machines up there. Our plan is to leave them as is. We do have requests from customers to play in a totally non-smoking environment, so we did not touch that in this OP.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

Rich, before you move on what's the anticipated --- if the Board approves the reconfiguration what would be the anticipated time frame for completion of the reconfiguration?

MR. WHITBY:

From start to finish it's a pretty simple OP. We're not reconfiguring a lot. We're taking games off the end of the rows, so it's pretty simple. Placing some carousels in. I would

anticipate a 90-day plan. If you go to the next slide 1 2. this is where we calculate our occupancy and on our first hearing when we had 2,450 machines. 3 Unfortunately we didn't have a system generated report 4 5 that we could use for occupancy. We simply reported 6 games in play every hour on the casino floor by a program from Bally Gaming. It's a slot monitoring system and it is a live snapshot of the casino floor. It updates every couple of seconds as to how many 10 games are in play. Our first reduction we pretty much 11 used that for occupancy. Since then at the Board's 12 request we have developed a system generated report 13 and we've used that report in the last two reductions 14 and what that report does and how it's calculated is 15 we capture all of the handle pulls or spins or plays 16 on a slot machine for every minute on the casino

As a customer's playing the average handle pulls or spins that they play per minute is 7.8, so we capture the handle pulls and divide it by 7.8 and we divide that by the number of games on the casino floor. And that gives us our occupancy for that hour. And that's how we --- that's now how we calculate our occupancy. So, it's a much more accurate way of calculating how many people are out

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floor.

- 1 | there playing on the floor and it is system generated.
- 2 It's not something that we go out and look at and
- 3 write down and count. So, we continue to use that.
- 4 It seems to be very accurate, and as you can see, you
- 5 know, every time we reduce the number of game, of
- 6 course, the occupancy goes up, mid week and on
- 7 | weekends.
- 8 We would like to see peak occupancy up
- 9 towards 75 to 80 percent. We believe that's the
- 10 | correct occupancy for a casino, so by reducing this we
- 11 | will get closer to that peak occupancy. During some
- 12 of our busiest times we're seeing 1,200 to 1,300
- 13 machines in play out of 2,075. We have plenty of
- 14 | machines available, and going to 1,875 if we're still
- 15 seeing 1,200, 1,300 games in play we still have plenty
- 16 of assets for people to play.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

- 18 Rich, before you move on. Just so I
- 19 think everyone's clear, you're saying that the 1,300
- 20 machines in use, that's the absolute maximum that
- 21 you've seen at any particular point in time throughout
- 22 the year?

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- MR. WHITBY:
- 24 Yeah. 1,300 to 1,400 is the most we've
- 25 seem probably over the past year. This past holiday

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weekend, Martin Luther King weekend, we saw 1,300 on
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  Sunday afternoon for about two hours. New Year's Eve,
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  for example, we never had 1,200 machines in play for
  the whole day. So we have plenty of machines out
  there for the volume of business and the people in the
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  building that we're seeing at this time.
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The next slide is a win per unit statewide for each facility, and as you can see, Mount Airy is --- we're still at the bottom as far as win per unit goes, and that's another indicator, I think, that we have excess supply of slot machines on the casino floor. As an operator we'd like to see somewhere in the middle of the pack, in the mid 200 to high 200 wins per unit, better utilize the assets that we have and get more out of it. Onto the next slide, the impact of slot machine reductions at Mount Airy. This is showing our April to September 2011 when we had 2,275 slot machines on the floor. Our GTR was \$77.5 and our win per unit of \$186. We're comparing that to the same time frame in 2012 when we dropped the 200 machines. Our gross terminal revenue went up to about \$80 million and our win per unit went up to \$211.

So, as a result of the 200 game reduction we did not see a negative impact on GTR, win per unit increased slightly and we believe that this reduction will have similar results. We don't see a negative impact on GTR.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

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And Rich, can you just explain why this April, September period was selected for the basis of comparison?

MR. WHITBY:

We wanted to base it on the same time frame that we presented --- that we finished the last reduction in the reconfiguration of the casino floor. So, we wanted to compare the exact same time frame, not use different times of the year. Maybe the slower, wintertime compared to April through September, which are peak summer months. We wanted to use the exact same time frame.

The next slide is cost savings. Just in replacement costs of slot machines alone last year, we purchased just a little over a hundred machines and the average cost of a machine is about \$18,000, so to not replace 200 slot machines right there is savings of \$3.6 million in capital replacement costs. The annual operating costs to power the machines, to maintain the machines, to buy parts for them, et cetera is another \$25,000 in savings. By not having

to replace this equipment and maintain it it's a considerable cost savings to us.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

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And Rich, if the Board approves this reduction what will you do with the 200 machines that are removed from the floor?

MR. WHITBY:

In the past what we've done with the machines is we've done a few things. We've used them to --- we've traded in. Sometimes we purchase new machines, the manufacturer will offer you a trade in if you give them a machine. That will reduce the cost of a new machine by \$1,000 to \$1,500 depending on what we're trading in. We've done that when we've purchased new machines. We've also sold them outright to other authorized vendors and we keep some --- we keep some in storage. We use them for --- we use a lot of them for parts. Parts are very expensive, so I think right now we have about 85 to 90 slot machines in storage that we pretty much use the parts for to keep the games on the floor up and running instead of buying new parts.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

Okay. That concludes our presentation.

