COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

GAMING CONTROL BOARD

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PUBLIC MEETING

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BEFORE: GREGORY C. FAJT, CHAIRMAN

Raymond S. Angeli, James B. Ginty,

Keith R. McCall, Anthony C. Moscato,

Gary A. Sojka, Kenneth I. Trujillo; Members

Christopher Craig, Representing Robert M.

McCord, State Treasurer

Robert Coyne, Representing Daniel P.

Meuser, Secretary of Revenue

Matthew Meals, Deputy Secretary of

Agriculture, Representing George Greig,

Secretary of Agriculture

MEETING: Tuesday, June 28, 2011

10:35 a.m.

LOCATION: State Museum

300 North Street

Harrisburg, PA 17120

WITNESSES: NONE

Reporter: Cynthia Piro Simpson

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					4
1	I N D E X				
2					
3	OPENING REMARKS				
4	By Chairman Fajt			6	
5	PRESENTATION				
6	By Mr. O'Toole	7	-	8	
7	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	9	-	15	
8	PRESENTATION				
9	By Mr. Rhen	16	-	17	
10	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	17	-	18	
11	PRESENTATION				
12	By Attorney Sherman	18	-	19	
13	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	19	-	23	
14	PRESENTATION				
15	By Attorney Cassel	23	_	24	
16	STATEMENT				
17	By Chairperson Fajt	24	-	26	
18	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	26	_	49	
19	PRESENTATION				
20	By Attorney Yocum	50	_	51	
21	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	51	_	5 4	
22	PRESENTATION				
23	By Attorney Sherman	5 4	-	62	
24	By Attorney Hittinger	62	_	66	
25	By Ms. Hensel	67	_	75	

				5
1	I N D E X (Cont.)			J
2				
3	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	75	_	76
4	PRESENTATION			
5	By Attorney Roland	77	-	8 0
6	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	80	_	102
7	PRESENTATION			
8	By Attorney Dustin Miller	103	_	104
9	By Attorney Manifesto	105	_	106
10	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	106	_	108
11	STATEMENT			
12	By Attorney Boni	109	_	111
13	QUESTIONS FROM BOARD	112	_	121
14	CLOSING REMARKS			
15	By Chairman Fajt	121	-	122
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
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Opposed? The motion passes. As our first order of new business, we have our Executive Director, Kevin O'Toole, to provide us with a report. Welcome, Kevin.

MR. O'TOOLE:

of the Board. I have several topics that I would like to present to the Board today. First I want to provide the Board with an update on staff's effort to look for alternative locations for the Board's Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA), which could also double as a permanent meeting facility for the Board's public meetings.

As the Board is aware, on April 14th at 2011 at a public meeting on that date, you authorized me to begin the process of soliciting interest in leasing appropriate space to the Board in Harrisburg. As a result of that authorization, an advertisement was placed in the Harrisburg Patriot-News, as well as posted on the Board's website. The window for interested parties to respond to the solicitation was from April 15th, 2011 to May the 6th, 2011.

At the close of the response period, two proposals were received. As a result, an evaluation committee consisting of myself, Board Secretary Mickey

1 Kane and Director of Hearings and Appeals, Linda Lloyd, reviewed each of the proposals, except for the pricing component, which was evaluated by our Director of Office Services, Steve Wilson.

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I would like to report that the evaluation committee unanimously chose the proposal submitted by Strawberry Square Associates, which Mr. Wilson confirmed was also the more cost effective of the two proposals received. Additionally, the quoted square footage cost for the Strawberry Square location is approximately \$2 less per square foot than what we are currently paying for Hearings and Appeals office space.

That fact, coupled with the reduction in square footage leased from over 6,500 square feet at our current location to 5,762 square feet at the new location will result in cost savings to the Board estimated at approximately \$35,000 per year. result, I would ask for a motion by the Board granting me the authority to enter into a ten-year lease with Strawberry Square Associates relative to space needed to house the OHA, as well as to serve as a permanent location for the Board's public meetings.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you, Kevin. Any questions on that?

9 Do you have a question, Gary? 1 2 MR. SOJKA: 3 A couple ---4 CHAIRMAN: 5 Yeah, sure. 6 MR. SOJKA: 7 --- real quick ones, Kevin. attractiveness of having a permanent place for these Board meetings, one, it's going to be easier for people to find them. Do we actually have to pay money 10 to rent spaces of this kind, and is that, then, also 11 12 part of our saving? 13 MR. O'TOOLE: 14 Yes, that is correct, Commissioner. Wе 15 do pay a rental fee to the locations. 16 MR. SOJKA: 17 So we will save that as well? 18 MR. O'TOOLE: 19 That's correct. 20 MR. SOJKA: 21 And that can be added to the savings. 22 One other thought along that line, though. I see the advantage of the convenience for us, but both Hearings 23 and Appeals and our public meetings draw people who 24 25 are not part of the Gaming Board. They bring members

of the general public in. Do you think this move would either improve the situation for those people, dis-improve it, or have no impact on it at all?

MR. O'TOOLE:

No, I think it would definitely improve it, Commissioner. The site selected is on the second floor level at Strawberry Square, so certainly, it's convenient for our personnel who are located in a different wing of the Strawberry Square --- the Verizon Tower wing of Strawberry Square. It'll be easier for us to get there. If there was inclement weather, you don't have to go outside, and it will become a very familiar location to those persons who regularly appear before the Board.

MR. SOJKA:

Great.

CHAIRMAN:

Yeah. Commissioner Angeli.

MR. ANGELI:

The infrastructure, the electronic infrastructure that we use here, is that our responsibility or is that part of the lease setup?

MR. O'TOOLE:

The precise terms of the lease are still being negotiated with representatives of Strawberry

Square and our Office of Chief Counsel (OCC), so I could get that specific information to you as we get 3 closer to being in a position to sign the lease, but we will definitely have all of the appropriate wiring for whatever audio and visual equipment that we need. That will all be in place for that facility.

MR. ANGELI:

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Trujillo.

MR. TRUJILLO:

I commend you to Apple if --- as you're looking. What's the projected occupancy date?

MR. O'TOOLE:

The projected occupancy date is mid-October to the first of November. That's our target.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That's all I have. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Any other questions? I have just two One, to follow up on Commissioner Angeli's comments. point, I mean there will ---. Just to be clear, I 23 mean there will be moving costs involved, and we don't 24 have a handle on those yet, Kevin, but there will be, obviously, a cost to the Board, to the agency of

moving our folks and equipment that we bring from the current space at the Pinnacle Health Building to the downtown location; correct?

MR. O'TOOLE:

Yes, that is correct.

CHAIRMAN:

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Okay. And the last comment is just for This space is located at the top of the the public. escalator as you're moving in Strawberry Square from the first floor to the second floor. Get to the top of the escalator. It is to the left. I believe it 12 was the old Smith Barney space at one time?

MR. O'TOOLE:

Yes, that is correct. And the proximity to the food court so anyone attending the Board meetings, you can ---. You know, if your item isn't before the Board or there's an Executive Session after a hearing or two, it'd be very convenient for visitors to either get lunch or have a cup of coffee or whatever.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman, one more ---.

CHAIRMAN:

Yes.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

One more ---.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Trujillo.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Not a question, but a comment. those lines, and just because I've spent many years outside of courtrooms without a good place to sit or anything else, I would just ask you to perhaps, you know, have some discussions with lawyers and the like that regularly appear before us to see if there are particular needs that we might easily accommodate, for example, an attorney conference room if we have the space. But they'll have a better view of how inefficient a lot of the spaces that we have been using have been.

And I just know that people who I think practice before us regularly might benefit from having a couple of conference rooms or the like to be able to 21 meet prior to hearings. So just a suggestion that those things are viable.

MR. O'TOOLE:

Certainly. Thank you, Commissioner.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Relative to Kevin's request for a motion giving him the ability to enter a lease relative to our OHA, there are no other questions, I assume, and a motion would be in order. May I have a motion?

MR. SOJKA:

Yes, Mr. Chairman. I'll move that the Board authorize the Executive Director to enter into a lease with Strawberry Square Associates relative to the relocation of the Board's OHA as just described by the Executive Director.

CHAIRMAN:

Second?

MR. MOSCATO:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE 18

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CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? Motion passes.