25 I just want to say in summation, I think based on the

1 data that we presented I think that it clearly

2 demonstrates an excess amount of supply of machines at

3 Mount Airy currently. And based on the history I

4 don't think that there is a likelihood of any decrease

5 | in GTR. And again, I come back to where I started, I

6 think the management's overriding goal here is to

7 maximize revenue. If there is any indication, if the

Board approves this reduction, that for some reason

9 | there's not enough demand --- or enough supply I

10 | should say, then we'll be back here requesting an

11 | increase in supply. So, we're absolutely motivated to

12 have that right amount. And again, I think it was

13 Commissioner Sojka. We went back and forth, art

14 versus science with some of this stuff.

MR. SOJKA:

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And we will do that again today.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

I think that the number of machines, the
200 that's been selected today, I think that is more
on the scientific side because it's based on the data.
I think the art comes into it more, and these guys are
certainly much more expert than I am, is in the mix in
which particular machines to remove, that may be more
of an art, but I think the science part of it, I think

the 200 should be 190 versus 210, I think we could

quibble, in that range, but I think the 200 is based on the data that these guys have analyzed. So, with that we are available to answer any questions that OEC or the Board might have.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you, Mr. Sklar. Does the Office of Enforcement Counsel (OEC) have any questions of Mount Airy?

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Of course. Nan Davenport, Deputy Chief Enforcement Counsel for the Office of Enforcement Counsel (OEC). Good morning, Commissioners and Chairman. As Attorney Sklar just pointed out and during the prior slot reduction hearings they pointed out that it was more art than science. A review of Mount Airy's GTR in 2011 and 2012 show that, but for July and November of 2012, the prior 200 slot reduction did have a positive impact on GTR. But if the prior slot reduction resulted in increased GTR what assurances does the Board have that this 200 slot reduction is going to result in another increase of GTR?

CHAIRMAN:

That's an interesting question.

MR. TUTHILL:

Quite candidly my career depends on it. You know, we've watched these as closely as anyone watches anything, table games, slots. We're totally focused on these numbers on a daily basis, on a weekly basis, we meet on a regular basis. We see what promotions are working for us, we see what games are producing for us. A hundred percent assurance? I don't know that there is such a thing in the industry, but certainly based upon the 40 years I have in the business and the 30 years Rich has in the business it's our informed and educated opinion that we can certainly decide which assets do not perform.

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We are committed to placing new product on the floor, we're committed to capital expenditures, we're committed to lease product so that we can compete with our nearest competitors in terms of getting the best product on the floor that people do want to play. Nothing's a certainty. You can't predict weather, you can't predict economy, you can't predict so many things, but based on what we know and what we believe certainly we would expect that we would have a similar result going forward from the prior reductions.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Is there a tipping point where further

slot reductions are going to result in a negative impact to GTR and how do you make that determination?

MR. TUTHILL:

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You know, occupancy is what we key in on most and you can look at win per unit but --- to be candid again, you know, you can use win per unit and argue it either way. Certainly if you take enough machines off the floor your win per unit is going to be very high. You know, that's not the end all in terms of doing that and that's not what's driving us. Certainly what's driving us is gross terminal revenue.

So, you know, based upon occupancy and based upon calculations that we do, we feel that 80 to 85 percent of maximum occupancy during peak times and peak promotions is where we need to be with these games. Just coincidentally 200 takes us to 1,875 and based upon the 1,300 and 1,400 maximum games in play, that we see during our peak periods, that takes us to the 80 percent range, where we feel we need to be.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Pursuant to the Gaming Act a Category 2 facility must make available for play a minimum of 1,500 slot machines. This proposed 9.6 percent reduction would decrease the number of slots to 1,875. In the last two years since December of 2010 Mount

Airy has been before the Board on three occasions
requesting major slot reductions. I just want to
point out OEC's concern that Mount Airy is getting
precariously close to this 1,500 limit. Do you have
any comment on that?

MR. TUTHILL:

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We don't foresee a return for another reduction based upon current demand at this time.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Mount Airy now has 448 less slot machines than when it first opened to the public, and if the Board approves this current petition they'll have a total 648 fewer slot machines than in October of 2007. Although this petition, the prior 200 slot reduction petition, stated that the slot reductions will not result in any layoffs. I don't understand how these reductions could not have resulted in layoffs for the need for less slot attendants, slot technicians and supervisors. So are you just not --- is this through attrition, or how is this not going to result in layoffs?

MR. WHITBY:

We've maintained the same staffing
levels over the last three to four years. When we

1 opened up in the very beginning we employed, I

2 believe, right around 60 slot attendants, which was

3 | too many based on --- through attrition. We're in the

4 | 26 to 27 range for attendants. We have nine slot

5 technicians, shift managers, four of them cover around

6 the clock.

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As a matter of fact, I just requested that in 2013 that we add a few positions to the slot department. That's been approved, so we will be adding a slot technician, slot technician supervisor and a few what we call --- we've requested for a lead slot attendant position to help with the shift managers, the supervisors on the floor. So, we actually will be increasing our staff by a few bodies in 2013.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

According to the petition the proposed slot removal will result in cost savings due to not having to maintain those machines, I believe, as well as electricity savings. Are these 200 slot machines that you plan to remove, will there be additional cost savings because they're leased machines or are those 200 slot machines owned by Mount Airy?

MR. WHITBY:

All 200 machines are owned by Mount

They are day one slot machines. They've been 1 Airy. 2. on the casino floor since we opened. We will not 3 reduce our lease count. We currently lease right around 180 slot machines, 178 to 180 slot machines 4 5 give or take a few each month when we move them in and 6 out, but we plan to maintain that level. So, our percentage of the floor will actually increase with the reduction. It'll be about 10 percent of the floor will be leased product.

We've been very aggressive over the past couple years with our leased product. We try to be one of the first in the Commonwealth to offer the new products on the market. Michael Jackson machine was the first --- we were first in the state on the casino floor. We did an OP change just for that, to feature that right when you walk in our main entrance. So, we continue that. We will definitely continue on that path.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

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During the 2011 slot reduction hearing when OEC asked what Mount Airy intended to do with the space formally occupied by the slots that were removed, Mount Airy stated that because there were major pinch points on the game floor it intended to open up those spaces, I believe that's what you

testified today, that those spaces were opened and that you're also going to --- with this slot reduction if it's approved you're going to be replacing some banks with carousels and also removing some from the ends of the rows. At some point isn't the gaming floor going to look a little empty if you keep making these reductions?

MR. WHITBY:

I don't think so. I mean, from the very beginning in my personal opinion the floor was a mouse maze more or less. There's just long rows and rows and rows. You can get lost in the middle of it. It's much more comfortable now. It's much more open. If you visit some of the other properties in Pennsylvania they have, you know, 10, 12, 15 feet behind these carousels in these rows. So, the way that we configured the floor there is no big open area, it's simply just widen the aisles and create a better traffic flow with the carousels.

People really like sitting with some elbow room next to each other while they play. It's much more comfortable for them. So, I don't think we're at that point though that we've created big, open areas on the casino floor. If you look at the OP I think we just created wider aisles, better traffic

1 flow.

2.4

2 ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Does Mount Airy anticipate having to come back to the Board at some future point and request a reduction of the size of the gaming floor?

MR. WHITBY:

I would not anticipate that, no. We think the floor is --- it's a good sized floor. We have our amenities around the perimeter with the restaurants, the hotel lobby, the nightclub. We think everything is pretty good the way it is.

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

Does Mount Airy currently have enough space in the two off-site storage areas to store these 200 slot machines if the Board approves this reduction? I believe you said you currently have about 85 or 90 in storage.

MR. WHITBY:

Yes, we have plenty of room. We had almost 300 machines in storage at one time. We have an on-site storage room in the garage at the casino property. Then we have an off-site storage at the Strickland's building. There's plenty of room for all of the machines.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

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Mr. Tuthill, I believe I heard you say
that with this reduction that will put you at 80
percent occupancy based upon the numbers you're seeing
right now?

MR. TUTHILL:

Based upon our peak periods we should obtain 80 percent or near 80 percent.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Okay. So any further reduction would be based on a lower peak period; correct?

MR. TUTHILL:

Well, we would only use our ultimate peak period --- and that's how you calculate it. We wouldn't try and change data ---

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Right.

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MR. TUTHILL:

model that we believe works well for us and we have a model that's proved --- has been proven to increase our gross terminal revenue and we're not going to change the model.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Okay. Well, I guess what I'm asking is does that ultimate peak period that you're talking

about, does that fluctuate?

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MR. TUTHILL:

It does fluctuate based upon the promotion that's taking place, if it's an extended jackpot promotion with an automobile giveaway, something like that. So, I guess the best way to answer the question would be that we'll take the most --- or the highest peak at any given time during the course of the period we're looking as the benchmark.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Okay. So, if your ultimate peak period changes in the future to, let's say, between 1,100 and 1,200 machines, okay --- as Ms. Davenport explained, the Act calls for 1,500. I can tell you right now, and I'll tell you in front of the Board, that any further reductions of slot machines are going to be met with an objection. I think that when you start to look at the ultimate peak period changing that has more to do with getting people through the door. As you said, people generate revenue. So, I guess my next question is, what is Mount Airy doing to get more people through their doors in order to raise that occupancy rate?

MR. TUTHILL:

Mike, do you want to ---?

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

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I mean, I think that Jim might be able to touch on a little bit --- he's certainly involved with some of the marketing and promotional activities related to gaming. But I think, Cyrus, at the last summer I guess at Mount Airy's renewal --- license renewal hearing John Culetsu, general manager, went through a pretty detailed explanation as to the marketing initiatives that he was going to implement I guess starting in the fall and then through this year to increase traffic.

And that has been implemented and I think that the numbers --- certainly through the first half of this fiscal year I think that gross revenue has increased at Mount Airy. So, I think they're moving in the right direction and with anything I think they're constantly evaluating, tweaking, coming up with new initiatives to continue to drive people into the facility.

MR. TUTHILL:

I can give you a couple of examples.

Every Saturday throughout the course of the year we offer a play and earn reward system where people come in and they can redeem their points for a gift when they qualify. And during the course of any Saturday

we give away \$1,500 to \$2,500. This week it might be 1 2. Starbucks coffee and a mug set, and people line up for 3 this that come in and they play. Sunday occasionally we'll do an extended jackpot scenario, car giveaways.

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Currently we have two complete kitchens set up in the bus entrance coming in the building and we're going to be giving away six complete sets of appliances for kitchens. So, you know, there's a fine balance in terms of creating revenue and controlling expenses at the same time. And you know, I'd like to assure you and the Board that, you know, we cast a very keen eye on the expense side of the equation also with the free play, with the giveaways, with the promotional aspects and at the same time creating coin-in.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

The swimming pool project, when is that slated to be completed, Michael? Do you know?