MR. O'TOOLE;

Thank you, Commissioner. I also have a second topic that I think is timely at this point, and that is in regard to the issuance of our fourth Annual 25 Benchmark Report, which provides the most current

statistics on the positive impact that slot machine revenue has had on the horseracing and horse breeding industries within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

analysis of how the Racehorse Development Fund has been used to increase purses to enhance Pennsylvania-bred horseracing and to provide health and pension benefits to the employees and the members of the various horsemen's associations within Pennsylvania. I would like to publicly acknowledge the outstanding work of Kevin Kile, our Director of Racetrack Operations. Kevin coordinates the Board's efforts to monitor the continued progress toward fulfilling the Gaming Act's intent to provide tangible benefits to all constituencies within the horseracing industry.

The benchmark report is available to the public and can be accessed from the Board's website directly on our home page in the lower, right-hand corner. Thank you, Chairman. If you have any questions on that item, I'd be glad to answer them.

CHAIRMAN:

Any questions on the benchmark report?

Thank you, Kevin, and thank you, Kevin Kile, for your work on that. Next up is Dave Rhen, our Budget

Manager, with a report on the agency's revenues and

expenditures. Welcome, Dave.

MR. RHEN:

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Make sure that's on. The green light will come on.

MR. RHEN:

My report today focuses on agency expenses through the end of May. Total fiscal year expenses through May were \$30.3 million. This total was comprised of \$24.2 million for personnel and operating expenses of \$6.1 million.

By category within the operating expenses, the largest expense to-date has been rentals and leases with total expenses of \$1.9 million, followed by services at \$1.5 million. Other operating expenses is the third largest expense, and that's \$1.3 million. And data and voice communication services comes in at \$624,000 for the year.

For the month of May, expenditures total \$2.6 million with payroll totaling \$1.9 and operating expenses totaling \$704,000. The largest operating expenses in May were \$168,000 for other operating expenses, \$160,000 for rentals and leases, \$114,000 for IT software and equipment purchases, \$107,000 for

legal, specialized and inner-agency billings and \$56,000 for telecommunications. That concludes my remarks.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you, Dave. Any questions for Dave? Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Just one question. Does the proposed move of the OHA and the like have any kind of material impact, positive or negative, on our budget for this year?

MR. RHEN:

It does. Besides the savings that Kevin 14 | had mentioned on an annual basis for the savings of the lease cost, we're also paying rental of our facility for our meeting locations, and the cost of the telecommunications will be much less, because we'll have the equipment in place, hopefully.

And you know, I can say that as we move from location to location, the cost will also change with, you know ---. The museum here doesn't have this equipment built in, so it's a little bit more expensive than when we have it over at North Office Building, so it'll be more predictable, as well.

CHAIRMAN:

Any other questions? Thank you very much, Dave. Next up is our Chief Counsel, Doug Sherman.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Good morning Chairman, members of the Board. The OCC's first agenda item relates to ratification of certain legal contracts. Today I'm reporting to the Board on the procurement of legal services by the OCC relating to three legal contracts requesting the Board ratification of those three. As you know, I've provided the Board with routine updates about the need for and retention of any outside legal counsels which are deemed necessary for effective representation and operational needs.

entered into three contracts for outside legal services as the circumstances warranted. Specifically, contracts have been entered into with the law firm of Cozen O'Connor concerning the matter which was pending in the Allegheny County Court of Common Pleas, and with the Philadelphia-based firm of Stradley Ronon and Pittsburgh-based firm of Buchanan Ingersoll under the Board's D and O insurance policy.

Since my last presentation we have

Both of those firms were retained in relation to the Arneault and Rubino versus O'Toole and

other litigation to either represent current or former
Board members in that action. While the authority to
enter into the contracts is given to the Chief
Counsel, I'm requesting that the Board consider a
motion to ratify those contracts previously entered
into for the legal services.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you. Any questions or comments from the Board? Doug, just one clarification on the two firms regarding the Arneault and Rubino matters.

I believe that one of those firms representing former and current employees, as well as Board members; correct?

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

That's correct. There are both employees and Board members. We have the two firms which are both panel counsel ---

CHAIRMAN:

Right.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

--- for the D and O insurance carrier.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Thank you. Okay. Any other questions? Could I have a motion, please?

MR. TRUJILLO:

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Oh, I'm sorry.

CHAIRMAN:

Yes. I'm sorry. You have ---

MR. TRUJILLO:

Oh, no.

CHAIRMAN:

--- a question?

MR. TRUJILLO:

I'm sorry. I was getting ready to

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CHAIRMAN:

Oh, okay. Commissioner Trujillo.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Sorry about that. I do have a few Number one, you mentioned that this was questions. under ---? A couple of the representations were pursuant to or at least covered by our Directors and Officers Liability Insurance. Can you update us a little bit on where that coverage is, because it seems to me that we've been making an awful lot of claims 21 under that policy.

And frankly, I'm a little concerned kind 23 of on a going forward basis that if I'm our insurer, I 24 may not be the most popular client they have. 25 guess if you could just update us a little bit on the

extent --- on our coverage and what the horizon looks for in the event that this insurer decides that we're too frequent a flier.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

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Well, I think you're only popular with the insurer if you don't make claims, so I think from your perspective, you're happy that you have the insurance carrier there. We certainly ---. I wish I could give you the date. We do have the contract for the D and O insurance coming up, I think, this next year. It will be put out for bid again, and certainly the claim experience that we've had, as you've acknowledged, will probably indicate that the premium will be higher than what we have experienced in the past.

The Third Circuit's disposition of the Keystone Redevelopment Case and the granting of qualified immunity to the Board members certainly should help and, I think, calm any jitters that prospective insurance companies might have, concerned about liability. We still have the attorney's fees, because regardless of whether or not there's a ground for liability, it doesn't ever seem to deter some plaintiff's counsels from filing the litigation in the 25 first place.

One of the things that we can certainly
explore is increase in the retention amount that we
have to pay. That's the deductible up front, which
would cause the premium to go down. But of course it
means more out-of-pocket money for the Board up front.
So those are things that we'll be weighing and getting
different ideas when the time comes up for the RFP for
the new contract.

MR. TRUJILLO:

But at least with respect to the cases which are covered by the D and O policy, once we pay the retention amount, then the insurer pays the rest of the fees?

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

That's the way it is to work, yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Okay.

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ATTORENY SHERMAN:

Yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That's all I have, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN:

Any other questions? Okay. Could I have

24 a motion, please?

MR. MOSCATO:

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Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board 1 2 ratify each of the legal contracts described by Chief 3 Counsel. 4 CHAIRMAN: 5 Second? 6 MR. MCCALL: Second. CHAIRMAN: 8 9 All in favor? 10 ALL SAY AYE 11 CHAIRMAN: 12 Opposed? The motion passes. 13 ATTORNEY SHERMAN: 14 Okay. Next for the Board's Consideration 15 is the loan repayments by the Pennsylvania Slot Machine Licensees, which Assistant Chief Counsel, Allison Cassel, will address. 17 18 CHAIRMAN: 19 Welcome, Allison. 20 ATTORNEY CASSEL: 21 Thank you very much. Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Board. At the June 8th 22 23 Board meeting I presented a recommendation for the 24 loan repayment schedule based upon the existing fiscal 25 code.

This recommendation was a calculation method based on the single year --- the single fiscal I understand that there have been some questions on other calculation methods, including a calculation method based on cumulative gross terminal revenue. I'm here to answer any questions that you may have on the impact of either of these payment methods or any other one.

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Great. Thank you. And just to follow up on Allison's comments, as we mentioned in our previous meetings ---. And this is an issue that we've been kicking around publicly, I think back to maybe March or April. And as Allison said, we had talked more specifically about it at our June 8th meeting.

We're required by law --- the Board is --- by June 30th of this year to adopt a plan for the casinos to pay back roughly \$64 million. And we have the authority to determine the frequency of the payment, the length of term of the payment and everybody's allocable share, which the law says has to be based on gross terminal revenue, but it doesn't say much beyond that.

So we have looked at different proposals. 25 I think our initial public review was of four

proposals, if I'm not mistaken. And we asked for public input from ---. The Treasurer gave us public input, members of the legislature. The members of the industry certainly weighed in. And I don't know if any general members of the public weighed in, but we are here today to kind of make a final decision on what methodology we will adopt as to the payment of those \$64 million of loans.

And the current law as we sit here today, you know, at 10:30 or 10:45 in the morning is that our methodology is to be adopted, as I said, by June 30th of this year. And the payback, is to start once the eleventh casino is up and running in Pennsylvania. Right now, as all of you know, we only have ten casinos that are up and running.