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

In the summer of this year.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Okay. As OEC stated in its Answer, while we don't have any objection we do have several conditions that we'd like to be put in place that we'll read into the record at the appropriate time at 1 | the Board's pleasure, but we are willing to allow

2 | Mount Airy to move forward, obviously with the Board's

3 permission, in the direction that they want to move at

4 this time. So, I'd like to open up for Board

5 questions unless the Board would like OEC to read its

6 | conditions into the record.

CHAIRMAN:

I don't think that's necessary. Does anybody on the Board, any Ex Officio members want the conditions read? I think we're all aware of what they are.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

13 Okay.

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CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Questions, comments from the Board? Got a few.

MR. SOJKA:

Here we go, art and science, but I want to make one very easy question. I want to make sure I'm understanding this. If you leave your non-smoking area absolutely alone and you reduce the size of the number of machines in your smoking area, your percentage of non-smoking is determined by non-smoking being the numerator and total being the denominator, you're reducing the denominator without touching the

31 1 numerator, so your percentage of non-smoking is going 2. to go up significantly; right? 3 MR. WHITBY: Well, in the floor plan out of the 200 4 machines that are being reduced I believe my count was 5 6 90 of them come out of the smoking area on the first floor. 8 MR. SOJKA: 9 So ten of them --- ten percent do come 10 out of ---? So you are doing something up on that 11 second floor? 12 MR. WHITBY: 13 No. We have smoking ---. 14 MR. SOJKA: 15 You have smoking on the other as well? 16 MR. WHITBY: 17 Yes, the first floor is divided evenly. 18 MR. SOJKA: 19 But then the simple question is, are you 20 increasing the percentage of non-smoking area? 21 MR. WHITBY: 22 It may increase slightly, yes, if my 2.3 count ---. 2.4 MR. SOJKA: 25 You're certainly not going in the other

1 direction?

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MR. WHITBY:

No, we're not going in the other direction, no.

MR. SOJKA:

Because we get a lot of complaints about smoke in casinos, and obviously, if you're moving toward more non-smoking, that's good. One of the issues that if you really get down to the fine grain stuff, you talk about we're on the same side of the table, and you know, what you want to do is increase the gross terminal revenue, the GTR. And there's no question about that for us because one of our roles is --- our principle role is to serve the citizens of Pennsylvania and the revenues that come to the state from slots are based on the GTR.

But that's not really the number that drives you; is it? You're really more worried about the net operating income, the NOI, which that's just --- the GTR's just part of it. And that gets me into this next question, which really has to do with customer service because I've been wandering around. As I travel the country I wander into various casinos. I don't gamble. I'm not a gamer. I watch what the people do. You tell me if what I'm seeing is what you

see. One, I watch the people at the machines and they seem to always want to play the maximum that you can play on a given machine because the display up here shows the payout favors the max. So, let's assume that people are generally playing the max.

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And then I notice an odd distribution of people, they pile up around machines that have a relatively low max bet and the higher the max bet the lower the number of people lined up to see the machine. So, when you give us these peak numbers we can't assume that that's an evenly distributed number of people spread 70 percent across the machines. Ιs it not that true that you have people lined up waiting, jumping into a chair when it gets empty and whatnot on certain machines? Not based on whether it's Michael Jackson, or Jungle Princess, or the Pyramid game or whatever these things are, but frankly on the denominations of play. And that there are other machines that have less play, but the maximum bet is larger and the GTR may, in fact, be better on the machine that's getting less play because the denominations are higher.

If you take all that into account I'm wondering how useful is all of this to us when we're talking about 70 percent, 40 percent and whatnot. And

34 is the real issue --- and what is your mix of 1 2. denominations on the floor? And when you do this are 3 you going to get a maximum GTR, but possibly have a poor mix in terms of customer service? That's a long 4 5 question, but is that ---? 6 MR. TUTHILL: That is a long question. 8 MR. SOJKA: 9 You see what I'm getting to though? 10 MR. TUTHILL: 11 I do. Do you want to start with that? 12 MR. WHITBY: 13 You go ahead. 14 MR. TUTHILL: 15 I'm not sure where to begin. 16 MR. SOJKA: 17 I guess I want to know, the GTR is what 18 we're interested in. You say it's mostly what you're 19 interested in and we won't argue on that. What would the customer feel about that? Because GTR isn't just 20 21 driven exclusively by the number of people that are in 22 there. It's also the mix of games and which games are

MR. TUTHILL:

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being played.

Well, you're correct in your

observations on the number of aspects and clearly the hottest games typically get the most attention, the new favorite, whatever it happens to be. The flavor of the week is typically what gets the most attention and that's accurate across the board. I don't care what country you're in.

MR. SOJKA:

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It affects that a lot by the denomination of play? Let's say you put Michael Jackson in and he's really --- everybody wants to play Michael Jackson, but it's 27 lines and it's a buck machine. Is it going to be that hot if somebody has to put in \$27 every time they punch the button to get the maximum payout?

MR. WHITBY:

Most of the leased product and the hot product that's coming out is in penny denomination.

They're lower denomination machines and you can play \$.15, \$.20, \$.30, \$.40 up to \$3 or \$4.

MR. SOJKA:

Uh-huh (yes).

MR. WHITBY:

Some of them are progressive and you do need to make a certain amount of bet to win that progressive jackpot, but not all of them. And the

manufacturers realize that and the operators, we realize that, that, you know, not everybody wants to sit there and play \$2 or \$3 whether it says it's a penny machine or not. So, there is bonus rounds.

There are smaller progressive jackpots that can be won with a lesser bet. So, you know, off the top of my head I --- the average bet on our penny machines is

MR. SOJKA:

probably, you know, \$.75 to \$.80.

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I guess to really cut to the chase, I'm quite willing to believe that if you reduce the number of machines your win per unit will go up, of course. I'm willing to go along with the answer I think you gave to Enforcement Counsel about your estimation about what will happen with the GTR. What I'm curious about is as --- if we allow this to happen and those things occur what's your guess as to how people are actually going to distribute on the floor? Are you going to have more pile ups on popular machines where even though you may only be 50 percent full a given customer says, yeah, but I can't get on the machine I'm interested in?

MR. TUTHILL:

Let me make this statement and this is absolutely true across the board. Customers

regardless of who they are will play whatever they're comfortable playing and there are some customers, many customers, who are not comfortable sitting down at a machine with a forced \$.45 bet with a maximum bet of \$4 and will find another machine to play at. That person will never play the flavor of the week or that machine.

And there will be a normal distribution throughout the casino. There are games on the floor that have been around, Wheel of Fortune, forever, that people still will play even though they have some miles on them, they have some age on them. So, people will play whatever they're comfortable playing and some people are just not comfortable with the structure of some of the newer product that comes on the floor. They'll go find another product that they're comfortable playing. So, I would expect the distribution to remain similar to what it is now. I don't know if that ---.

MR. SOJKA:

I guess it does. I had a worse case worry. We could see win per unit go up a little bit, GTR go up, but --- and we'd look happy and you'd look happy because the net operating revenue would go up, but in the long haul you'd start to see customer

1 dissatisfaction because of the mix of games. And I'm

2 thinking that the way people distribute is not

3 necessarily picked up when you say we're 70 percent

4 full, or we're 50 percent or we're 40 percent full

5 because some of the machines are going to be 100

6 percent plus full. There's going to be people

7 | waiting.

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MR. TUTHILL:

I understand that. We're very sensitive, we listen very carefully to the customers, we listen very carefully to the marketing department. The marketing department --- at our revenue meetings and our operation meetings we'll offer suggestions that we hear from customers in terms of product that they'd like to see on the floor. And when we can, which is almost all the time, we respond.

MR. MCCALL:

Just a point of clarification for me.

On slide nine you have a \$25,000 annual operating

cost. Is that per machine? How's that translate?

What's the ---?

MR. WHITBY:

That's for the whole reduction of the 200 units, electricity, maintenance, spare parts.

MR. MCCALL:

Very good. I just wanted a --clarification on that. And I just want to make a
statement really. You know, we look at these numbers
as a Board, and you know, certainly the numbers are in
your favor. Every time groups come before us or
operators come before us when they want to reduce the
number of machines it seems that the gross terminal
revenues go up. And that's a good thing, but this is
a leap of faith for this Board.

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You know, we look at these numbers, and you know, we have to rely on you. We understand, like you say, we are partners in this, the Commonwealth and yourself. We're partners in all of this. You know, your bottom line is to increase the bottom line and our bottom line is to increase the bottom line so we can offer tax relief to the citizens of this Commonwealth.

So, we want you to be successful and your job is on the line to be successful. So, I guess the only thing that, you know, I can say for myself and maybe for the entire Board is that it is a leap of faith for us. We trust that you know your job and that you're going to increase revenues and that you will be successful, but we'll just continue to monitor that to make sure.

40 MR. TUTHILL: 1 2. I would much rather be here asking to 3 add 200 games. 4 MR. MCCALL: 5 I understand. Sure. Thank you. 6 MR. FAJT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Pennsylvania lottery has come out recently with a proposal to add Keno statewide. What is, if any, 10 going to be the impact on your casino? 11 MR. TUTHILL: 12 I have limited experience with Keno. That is in Nevada. Keno for us in Nevada was an 13 14 amenity and it really wasn't much of a factor in terms 15 of table games, slot machines or any other amenity that we offer. 16 17 MR. FAJT: 18 Okay. Thank you. 19 MR. WHITBY: 20 We did have it in Atlantic City, too. 21 We did have it for a period of time and I believe it 22 went away. 2.3 MR. TUTHILL: 2.4 It was almost a non-factor. 25 MR. FAJT:

Okay. Thank you. My next question is on this whole issue of owning machines versus leasing machines and I've asked you about this just about every time you've been before us. You are one of the few casinos, you're probably the only one, that owns 90 percent of your slot machines, which is what you just testified to, that your lease machines now will be about ten percent. Do you think that's an issue with your low win per slot per day? In fact, do you have a more difficult time swapping out for the flavor of the week because you have to buy them as opposed to lease them and is there any internal discussions going on about moving more to a lease based inventory?

MR. WHITBY:

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I think there's two factors here. In today's world, in the slot world, you can lease just about anything. In other words, some casinos go out and purchase machines with capital dollars, but the manufacturers will offer to lease those machines as well. So, I'm not sure what the other percentages are for casinos, but for the premium product that is lease only I believe we offer as much as some of the other properties.

I don't know that for a fact. I don't

go around and count, but we get comments all the time that our lease product is more up to date than some of the other properties around. So, some of the product you can only lease it. The other product that is for sale, they will give you a lease on that as well. So, I don't know where that breakdown comes from. There's another property saying we lease 30 percent of our product, but is that a purchased product that we would go out and buy? I'm not sure how that breakdown for these other properties.