We have issued two Category 3 licenses, and we anticipate that one of those two will be up and running in the next fiscal year, which will trigger, then, the payback of the loan amount. So having said all of that, I will open it up to other questions from my colleagues. Commissioner Sojka, you're looking inquisitive. Do you have a question?

MR. SOJKA:

At this point no. I may follow up.

CHAIRMAN:

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Okay. Commissioner Trujillo.

MR. TRUJILLO:

I have one or two. I guess ---. And first, more of a comment than a question, but following up on the Chairman's comments, under any of the four scenarios, as I view them, you're going to have winners and losers. And I think that's, maybe, appropriate in this environment. So whether we adopt the first, second, third or fourth, there's going to be operators that will end up paying more or less, depending on which approach we take. I think I'm accurate. Am I not?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Yes, that is correct.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And also following up but further on, I understand our statutory obligation to be to seek the input from the operators from the industry, but this is not a proceeding which is a hearing in which --- which is a contested hearing. Am I accurate there, as well?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Yes, that is correct.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Because what I am simply concerned about

I've seen, the letters ---. I understand we've gotten communications which have been posted on the web, and there's been a wide, wide range of discussion, both publicly and then directly as though --- as industry has sent in their comments. And I recall we also had, I think, meetings going back to last year, so I don't think any of this comes as any surprise to anybody.

So I guess what I'd appreciate, maybe, hearing before we continue is a summary of what I guess --- we'll be up to four different proposals. If we could get just, like they say, a thumbnail summary of those proposals.

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Okay. I can tell you one of the first methods that we came to you with was to go back to the first year that the loans were taken out, which was 2007-2008, fiscal year 2007-2008. And in that fiscal year there were only a certain number of facilities open. And we said, okay; we're going to go back to that year, and each year going forward, we'll look at the gross terminal revenue for that year, so that the ---. In other words, instead of looking at a current fiscal year, we went back to --- looked to historical, back.

So that resulted in only a handful, maybe five facilities repaying the first year. And then going forward each year, another facility would come on-line and more and more would pay. However, it resulted in it wouldn't be until about the fifth year that all 11 facilities would pay. So that was one of the first ones that we came to you with.

Another one was to base the calculation method on cumulative gross terminal revenue. And I should also mention that the proportion to gross terminal revenue, the percentage was always calculated the same way, which was to take the individual facility's gross terminal revenue and divide it by statewide gross terminal revenue, which would give you a percentage. That percentage would be multiplied by approximately 6.3 million to give the actual repayment amount for that year.

So what kind of happened was it just depended on which period we were looking at for gross terminal revenue. So another method that we came up with was --- okay; we'll go back and look at cumulative gross terminal revenue. We'll start the repayment in this year. All facilities will pay in the first year, but we will take into account every single dime that they have earned since they opened

and take it against the statewide gross --- cumulative gross terminal revenue.

Another one that we came to you with was just the one that we presented on June 8th, which was just the single year --- fiscal year. So say that the 11th facility opened in March of 2012. We would assess in July of 2012, and every facility would have an assessment. All facilities but that 11th one would have a full year of gross terminal revenue, but that 11th facility would only, say, have a few months. But they would be making a payment. So that is what we presented on June 8th, and those were the main ones from what I remember.

MR. TRUJILLO:

The shorthand way I kind of looked at them is historic, cumulative and weighted have been the --- right? I mean ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

--- I think that that's ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Yes.

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MR. TRUJILLO:

--- probably an accurate way ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

That's an accurate way.

MR. TRUJILLO:

each of those, as I've seen your efforts, it's been an attempt to add some level of fairness, both to ---.

And I think in one of our discussions, the idea being that there is a benefit that all --- in essence a fee of sorts.

But then there's also a component of this that beyond being kind of a fixed fee that each facility should pay, there's also some recognition that they have been the beneficiaries of that revenue, some for a greater period of time, some for a shorter period of time. So at least as I viewed the kind of what the fairer way of doing this is, is to recognize that, you know, everybody's got to pay something for the privilege or for the --- almost like a license fee.

It's not a license fee. I understand that. But it's a payment for the privilege. And then a component of this needs also to be a recognition of the total revenue that they've enjoyed during the time that they've been open. And that's, I guess, my way of trying to think about the fair way of doing it, so

31 Okay. Well, thank you. I appreciate that. 1 That's all I have, Mr. Chairman. 2 3 CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Commissioner Ginty? 4 5 MR. GINTY: 6 Just have a comment following up on Commissioner Trujillo's. And I think we're talking about the same thing, but I kind of look at this as cost allocation, which I've learned in many years of 10 experience, there is no right way to do cost allocation. And it's not a science. 11 12 I do think, as Commissioner Trujillo pointed out, there are certain --- I would describe 13 14 them as fixed costs, that inure to all members, 15 whether they were the first one to go into business or the most recent one. And then there are variable 16 17 costs that, obviously, over time have been more beneficial to those who were in the business earlier. 18 So you know, I'm in favor of some way balancing both 19 20 of those as opposed to going to either extreme. 21 CHAIRMAN: 22 Thank you. Commissioner Sojka. 23 MR. SOJKA: 24 So then back to the language that 25 Commissioner Trujillo gave us about winners and

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1 losers, this proposal plays to neither extreme.
2 That's the point; right? It's no one's proposal but
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  our own. It's not congruent with those that have been
  in business a long time or those that have been in
5 business for the shortest time. It's down the middle;
  right? Is that accurate?
                MR. TRUJILLO:
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                I think that depends on which proposal
   specifically ---. We've laid out three different
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  ones.
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                MR. SOJKA:
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                Right, right. Well, and the one ---
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
                You know.
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                MR. SOJKA:
                --- would favor one kind. One would ---
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
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                Right.
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                MR. SOJKA:
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                --- favor another and there's a ---.
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                MR. TRUJILLO:
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                Yeah.
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                CHAIRMAN:
                Yeah. I think, if I could just jump in,
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25 | I mean my sense is that, you know, looking at the two
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extremes, as you mentioned, we have the one with cumulative GTR, which again, those who were operating in the earliest days would generally pay more. And then we have the other extreme, to use your term. We have the one-year GTR, which means that those who were the last arrivers at the party, the ones that came online last, would --- you know, would in their minds pay more.

And let me just say that, you know, when we ask for industry input on this and legislative input and others, it was a great exercise in human nature. And by that I mean that those that came on-line first wanted to pay less, and the ones that came on late, they wanted them to pay more, and the ones that came on late wanted to pay less, and they wanted the ones that came on first to pay more.

So I guess my question to you, Allison, is, you know, this hybrid that we had talked about in Executive Session, where we would have the gross terminal revenue from the beginning of time and those percentages, and then we have the gross terminal revenue for the --- for one year is there. And there is a combination of those two methodologies, to follow up on Commissioner Sojka's point, where everybody, you know, may not be happy, but folks will be less unhappy

if we choose one of those two extremes. Is that an accurate statement?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

That is an accurate statement. I think that the method that was thrown around meets right in the middle between the cumulative and the single year. So again, you're not going to make everybody happy, but not everybody's going to be happy anyway.

CHAIRMAN:

Uh-huh (yes).

MR. GINTY:

What we've done, then, is --- pardon me

--- is to simply kind of go off on our own, because as

we look at it, clearly there are ---. The other two

extremes play right to people who will benefit the

most. So it's no surprise that no outside entity, an

operator or legislator or anything, proposed the

hybrid model, because there is not clear winner or

clear loser. It is down the middle, so it becomes our

proposal; right?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Right.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN:

Yes, Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

right?

Just so I understand it, you have done a calculation, then, taking the average GTR between the cumulative model and the single year model and done a calculation of what a hybrid would look like; am I correct?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Right, right. And to, I guess, briefly illustrate it, in an effort to meet in the middle, what we came up with was taking the percentage that you would come up with if you used cumulative GTR and the percentage that you would come up if you used a single year GTR and averaged those two together, so essentially added them and then divided by two to come up with a percentage that meets right in the middle. That would be the hybrid percentage that would then be multiplied against 6.38 million to come up with the payment amount.

MR. TRUJILLO:

So that would be the Solomon proposal;

CHAIRMAN:

Yes. Other questions? The other thing I want to lay out and make sure that everybody's on

1 board with and that we've kind of been talking about this since we initially brought this issue up, is that the payback would be over a ten-year period, and it would be an annual payment; is that correct?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

That is correct. Pretty much everybody agreed on that.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. So back to my original comment and your comment. I had said earlier that we're dealing with, give or take, a \$64 million loan. I think it's 12 63.8. And you had mentioned each casino's allocable share of the 6.38 million per year times 10 years gets you 63.8 million, just for the edification of the public; ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Yes.