MR. FAJT:

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My recollection is that most of the other properties the owned piece is actually somewhere around 30 percent and the lease piece is somewhere around 70 percent.

MR. WHITBY:

I would not think so, but that's very unusual.

MR. TUTHILL:

I would think at the best the reverse would be true. And remember each property is unique and each property that I've worked at has had a different scenario. And it's through continual observation, and tracking and fine tuning that you can come to a mix that works for the property. And to

answer part of your question, Commissioner, there are constant discussions going on with ourselves, the finance department, the general manager in terms of discussing greater lease product.

You know, we have a formula that I won't disclose in public, but certainly we use in terms of measuring the success of a leased product and whether or not we're going to retain the leased product for future play on the floor or whether we're going to replace it with another lease product. But we are committed to purchase and lease and updating the equipment on a regular basis and staying current.

In fact, quite honestly that's the only way you can survive in this business because when you're no longer current with your competitors, the customers will go to the competitor and play the new product that they find most fun and enticing. So, you have to --- there is pressure to stay current.

MR. FAJT:

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Well, let me just --- two more questions. One is on that point, so, in --- I'm looking at your Mount Airy slot machine occupancy.

And you started with --- what was your all time high number of slot machines, 2,450? Nan?

ATTORNEY DAVENPORT:

2,523 when they opened.

MR. FAJT:

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2,523. And you have to come to us every time you reduce slot machines, so if you're now at 2,075 you in essence --- and you own 90 percent of those machines, I mean, in your six years of operation, five years of operation, whatever you've been in operation, you've only changed 500 of those machines. Is that an accurate statement? And again, I'm not trying to manage your business, but I do --my gut tells me your significant high percentage of ownership vis-à-vis the other casinos is part of the issue, that you don't have the ability to swap out those machines on a lease basis the way other casinos And I just, you know --- you guys know your business better than I, but that is something that I think might be part of the problem here.

MR. WHITBY:

There's other ways to offer new games on the floor. What we do quite frequently in the slot business is we modify or convert machines. You can get a new machine and it may only be popular for six or eight months. It's still a new cabinet, but maybe people don't like playing that model. Normally when you purchase a machine you have performance guarantees

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on them with the manufacturer that says during the
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2.
   first 16 months, 18 months, whatever you negotiate,
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   you can --- we'll give you a conversion kit for that
   game to convert it one, two, three, four times,
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   whatever it may be. So, if we look at that cabinet it
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   may be three or four years old, but that doesn't mean
   that we cannot upgrade that machine to a new model.
   So, you don't necessarily have to replace the whole
   machine to get a new version out there. The lab is
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   constantly approving new programs.
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                  MR. FAJT:
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                  Does the game change when you do that,
   or is it just an updated version of the same game?
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                  MR. WHITBY:
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                  No, you can change the game.
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                  MR. FAJT:
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                  So, I Love Lucy can become Michael
   Jackson?
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                  MR. WHITBY:
2.0
                  Yes.
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                  MR. FAJT:
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                  Okay. One last question.
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                  ATTORNEY SKLAR:
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                  Commissioner. I'm sorry. I'm sorry to
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   cut you off.
                 My recollection was at a prior hearing
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with the lease versus owned --- and it wasn't Mount
Airy. It was another facility. It was close to the
property owned and 10 percent lease.

MR. FAJT:

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We'll ask Presque Isle coming up, and I will stand corrected if that is the case. My last question on your peak occupancy. Did I hear you correctly to say that your peak occupancy in the last year or two was 1,300 machine usage at the peak time? In other words, you have 2,000 machines and you've never been above 1,300? Did I hear that correctly?

MR. WHITBY:

We saw 1,300 on Martin Luther King weekend. Over the past year or so we may have been a little over 1,400 if I remember correctly, you know, an hour or two here or there, but normally on Saturday afternoons and evenings we're at the 1,100, 1,200 range ---

MR. FAJT:

Okay.

MR. WHITBY:

--- games in play.

MR. FAJT:

Thank you.

MR. WHITBY:

47 You're welcome. 1 2. MR. FAJT: 3 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 4 CHAIRMAN: 5 Tony? 6 MR. MOSCATO: No. 8 CHAIRMAN RYAN: 9 I guess, if I can, to sum this up for my 10 benefit. What you're doing here then is making the 11 best efforts you can at efficiency. That is having a 12 more --- in your view, more efficient number of machines and in your view the number of machines 13 definitely will not cause your revenue to go down. 14 15 That you don't want. Otherwise the impact on revenue 16 is too nebulous; correct? Your revenue may go up, it 17 may not, but what you're trying to do is just be more 18 efficient with the product you have; correct? 19 MR. TUTHILL: 2.0 That's correct. 21 CHAIRMAN: 22 How often do you replace these machines? 2.3 Is there an average? 2.4 MR. WHITBY: 25 No. No, not really. It depends on the

availability of capital to replace machines, and
obviously, the coin-in and the win per unit, you know,
you have to go around the floor and say, we'll replace
ten percent of the floor every year I think is really
difficult in this day and age and this market and the
cost of doing so.

CHAIRMAN:

So, again, it's just another decision based on business, based on how you can best be efficient; right?

MR. TUTHILL:

It varies and I venture to say in the very best days of Atlantic City in the '80s, and early '90s casinos like to flip the floor or change the floor out every six years or so. So, one sixth of the games would be replaced every year. I think that in today's world, in today's market you're seeing an 8 to 12 year cycle.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Questions from Ex Officio

21 members?