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CHAIRMAN:

--- right? Okay. Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

One more.

CHAIRMAN:

Yes. You are inquisitive today.

MR. TRUJILLO:

I drank an extra cup of coffee this

1 morning. Just really, just from a record standpoint, are you satisfied, then, that if we are --- would take a hybrid of the cumulative and single-year proposals, 3 that you've had sufficient weigh-in, both from industry, from the legislature and anybody else with an interest in this process that from your perspective, each operator will be treated as fairly as possible?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

And I can tell you that we Yes. solicited industry input on two occasions, so they did actually have two times where they could give us input on the method that they preferred. And each time, it was the same method that they had given the first time. And also, the input from anybody else that wanted to give comments. And I think that this is as fair as we can get, a fair balance.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you. That's all I have, Mr.

20 Chairman.

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ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Commissioner, if I can follow up with two 23 brief points there. Number one, I remember the statute states that the Board is to make this determination of setting a schedule with consultation

from the industry. And it's really an administrative obligation placed on the Board to establish the schedule.

You certainly have reached out and probably gone above and beyond what anybody's expectations were as far as soliciting input, taking that, putting it onto the website, making it available for everybody publicly to see. So I don't really think anybody could possibly say that you didn't fulfill your obligations there.

The other matter is certainly we ---.

The way the proposal's set up now, that we're talking about with a hybrid approach, it can be implemented very quickly, such that at the end of this fiscal year, if it were otherwise appropriate, you know, we can make the assessment, have payments due by, say, January 1st of the --- at the end of that calendar year. So it gives the facilities notice of what the assessment is and the ability to have some time to plan for it.

You know, if it's as the current law is with 11 facilities opening, the year that that facility opens, at the conclusion of that fiscal year, it will be assessed. So there won't be any lag time, obviously, if there were any changes. The formulant

works no matter what the timing or situation as far as the number of facilities.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you, and thanks for all your hard work on this. And Solomonic or not, I'm sure it won't keep any of my colleagues at the Bar at bay, but thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Other questions? Commissioner McCall.

Okay. Any other questions before we ---? Yes, Mr.

Craig? Why don't you come over and take a microphone here? Yeah.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

What is the common denominator in ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

16 Well ---

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ATTORNEY CRAIG:

--- in ---?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

The common denominator for the average

---. I mean we would ---. The common denominator for
each of the percentages would be either the cumulative
statewide gross terminal revenue or the statewide
revenue for the current --- for the one fiscal year.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

But not everybody has the same cumulative pay rate, if I understand it correctly. For example ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Right, right.

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ATTORNEY CRAIG:

--- Penn National would have a year, I think, less than, say, Philadelphia Parx?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Right, due to the staggered opening of the facilities.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

So in that case, how do you even figure out this ---? In other words, you take their average gross terminal revenue, but then you're supposed to divide it by the statewide gross terminal revenue?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Just for the cumulative calculation. It would be for Mountainview. It would be their cumulative gross terminal revenue divided by the 21 statewide gross terminal revenue, so all of the revenue that they have earned versus all of the revenue that everybody has earned. So it's not an average.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

41 But for example, in ---? 1 What was that, 2 the Meadows, you used as the example? ATTORNEY CASSEL: 3 Whichever one. 4 5 ATTORNEY CRAIG: 6 Well, acts, venue acts. And if the State ---? You would then be taking a ---? You would be dividing it by ---? If their cumulative operating period was at, say, five years, you would be then 10 taking five years' worth of gross ---11 ATTORNEY CASSEL: 12 Of gross terminal revenue. 13 ATTORNEY CRAIG: --- for the statewide? 14 15 ATTORNEY CASSEL: Yes. And we're not really looking at a 16 17 time period, per se. It's just all of the revenue that they've earned since they opened. 18 19 ATTORNEY CRAIG: 20 Yeah, but you have to divide it by 21 something in order to get the ratio. 22 ATTORNEY CASSEL: 23 By the cumulative statewide gross 2.4 terminal revenue. 25 ATTORNEY CRAIG:

So that that cumulative denominator would actually be different for every venue, because every venue's been operating under a different ---.

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

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No, no. I mean the numerator would be different, obviously, but the denominator is always going to be statewide.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Which one is the bottom number?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

The denominator.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Denominator; okay. Do we have or is there on paper anywhere a representation of this formula?

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

I don't have it with me. Just, you know, for illustrative purposes we had kind of put together what it would look like. And actually, we had presented the cumulative approach, so that was included in previous materials.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Correct. But I guess I'm trying to figure out how the cumulative, then ---

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

Okay.

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ATTORNEY CRAIG:

--- is averaged with the year look-back, for lack of a better word.

ATTORNEY CASSEL:

I think the best way to maybe illustrate it is we're not going to average gross terminal revenue. We're averaging the percentages that result from the gross terminal revenue.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Okay.

CHAIRMAN:

So again, if I could weigh in, I mean the hybrid method is the average percentage for --- let's take Parx. Parx has a percentage that their gross terminal revenue, cumulative, is to the total gross terminal revenue cumulative for all casinos. have a percentage?

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

For the state --- for the period of time at which they've been operating.

CHAIRMAN:

Correct. And then they also have a 24 percentage of their last year's gross terminal revenue --- was to the gross terminal revenue for all casinos

for last year. So those two percentages are combined, divided by two, and that is their hybrid percentage.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

I understand that. The only question I was trying to clarify is that for the first part of that equation, the cumulative total that each operator's calculus for --- as divided by the statewide average would actually be different, because each operator started at a different time. Is that a 10 fair characterization?

CHAIRMAN:

The numerators are or the top number's different for each casino, but the bottom number is ---. If you have gross terminal revenue from the ---

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

16 Okay.

CHAIRMAN:

18 --- beginning of time, that's a defined

19 number.

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ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Okay, okay. So that denominator, then,

22 is common?

CHAIRMAN:

24 Correct.

25 ATTORNEY CASSEL:

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Right.

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ATTORNEY CRAIG: 2

All right.

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah. The reason that has to work that

Otherwise, you don't get the ---

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

No, I ---.

MR. SOJKA:

--- full payback.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

No, no, no.

MR. SOJKA:

And that's absolutely rule one for us.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

No, I understand that. I was just trying to figure out the formula. I mean the only comment I would make is that there was a discussion and representation that there were extremes. The Treasurer had always taken the position --- really 21 three primary points.

And that was one, the recommendation that 23 the Act should be amended to speed up the payments. That's beyond the power and authority of the Board. 25 However, based on publicly available drafts, it seems

1 the General Assembly is leaning in that direction. Second, that all venues would have to participate on day one in paying back the loan, that that was the clear legislative directive from the General Assembly in the fiscal code.

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And two, that as everybody's grasping with, there needs to be a modicum of equity in terms of allocating the cost, of which everybody defines differently. I understand that, as well.

The only point that I would try to make is that those ---. The notion, somehow, that there is a unearned benefit to Category 1 venues is somewhat unfair. The Act and this Board's regulations all dramatically encourage each venue to operate and begin operations as quickly and as early as possible. was the public policy statement of both the legislature, as well as this Board has expressed in their regulations.

And that each of the operators that started early did so and applied to the date that was established by our Board, and they were approved by the Board on a common date. And the primary reason why they were operating early and had the benefit of entering the market early is because they didn't have a competitor appealing their license, unlike all of

1 the Category 2s, in which there were multiple applicants for a single license. That dynamic didn't exist for Category 1 venues. That is the primary explanation as to why they were operating early.

And then while there was a benefit to that, that benefit also inured to the public policy of the Commonwealth. We were able to employ people during a recession, et cetera. And that's why we supported the --- I don't know if the right description --- the June 8th proposal as being really an equitable manner and which provided fairness to all 12 the parties. There was a benefit to their early venues, but it also didn't punish the latter parties, as well. And I would just recommend and suggest that that is a fair way that the Board should consider. Thank you.

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18 Thank you very much. Any other questions? Commissioner Moscato. 19

MR. MOSCATO:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just a clarification, something that had been discussed earlier was the option for quarterly payments. that still ---? Quarterly payments by the casinos as opposed to one annual.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Commissioner, it was one of those things that we had talked about. I guess as we considered it, we thought that this should be a relatively simple process.

We don't want to establish a new accounting bureaucracy within the Department of Revenue simply to manage payments and keep track of what has to be paid, what's on account, what hasn't been paid yet. By assessing in July and making a payment due by January 1, I think that probably allows enough time for planning and cash flow management so that if the payments are made annually, everything's done in one fell swoop and we don't have situations of differing payments coming in at differing times and different schedules.

MR. MOSCATO:

So the other thing we wanted to make clear was that the Board's decision here today to adopt a hybrid approach would be committed to an administrative order that sets forth the formula clearly so that everybody can see it, and explains the rationale of how the Board got there, and that once it's completed and signed by the Chairman, it would be distributed and put out on the Board's website for all

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to see.

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CHAIRMAN:

Okay? Any other questions? Could I have a motion, please?

MR. MCCALL:

Mr. Chairman, just for the point of making my motion, we were given, really, four alternatives, a historic alternative, a cumulative year GTR, a prior year or single year GTR or our 10 fourth, which would be a hybrid proposal, which would be the average of the cumulative GTR and the prior year or single year GTR. So for the term ---. For the purpose of the record, I will say that I move that 14 the Board adopt the loan repayment option or the hybrid option, which would be the average of the cumulative year GTR and single year GTR, as described by the OCC.

MR. GINTY:

19 Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor? 21

22 ALL SAY AYE

CHAIRMAN:

24 Opposed? The motion passes. Thank you, 25 Doug. Thank you, Allison, for your hard work on this. Next up are the regulations. I believe we have Susan Yocum to address the Board on the regulation. And thank you, Mr. Craig, for your input.

ATTORNEY CRAIG:

Yes.

ATTORNEY YOCUM:

Good morning, Chairman Fajt,

Commissioners. I have one proposed rulemaking for your consideration today. It is 125-155. It addresses the rules of play for both Blackjack and Pai Gow Poker. Included in this rulemaking are the table layout requirements, the dealing procedures, the payout odds and amounts for all --- and the payout odds and amounts for all permissible wagers.

With regard to Pai Gow Poker, we've also added the option of a player banking or co-banking the game. This is a traditional option, and we have included it in our proposed rulemaking on Pai Gow tiles.

With regard to Blackjack, we have updated it for --- and included a few variations, including allowing a dealer to deal from the hand and allowing the dealers to touch the cards. Regarding the fundamental rules of Blackjack, we've --- this proposed rulemaking will keep the fundamental rules of

the game consistent with how they're currently played. So Blackjack will pay out with three to two and the players will still have the option to surrender.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you. Any questions or comments from the Board? Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Inquisitive as I am today. With respect And maybe just in layman's terms, because I have never been much of a gambler. Can you describe, if you would, how the proposed regulations compare to those in neighboring jurisdictions?

ATTORNEY YOCUM:

Neighboring jurisdictions, for instance, New Jersey, they do allow the option of --- the operator's option to pay out Blackjack at odds of six to five. What that means in terms of a payer --patron playing is if a patron played a \$10 wager, a three to two would give them a \$15 payout, a six to five would give them \$12.50. With regard to surrender, they leave it within the --- actually surrender and standing on a soft 17, they leave it within the operator's discretion whether to allow a patron to surrender and whether the dealer will hit or 25 stand on a soft 17.

MR. TRUJILLO:

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The proposed regulation leaves it to the discretion?

ATTORNEY YOCUM:

No, the proposed regulation leaves it as --- at currently as requiring that the operator just stand on a soft 17 and allowing --- and requiring the operator to give the player the option to surrender.

MR. TRUJILLO:

So as I understand it, then, it is a more player friendly ---. The system as we have it is a more player friendly approach at Blackjack?

ATTORNEY YOCUM:

Absolutely, yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

And just from a philosophy of regulation on this issue, I mean my view is that we should maintain as player friendly an environment as possible, particularly as we will see increasing competition from other states. And so from my perspective, I'm very happy leaving it the way it is.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Any other questions or comments from the Board?

MR. GINTY:

I have one before I make a motion.

CHAIRMAN:

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Yes. Can you make sure your mic's on? MR. GINTY:

I'm going to move the proposed req, but I would encourage the staff to work with the industry with respect to their ability to deal with high rollers and negotiating specific rules for one-time play. There was an article in the paper a few days ago about a high roller down in New Jersey. And the reason he chose to play in New Jersey was he was able to negotiate some rules favorable to him with New -So I would just suggest that you and the industry discuss that as a limited option to the industry.

ATTORNEY YOCUM:

Just as a follow-up to that, our rules are currently --- as they currently stand are about the most favorable to the player.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Any other questions from the Board? Could I have a motion, please?

MR. GINTY:

Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board adopt Proposed Regulation 125-155 as described by the OCC 24 and that the Board establish a public comment period

of 30 days for this regulation and that the proposed regulation be posted on the Board's website.

MR. ANGELI:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE

CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? The motion passes. Thank you,

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ATTORNEY YOCUM:

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Today the Board has just one petition before it for consideration. That's the petition related to Greenwood Gaming and the poker tournament that you just heard. Not to repeat specifics, but they clearly want to have 15 poker tournaments held 21 here in August, have a separate area from the simulcast facility that's not going to be in use during the tournament used for --- to, I think, play 31 --- or 30 additional tables. If there are any questions, the parties are still here. Otherwise, it

55 would be appropriate for a motion to approve that. 1 2 CHAIRMAN: 3 Thank you. Any questions or comments from the Board? Could I have a motion, please? 4 5 MR. ANGELI: 6 Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board grant the petition of Greenwood Gaming and Entertainment, Incorporated as described by the OCC. 9 CHAIRMAN: 10 Second? 11 MR. TRUJILLO: 12 Second. 13 CHAIRMAN: 14 All in favor? 15 ALL SAY AYE 16 CHAIRMAN: 17 Opposed? The motion passes. 18 ATTORNEY SHERMAN: 19 Okay. There's just one --- or one 20 Petition to Withdraw before the Board today. That's 21 of A & H Equipment Company. There is no objection by 22 the Office of Enforcement Counsel (OEC) to the 23 Withdrawal, and as a result, we would recommend a 24 motion be granted --- or be undertaken to grant the 25 | Withdrawal with prejudice --- or I'm sorry, without

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prejudice. 1 2 CHAIRMAN: 3 Okay. Any questions or comments from the Board on that Withdrawal? Could I have a motion, please? 6 MR. SOJKA: Yes, Mr. Chairman. I move that the Board issue an Order to approve the Withdrawal of A & H Equipment, as described by the OCC. 10 CHAIRMAN: 11 Second? 12 MR. MOSCATO: Second. 13 14 CHAIRMAN: 15 All in favor? ALL SAY AYE 16 17 CHAIRMAN: 18 Opposed? The motion passes. 19 ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Okay. There are two Report and 21 Recommendations received from the OHA. One is 22 relative to a Gaming Employee Permit, and one a Non-23 Gaming Registration. The Report and Recommendations, along with the evidentiary records for each hearing, 25 have been provided to the Board in advance of this

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meeting.

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Additionally, in each case, the person involved has been notified that the Board is considering their Report and Recommendation today and that they have a right to be present to briefly address the Board if they so desire. If either of the individuals is present today, they should come forward when their matter is called.

The first matter is of Steven Kawejsza.

Mr. Kawejsza's Report and Recommendation relates to a

Gaming Employee Application to work as a Table Game

Dealer at Sugarhouse. The OEC issued a Notice of

Recommendation of Denial on March 3rd based upon Mr.

Kawejsza's failure to disclose his criminal history.

It was discovered during BIE's background investigation that the individual was arrested by the Connecticut State Police and charged with larceny in the fifth degree after stealing casino chips valued at \$300 from the MGM Mohegan Casino in Connecticut.

After receiving the Notice of Recommended Denial, Mr. Kawejsza requested a hearing which was held on May 10th before the OHA.

Both the OEC and Mr. Kawejsza appeared and offered evidence at the hearing. The individual admitted that he did not disclose his 2009 arrest in

order to help him receive credentials in the Commonwealth. He testified that he had had a drug 3 problem in 2009 which led to his conduct, but since that time, he has successfully completed a drug treatment program.

At the conclusion of the hearing, the Officer --- Hearing Officer issued a Report and Recommendation recommending that the application of Mr. Kawesjza be denied. The matter is now appropriate for the Board's consideration.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Is Mr. Kawesjza here? questions or comments from the Board? Can I have a 14 motion, please?

MR. MOSCATO:

Chairman, I move that the Board issue an Order to adopt the Report and Recommendation of the OHA regarding the Gaming Employee Permit of Steven Kawesjza as described by the OCC.