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MR. CRAIG:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I just have a couple of quick questions. And to kind of give you context, I represent the State Treasurer and part of

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- 1 his job is he is the sole fiduciary of all gaming
- 2 funds for the various public policy purposes in the
- 3 | Commonwealth. We safeguard the funds, we invest them
- 4 for short term cash and we make the payment, so we're
- 5 always very, very concerned and focused on the health
- 6 of the funds and primarily the financial viability and
- 7 health of each of the facilities that support the
- 8 | funds. I was hoping maybe you can educate me a little
- 9 bit about how occupancy is measured as a matrix.
- 10 This, if I understand correctly, is occupancy of the
- 11 particular slot machines; is that correct?

12 MR. WHITBY:

- Yes. That's the number of units in play
- 14 at any given time.

MR. CRAIG:

- 16 How is that measured, through like the
- 17 central control computer system or somebody walking
- 18 | through with a ---?

MR. WHITBY:

- No, it's measured by the --- it's a
- 21 system generated report IT department has put
- 22 | together. We have the Bally ACSC slot system and
- 23 every time someone pulls the handle, or spins the
- 24 wheel or plays a hand of poker it's recorded as a
- 25 | handle pull in the system. So, every hour we capture

1 those handle pulls, those physical plays on the slot 2 machine.

MR. CRAIG:

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How do you distinguish the difference between, let's say you were pulling the handle or I was?

MR. WHITBY:

Well, you know, through some research and through the industry it's determined that the average handle pull per minute per customer is 7.8 handle pulls per minute. So, we use that calculation and we capture the hourly handle pulls, divide that down to the minutes, then divide that by 7.8 compared to your number of units on the floor and you get a calculation of how many --- percentage of games that are in play at any given time.

MR. CRAIG:

You describe average peak weekday. What is a peak? Is peak measured as a particular hour, or day or period?

MR. WHITBY:

Peak is the hour of the day that we hit the maximum amount of games occupied.

MR. CRAIG:

So it's the very highest throughout ---

for example, when you say average peak weekend that's
the very highest that that ever got during the weekend
of like Friday afternoon until a Sunday night?

MR. TUTHILL:

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The number of games in play during that period.

MR. CRAIG:

And then your last chart here is really a projection. You're saying that by having the ability to move down to approximately 2,075 machines you're projecting average peak weekend to be 54.9 and weekday occupancy 41.3?

MR. WHITBY:

That is our current --- we currently have 2,075 units.

MR. CRAIG:

So, what is your projection? I mean, I assume it's a projection that underlines why you picked, let's say, a reduction of 200 machines as opposed to 150 or 15.

MR. TUTHILL:

The projection is essentially the highest number of games obtained during the peak period during the week will get us to 80 percent occupancy.

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1 MR. CRAIG: 2. Okay. So, you're expecting a fairly 3 dramatic jump then from 41 and 54 to approximately 80? 4 MR. TUTHILL: 5 That's what the calculation states. 6 MR. CRAIG: Okay. And so that's a good barometer or benchmark, for example, for this Board to take a look at six months from now or something like that to see 10 if this is --- I mean, is that a fair ---? 11 MR. TUTHILL: 12 That's very fair, yes. 13 MR. CRAIG: 14 The way that I look at this and I think 15 you described it as this is a situation of excess 16 supply versus demand. 17 MR. TUTHILL: 18

Correct.

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MR. CRAIG:

And you know, that certainly makes sense. I quess I'd like to follow up on some of the questions that were asked by Enforcement Counsel because I'm particularly troubled by the fact that there's been comparatively little discussion today about how demand is going to be addressed in this

equation.

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When you deal with occupancy of the machines what matrix are you typically looking at to take a look at customer flow through your facility, for example, hotel occupancy rates or is there people walking through the floor or restaurant usage, or other things that you can look at as metrics saying, you know what, compared to this time last year we're bringing in more people? Does that exist and can you give me some idea as to whether or not this period today compared to last year you've seen an improvement or not?

MR. TUTHILL:

We have an analysis group that reports to the marketing department and they essentially handle that with the marketing department. I don't have any analysis for you today. I don't have any matrix, but they're consistently reviewing new card sign ups, they're reviewing current play, they're reviewing all the metrics that they gather on a daily and weekly basis.

MR. CRAIG:

And obviously, it's not necessary for today's decision, but I think having some of those matrix decisions --- I mean, measurements and have it

compared between, let's say, currently to last fiscal year, et cetera, provided to the Board would be particularly helpful so that we can have a good idea as to how effective the efforts on the demand side of the equation is being addressed. I mean, I get reducing supply, reducing cost, creating greater efficiency makes eminent sense, but it's not going to address GTR unless there is a concerted focus, as you know, on demand.

MR. TUTHILL:

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There are many components to this.

MR. CRAIG:

I wanted to pick up on Mr. Sklar's comments about how recently, I guess starting early fall you implemented a new marketing scheme in an attempt to drive more traffic through the facility; is that --- did that begin in September?

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

I believe based on Mr. Culetsu's testimony I think that was --- some of the new initiatives began in the fall, and also advertised --- targeted advertising. I think he had a number of --- it was a laundry list of things that --- initiatives that he went through in order to increase and drive demand at the property.