MR. MCCALL:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE 24

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CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? The motion passes.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

The second Report and Recommendation before the Board relates to Margaret Sajez. Margaret Sajez was issued a Non-Gaming Employee Registration on April 28th, 2009 to work as a valet parking dispatcher at Sands Bethlehem. On December 17th, 2010, the individual was charged with six criminal offenses stemming from a vehicle accident that occurred on that date. The charges generally consist of a DUI-related offense, as well as charges of fleeing the scene of an accident, reckless endangerment.

As a result of the charges, the OEC filed a request for an Emergency Order of Suspension of Ms. Sajez's Non-Gaming Employee Registration. That Order was signed by the Executive Director on January 13th, 2011.

On January 26th, the Board referred the matter to the OHA to conduct a hearing on the validity of the Emergency Suspension. A hearing was held on May 12th, and both the OEC and Ms. Sajez appeared at the hearing and offered testimony.

Ms. Sajez testified that she pled guilty to recklessly endangering another person, DUI and accidents involving damage to attended vehicle or

property, charges which are all misdemeanor offenses. She also testified that she was sentenced to 45 days of house arrest and 34 months of probation.

The Hearing Officer issued a Report and Recommendation stating that the January 13th Emergency Order suspending Ms. Sajez was valid, but then went on to recommend that the suspension should be lifted and her registration reinstated based in part upon Ms. Sajez's personal and professional history. The OEC filed exceptions to the Report and Recommendation and requested that Ms. Sajez's Suspension remain in full force and effect. The matter is now appropriate for the Board's consideration.

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Is Ms. Sajez here? Thank you. questions or comments from the Board? Commissioner Ginty?

MR. GINTY:

I have a few. Doug, as I understand it, what's before us today is continuing the Suspension, 21 not a question of whether to vacate her license?

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

That's correct. It's the continuation of the Suspension. The Report and Recommendation is to lift the Suspension. If you want to dissolve the

1 Suspension, which would allow her to go back to work, then you would adopt the Report and Recommendation. If you want to continue the Suspension, then you would reject the Report and Recommendation.

MR. GINTY:

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But if we were to continue the Suspension, there's another step. Either OEC bring an action to revoke the license or Ms. Sajez can bring an action to restore the license?

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

She would have to file a petition to lift the Suspension at some point in the future and dissolve it, yes.

MR. GINTY:

15 Yeah. I'm concerned here, because apparently the Hearing Examiner saw something in Ms. 16 17 Sajez's character that suggested to him that this was 18 an aberration and was willing to, you know, restore 19 her license. At the same time, there's nothing in the 20 record to support that. There's no character testimony. Her employer didn't come forward or 21 22 anything, so I certainly hope she will have the 23 opportunity to show that this was an aberration and 24 that otherwise her work history and character and so 25 forth is good. That's all I have.

62 1 CHAIRMAN: 2 Thank you. Any other questions or comments from the Board? Could I have a motion, 3 please? 5 MR. MCCALL: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board issue an 6 Order to reject the Report and Recommendation of the OHA regarding the Gaming Employee Permit of Margaret Sajez as described by the OCC. 10 MR. GINTY: 11 I'll second that. 12 CHAIRMAN: All in favor? 13 14 ALL SAY AYE 15 CHAIRMAN: The motion passes. 16 Opposed? 17 ATTORNEY SHERMAN: 18 Next we have two Emergency Suspensions, 19 which Assistant Counsel Neil Hittinger will present. 20 CHAIRMAN: 21 Thank you. Welcome, Neil. 22 ATTORNEY HITTINGER: 23 Good morning, Commissioner, Board 24 members. Neil Hittinger with the OCC. That's N-E-I-L

 $25 \mid H-I-T-I-N-G-E-R$. And I have two Emergency

Suspensions for you this morning. The first is the Emergency Suspension of Gerald McNeil, who was issued a Non-Gaming Employee Registration on October 8th, 2010 and was employed as a custodian by HSP Gaming, LP.

On June 14th, 2011 the Gaming Enforcement Office of the Pennsylvania State Police notified the Board's Bureau of Casino Compliance that Mr. McNeil had been arrested and charged with at least six felony counts and several misdemeanors. Most of the charges were relating to sexual acts with a minor.

As a result of these charges, OEC filed a request for an Emergency Order of Suspension of Mr.

McNeil's Non-Gaming Employee Registration. That Order was signed by the Board's Executive Director on June 16th, 2011. The Board's regulations require that a Temporary Emergency Order be presented to the Board for a full evidentiary hearing or, in the alternative, assigned to the OHA to conduct such a hearing and, thereafter, to issue a Report and Recommendation.

In this case the OCC recommends that the Board consider a motion to refer the matter to the OHA to promptly schedule a hearing and, subsequently, to issue a Report and Recommendation to the Board regarding the validity of the Emergency Suspension.

Additionally, the OCC recommends that the Board order that the Temporary Emergency Order remain in place until such time as the Board can act on the Report and Recommendation.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Any questions or comments from the Board? Seeing none, could I have a motion, please?

MR. GINTY:

Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board issue an Order to extend the Emergency Suspension of Gerald McNeil's Non-Gaming Employee Registration and that the matter be referred to the OHA for a hearing to determine the validity of the Emergency Suspension Order.

MR. ANGELI:

17 Second.

CHAIRMAN:

19 All in favor?

20 ALL SAY AYE

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CHAIRMAN:

22 Opposed? Motion passes.

ATTORNEY HITTINGER:

The next Emergency Suspension is that of

25 Tony Tran. Mr. Tran was issued a Gaming Employee

Occupation Permit on April 4th, 2011 and was employed as a table games dealer at Harrah's Chester Casino and Racetrack.

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On June 14th, 2011 the Philadelphia

Police Department notified the Board's Bureau of

Casino Compliance that Mr. Tran had been arrested and

charged with at least four felonies and three

misdemeanor offenses on June 13th, 2011. Mr. Tran has

a preliminary hearing and is pending criminal matter

scheduled for June 30th, 2011. He also has a hearing

on July 5th, 2011 to determine whether his most recent

arrest violates his probation for a prior DUI

conviction.

As a result of these charges, OEC filed a request for an Emergency Order of Suspension of Mr.

Tran's Gaming Employee Occupation Permit. The Order was signed by the Board's Executive Director on June 20th, 2011. As I stated a few minutes ago, the Board's regulations require that a Temporary Emergency Order be presented to the Board for a full evidentiary hearing or, again, assigned to the OHA to conduct a hearing and issue a Report and Recommendation.

In this case, the OCC again recommends that the Board consider a motion to refer the matter to the OHA to conduct a hearing and to issue a Report

66 and Recommendation regarding the validity of the Emergency Suspension. Additionally, the OCC recommends that the Board issue an Order that the 3 Temporary Emergency Order remains in place until such time as the Board can act on the Report and Recommendation. CHAIRMAN: Any questions or comments from the Board? 8 Could I have a motion, please? 10 MR. ANGELI: 11 Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board issue 12 an Order to extend the Emergency Suspension of Tony 13 Tran's Gaming Employee Permit and that the matter be 14 referred to the OHA for a hearing to determine the 15 validity of the Emergency Suspension Order. 16 CHAIRMAN: 17 Second? 18 MR. TRUJILLO: 19 Second. 20 CHAIRMAN: All in favor? 21 22 ALL SAY AYE 23 CHAIRMAN: 24 Opposed? The motion passes. Thank you, 25 Neil. Thank you, Doug.

ATTORNEY SHERMAN:

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN:

Next up is Susan Hensel, our Director of Licensing and Cyrus Pitre, our Enforcement Counsel.
Welcome, Susan and Cyrus.

MS. HENSEL:

Thank you, Chairman Fajt and members of
the Board. The first matter for your consideration is
the approval of Key Employee Licenses. Prior to this
meeting the Bureau of Licensing provided you with a
proposed Order for 15 Key Employee Licenses for Downs
Racing, LP, Greenwood Gaming and Entertainment,
Mountainview Thoroughbred Racing Association and
Presque Isle Downs. I ask that the Board consider the
Order approving these licenses.

CHAIRMAN:

Any questions from Enforcement Counsel?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

We have no objection to the approvals.

CHAIRMAN:

22 Thank you. Comments from the Board?

23 Could I have a motion, please?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman ---. Mr. Chairman, I'd move

68 that the Board approve the issuance of Key Employee 1 2 Licenses as described by the Bureau of Licensing. 3 CHAIRMAN: Second? 4 5 MR. SOJKA: 6 Second. 7 CHAIRMAN: All in favor? 8 ALL SAY AYE 10 CHAIRMAN: 11 Opposed? The Motion passes. 12 MS. HENSEL: 13 Also, for your consideration are 14 Temporary Principal and Key Employee Licenses. 15 to this meeting the Bureau of Licensing provided you with an Order regarding the issuance of temporary 16 licenses for one Principal and 31 Key Employees. 17 18 ask that the Board consider the Order approving these 19 licenses. 20 CHAIRMAN: Any objection from Enforcement Counsel? 21 22 ATTORNEY PITRE: 23 No objection. 24 CHAIRMAN: 25 Any questions from the Board? Can I have

a motion, please?

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MR. SOJKA:

Yes, Mr. Chairman. I move that the Board approve the issuance of Temporary Principal and Key Employee Credentials as described by the Bureau of Licensing.

CHAIRMAN:

Second? 8

MR. MOSCATO:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE 13

CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? The motion passes.

MS. HENSEL:

Next are Gaming Permits and Non-Gaming Registrations. Prior to this meeting the Bureau of Licensing provided you with a list of 305 individuals who the Bureau has granted temporary or full 21 occupation permits to and 139 individuals who the 22 Bureau has granted registrations to under the authority delegated to the Bureau of Licensing. that the Board adopt a motion approving the Order.

CHAIRMAN:

70 Any objection from Enforcement Counsel? 1 ATTORNEY PITRE: 2 3 No objection. 4 CHAIRMAN: 5 Ouestions from the Board? Could I have a motion, please? 6 7 MR. MOSCATO: 8 Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board approve the issuance of Gaming Employee Permits and 10 Non-Gaming Employee Registrations as described by the Bureau of Licensing. 11 12 COMIMSSIONER MCALL: Second. 13 14 CHAIRMAN: 15 All in favor? 16 ALL SAY AYE 17 CHAIRMAN: 18 Opposed? The motion passes. 19 MS. HENSEL: 20 In addition we have Withdrawal requests 21 for Key Employees and Gaming and Non-Gaming Employees. 22 In each case the license permit or registration is no 23 longer required due to such circumstances as the 24 employee failing to report to work. For today's

25 meeting I have provided the Board with a list of four

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1 key employee, 50 Gaming Employee and ten Non-Gaming
   Employee Withdrawals for approval. I ask that the
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  Board consider the Orders approving the list of
   withdrawals.
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                 CHAIRMAN:
                 Any objection from Enforcement Counsel?
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                 ATTORNEY PITRE:
                 No objection.
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                 CHAIRMAN:
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                 Any questions from the Board? Could I
11 have a motion, please?
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                 MR. MCCALL:
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                 Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board
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   approve the withdrawals as described by the Bureau of
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  Licensing.
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                 CHAIRMAN:
                 Second?
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                 MR. GINTY:
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                 Second.
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                 CHAIRMAN:
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                 All in favor?
  ALL SAY AYE
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                 CHAIRMAN:
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                 Opposed? The motion passes.
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                 MS. HENSEL:
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In addition we have an Order to certify 1 2 the following Gaming Service Providers: Autovalet Systems USA, LLC; Betty and Joe's - Mohegan Sun, LLC; 3 Center Stage Entertainment; Cornerstone Building Solutions, Inc.; Cost of Wisconsin, Inc.; Devine Brothers Inc.; Dynamite Disc Jockeys, Inc.; Horizon Media, Inc.; Pennsylvania Paper and Supply Company, Incorporated; PSX, Inc.; S and H Construction Company, Inc.; Schindler Elevator Corporation and Sysco Central 10 Pennsylvania, LLC. I ask that the Board consider the Order approving these Gaming Service Providers for 11 12 certification.

CHAIRMAN:

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Any objection from Enforcement Counsel?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

No objection.

CHAIRMAN:

Any questions from the Board? Could I have a motion, please?

MR. GINTY:

Chairman, I move that the Board issue an Order to approve the applications for Gaming Service Provider Certification as described by the Bureau of Licensing.

CHAIRMAN:

Certainly.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Susan, I notice in our materials that there had been ---. I guess there was really the notification by a couple of operators of some refinancing of debt that they had. And I would like to hear --- and it doesn't have to be today --- and perhaps between some sort of a report as to the approach of what the FIUs review is when a Licensee has a debt financing change.

And I understand the approach that's been taken is, obviously, if we have a change in control that occurs as a result of equity position changes, then very often somebody has to be --- folks --- you know, entities and folks have to be licensed. They're reviewed, presented to the Board and then for Board approval.

However, in other circumstances, when it's a debt financing, we have debt financings that end up not requiring Board approval. And so I would just like to get comfortable around and have a sense of what the approach is and what the review is that's conducted by FIU and by your offices. And so if we could --- obviously it doesn't have to be today, but if at a future hearing or Board meeting we could hear

on that, I'd really appreciate that.

MS. HENSEL:

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Certainly. We'd be happy to put together a presentation to go over exactly what takes place, both in the FIU and in the Bureau of Licensing.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Thank you very much.

MS. HENSEL:

Uh-huh (yes).

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you, Commissioner. Thank you, 11 Susan. Next up is Cyrus Pitre, our Chief Enforcement 12 13 Counsel. I see the first matter is a proposed Consent 14 Agreement between the OEC and Trumbull Corporation. 15 Are there any representatives from Trumbull here 16 today?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

I have Mike Roland, and Assistant No. Enforcement Counsel Mike Roland will handle the Consent Agreement. Dustin Miller and Beth Manifesto are up to handle the matters that follow the ---.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. And so all of them being lawyers, 24 we don't need to have anybody sworn in. 25 Enforcement Counsel, you may begin.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Thank you. Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Board. Mike Roland, R-O-L-A-N-D, with the OEC. The first OEC issue before you is the Consent Agreement between Trumbull Corporation and the OEC. One April 30th, 2008 Trumbull filed a Vendor Certification Application with the Board.

A little bit of background on Trumbull.

They are a construction and general contracting

company. They pave roadwork, do drainage for some of

our facilities.

On November 25th, 2009, however, they filed the petition to withdraw their pending application. They listed two separate reasons for withdrawing that application.

In reality, they're kind of the same, but the first was that they became aware of the full burden of receiving and maintaining registration. The second reason they wished to withdraw is because the cost, burden and risk of disclosure of personal information of its owners, principals and employees and other ongoing reporting requirements exceeded the possible business benefits.

The OEC objected to the request to withdraw, and we did that primarily because they made

eight and a half million dollars from Washington

Trotting Association in the meantime while their

application was pending with the Board. There was in

fact a hearing that was scheduled to take place in

April of 2010. However, both parties came to the

Consent Agreement shortly thereafter, also in April of

2001.

The proposed terms are as follows. Trumbull essentially will agree to withdraw its Vendor 10 Certification Application with prejudice. They will not conduct any business with any slot machine 11 applicant or Licensee, nor reapply for licensure with 12 13 the Board for a period of five years. They'll conduct 14 no further business with Washington Trotting, 15 specifically, or any other slot machine applicant or Licensee. 16

And they would satisfy the investigative fees and costs. As far as investigative fees and costs are concerned, they actually did that to the tune of \$5,000 back in January of 2010.

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In return, what they would receive is they would be permitted to conduct and warranty-related services at the facility should they arise in the future with the caveat being they can accept no additional compensation for doing that, and they must

1 notify the Board through one of the Board employees that they in fact would be present at the facility. The OEC would ask that you consider the Consent Agreement and adopt it at this time.

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I'd like to add two points, just for clarification. The main reason for this Consent Agreement is the warranty issue. We would present to the Board that really a Withdrawal with prejudice is pretty similar to a straight-out denial.

Really the only benefit into entering this Consent Agreement would allow for Trumbull Corporation to come to Washington Trotting should there be a warranty-related service that would arise in the future. It might sidestep any litigation that might potentially take place between the facility and an unlicensed vendor, for lack of a better term, because they can't come on to provide that service. That's really what we were trying to alleviate by putting the consent agreement together.

Secondly, I want to ---. And I'm sure you're probably already aware of this, but I'm going to draw attention to it, anyhow, because I'm going to completely own it. You can see this consent agreement was signed by both parties in April of 2010, and here we sit in front of you today. And one of the

questions you might have is why?

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That's completely me. I am going to own that. This is something that slipped through the cracks. There's really no good explanation for it. The only thing I can offer is I have done a little research before coming before you today, and I can absolutely assure you that even though the Consent Agreement was not adopted by this Board, Trumbull Corporation has, thankfully, followed every term they wish they would have agreed to have followed.