MR. CRAIG:

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The only thing that at least I'm aware that the Board has to be able to measure, the efficacy of some of those changes are just gross terminal revenue and comparing September '12 to September '11 through December, it's in that gain of just --- of about 200,000 during that four month period of time. Is that a big net gain from your perspective? Is that a good one? Are you continuing adjusting? Are there other metrics that you were looking at that say this new marketing initiative is working?

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

What period were you looking at?

MR. CRAIG:

Well, to give you an example. On September '11, and I'm rounding up, the gross terminal revenue was 12.9. September of last year was 13.2, which was a gain of approximately \$300,000. On October of last --- '11 it was 11.9, in October of '12 it was 12, which is about a net gain of about \$100,000. But November of last year was 11.4, November of this past year, '12, it was 11, which was a loss of about \$400,000. And December of '12 versus December of '11 there was a gain of about \$200,000. So, over that four month period of time when this new

initiative was beginning to be implemented it seen a net gain of approximately \$200,000. Now, for a quarter is that a big one? Is that an anomaly? I mean, I don't have the experience to know whether or not \$200,000 is a lot of money in this context.

ATTORNEY SKLAR:

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I mean, these guys are the operators. I think it's a little --- I think you're focusing on too specific of a --- maybe too short of a period of time. We had, you know, Hurricane Sandy in that period. A lot of the patrons who go to Mount Airy are from the New York, North Jersey area. So, I mean, I think it's a difficult period to focus in on. I just pulled up the entire fiscal '11 through '12 --- or 2011, 2012 period. The slot GTR was \$148.5 million. The first half of fiscal '12 and '13 was \$75.4, so if you annualize that you'd be up at \$151 versus \$148.5.

MR. CRAIG:

I don't want to quibble here, but this is --- that actually is misleading because you said that the new improvements were beginning in the fall. And I get it. Four months is a short time. If you say it's not enough time to gauge it I understand that as well. That's all I've got in terms of statistics. I guess what I'm asking the experts are what --- how

would you measure success? By seeing a per quarter increase of \$200,000 or a year, fiscal year, increase of half a million? I mean, I'm asking you what are the appropriate measurements for this Board to take a look at to say, you know what, Mount Airy's really --- they're marketing program is a real success and they're clearly addressing the demand side.

MR. TUTHILL:

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I don't know that there's a one or two sentence answer to that, but I will tell you that there are quite a few components that go into this and part of what goes into this is what the competition is doing also. The first to the mailbox is a big deal in the business. Free play is a big deal in the business. So, you know, regardless of what plan we place in action a lot of it is based upon what other companies are doing.

Sometimes you have to make adjustments midstream based upon what competitors are doing. I would say this, that the increase --- there's an increase in ultimately with the reduction of assets on the floor. We're able to increase revenue. Now, what goes into the marketing efforts, again, I don't have the marketing plan in front of me and it's not something we typically deal with although you have to

--- you don't have to, but you should consider that what Sands is doing, what Mohegan is doing impacts upon what we do. What we do impacts upon them and everyone is constantly making adjustments.

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So, where we really start to worry and get in trouble is we see no growth. Would you like more growth? Absolutely. Every day of the week we like to see more growth. We like to see optimal growth. I don't know what optimal growth is except that we do what we're able to do within the confines of what we have and based upon that we've been able to show growth. And the intention is to continue to make adjustments as necessary in order to continue the growth.

MR. CRAIG:

I appreciate that. I guess I would end --- my questions that I have really would be for just a general request. The next time we visit this I would appreciate getting more substantive information really on how from the business's addressing the demand side of the equation.

MR. TUTHILL:

Okay.

MR. CRAIG:

I mean, I totally understand the

efficiencies and the benefits of reducing excess 1 2. supply, but a lot of the challenges I'm sure you're 3 facing on a daily basis is what can we do to increase demand, face new competition and ensure a viable 4 5 facility. I would like it if you get a better understanding of the metrics that you used, how 6 they're --- how to benchmark them, how to determine whether or not things are successful or not, et Thank you, Mr. Chairman. cetera. That's it.

CHAIRMAN:

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Okay. Thank you.

MR. FAJT:

Thanks, Mr. Chairman. Just one follow-up question. I want to correct the record. I had said earlier, and I think I kind of led you guys to agree with me, that the peak usage of the machines on, say, Saturday night was 1,300 machines. And I'm looking at your confidential Exhibit C, so I won't go into a whole lot of details, but it appears to me that it's closer to 1,500 machines, which cuts delta to between where we're going to --- the 1,800 is not ---. 1,800 to 1,300, 500 extra machines, but now we're down to maybe 300 extra machines during your peak period. And to Cyrus' point about, you know, any further reductions will be met with, you know, skepticism on

60 his part, I think that bears noting. But just again, 1 2. for the record it looks like on your Exhibit C you 3 have an occupancy percentage of north of 70 percent 4 times the 2,000 machines. What's that? 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Exhibit B. 6 MR. FAJT: 8 Exhibit B. I stand corrected. I guess if you want to confirm that it's really 1,500 machines 10 in use as opposed to 1,300 that would be fine. If you 11 want to look at that and get back to us, that's fine, 12 too. 13 ATTORNEY SKLAR: 14 We'll take a look at it and get back to 15 you. 16 MR. FAJT: 17 Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 CHAIRMAN: 19 Any other questions? Thank you, 20 gentlemen. Thank you. This matter is now closed and 21 the Board will consider it during executive session. 2.2 2.3 2.4 MEETING CONCLUDED 25

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, meeting held before Chairman Ryan was reported by me on 1/29/2013 and that I Jennifer T. Alves read this transcript and that I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.