So hopefully, there's no harm, but I do apologize for the delay in getting it to you. And that's really, unfortunately, the only explanation I have. And it won't happen again. But that's all I have. If you have any questions, I'd be more than happy to address those.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you, Mike. Questions from the Board? Commissioner Sojka?

MR. SOJKA:

Just, yeah, a couple quick ones. And they don't deal with the delay coming forward.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Thank you.

MR. SOJKA:

Thank you for disclosing that. But I do want to make sure in this case, this is a substantial amount of work that was done, and they're paid a substantial amount for it. I want to know what the citizens of the Commonwealth lost in terms of dollars that they didn't essentially get their licensing completed and get licensed.

One, there's a potential monetary loss, and two, we can't guarantee in this case that we've protected the public from keeping people that we like to keep away from the gaming facilities away; right?

Because we didn't complete the licensing process, and yet they got the money; is that correct?

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

That is correct to an extent. I guess

Trumbull could argue that their interaction with the facility in the future is essentially non-existent.

They come in, they build, they pave, they do some excavation and then they're gone, and there's really not going to be an opportunity, unless there's a major flaw with that original project, to even come back onto the casino property.

As far as potential revenues that are lost, whatever costs might've been associated with seeing the investigation through, that's obviously

---. And that's in billable hours. We could guesstimate at what that might have been.

MR. SOJKA:

Uh-huh (yes).

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

But one of the sure figures we have is the final fee for the certification, which I believe is \$4,000 if memory serves correctly. So we know there's at least that that would've been lost to the Commonwealth, and then all the investigative fees from the beginning to the end. Again, the only reason we can really --- we can offer is since the Withdrawal with prejudice and the denial are essentially the same, it keeps Trumbull out of the facility.

MR. SOJKA:

Right.

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ATTORNEY ROLAND:

What the Commonwealth and what the general public might be concerned about is if there is some damage to the infrastructure or whatever Trumbull may have put together, can that get repaired? And we believe that this Consent Agreement would at least ---

MR. SOJKA:

Right.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

--- allow for that to happen.

MR. SOJKA:

What I wanted to do was get a kind of a firewall around the potential loss to the Commonwealth for this system not completely working, the fact that we were allowing, as we have to do, I think, for practical reasons, people to come in, do work, get paid with temporary or not completed credentials. And in this case, the system essentially breaks down. They get the money and go away. And what I was trying to do is get my arms around how much that hurt the Commonwealth.

The amount of money they were paid was significant, eight and a half million dollars. But it's not like a gross terminal revenue mistake or anything of that size. It's a licensing fee in the --- with investigative costs in the range of \$5,000 or \$6,000, probably; right? That's what's gotten away from us in this system.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

It's roughly \$4,000 for the certification fee, but I would venture to say that the Commonwealth probably came out ahead in that regard, because we offer interim authorization, which requires a quick criminal background check; okay? Bureau of Licensing

---. Once BIE performs that, grants interim authorization if everything checks out, that allows the casinos to negotiate the best possible price they can get for that product, thereby saving them money and allowing them to have that contract, have those people out working, completing that project in a short amount of time.

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Had we gone through the background investigation process, which could take anywhere from six to --- six months to a year, depending on the size of the company, that company would not be allowed to work until that process was finished, thereby halting the project from moving forward in a timely fashion, halting the casino from offering access to the public, halting the slot machines from running, the table games from operating, halting the tax revenue that may come to the Commonwealth as a result. So I'd venture to say that because of our process, which is a hybrid process, kind of what we developed since hybrid's being used, and what New Jersey does, I think that it allowed us, allowed the Commonwealth to get on the --hit the ground running a lot quicker than any other gaming jurisdiction.

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah. I think you're describing a

1 business friendly approach, not only to our already operating Licensees, the casinos, but also potential vendors or people who would supply services. think that's ---. I would agree with you that that's a plus.

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And the whole reason for licensing folks, I think, is to ---. It does generate some revenue, but as we've pointed out, that's not huge. The other fact is the protection of the public from inappropriate vendors or whatever. And the point I think we want to make is we're getting ---. We do get 12 a sort of fast track, quick look; right --- for any sort of criminality or anything of that sort. would pop up and preclude them working even to the degree they did; right? That's known.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

That's correct.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay. So we can say in this case, the public was protected. There's a potential loss of the 21 revenue from the licensing, and that's the limit of the damage done to the Commonwealth in this situation. And you're saying it's offset by the advantages to the Commonwealth?

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

That's correct.

MR. SOJKA:

Okay.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Yep.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Ginty.

MR. GINTY:

I have a question. You know, I think we're all frustrated by companies such as Trumbull and our inability to, you know, control them by requiring bonds and so forth, but are we comfortable that Trumbull cannot come back in as a subcontractor on a job that might come up?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

What will happen is once the Board approves this Consent Agreement, by virtue of their Withdrawal with prejudice, Trumbull will be placed on the Prohibited Vendors List. As a result, none of the casinos can do business with them. Now, we will offer the caveat to those that have performed --- that they've performed business with in the past, that they will be available for warranty work only.

MR. GINTY:

And that's uncompensated warranty work;

correct?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

That's correct. And our scenario, the way we handle things here are a lot more efficient than I've seen in other jurisdictions. And I can assure you that in another jurisdiction, a lot of these Gaming Service Providers, these vendors, do business for years before they even realize that they're not registered, certified or anything.

And so we attacked this with the notion of we know where they're going, where they're capable of going in the future to get around the system.

Let's plug whatever holes we can and make the fixes as we go. And I think we've done a pretty adequate job of that.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Mr. Ginty, if I can add, as well, it's been a while since I've spoken with Stephen Clark, who happens to be the president of Trumbull. But when I spoke with him on the phone, one of his reasons for withdrawing was because he just thought the entire process was too intrusive, not only for himself but for his fellow employees. And I very clearly remember him saying to me that because of that, he has absolutely no desire whatsoever to do any business

with Pennsylvania again.

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Now, I realize a lot of people have said that previously and then have come back and said, hey, maybe we want to try this thing again. But if you're looking for additional assurances that they may not sneak in as a subcontractor or something of that nature, when we last spoke, he was pretty dead-set against doing business again. And it's simply because he didn't want to expose himself or his company.

MR. GINTY:

Hey, look. The guy's not dumb. I mean he knew; right?

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Yeah.

MR. GINTY:

He knew the requirements coming in. mean he just got his money and decided he didn't want to go any further with it. And my comment wasn't meant as a criticism at all. It's just the frustration. There's only so much we can do with these.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Well, I share your frustration. with you. And like I said, I think it works better 24 25 than a lot of other jurisdictions work at this.

MR. GINTY:

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I'm sure it does. I have nothing further.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Any other questions? Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman, just a couple things. very often in public contracting one of the questions that a contractor has to ask a question -- answer a question is have you ever been barred from doing work in any other jurisdiction? Having to answer the question yes is a problematic thing for anybody who does this kind of work.

So one concern I have is, frankly ---. And I think there is one additional harm relating back to Commissioner Sojka's line of questioning, which is your harm may not be dollars to the Commonwealth. in fact, they may have actually been enhanced by the expediency that using them resulted in, but there's 21 harm to those contractors that are responsible and that act in accordance with the expectations of the Board and the regulations.

And so they lose out on the several 25 million dollars of work that was done here, and so I do think that there's a different kind of harm, not necessarily one that we're in charge --- or charged, rather, with regulating. But I nonetheless think it's one that is unfair to the responsible companies that do come here.

So my preference would be --- or not my preference. My question is, does their Withdrawal with prejudice and their placement on the Prohibited Vendors List result in the same black mark that would result if we were to take some other action beyond allowing them to withdraw with prejudice and being placed on the Prohibited Vendors List?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

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Let me see if I understand your question correctly. You're basically asking that in the end, will this black mark follow them wherever they go; is that ---?

MR. TRUJILLO:

No, no, no. Will the placement on the Prohibited Vendors List have the equivalent effect of 21 being barred from ---? Will they have to answer, yes, we've been barred from work in Pennsylvania?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

24 The Withdrawal with prejudice and the 25 placement on Prohibited Vendors, yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Okay.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

In any jurisdiction that they go to to

--- where they want to do work in the gaming market,

that jurisdiction will ask if they've applied anywhere
else. And they'll do an investigation and find out if

they did. And they will check with us to find out

what was the scenario for them being placed on the

Prohibited Vendors List? And that will follow them.

That's a lot of the ---. That's part of the big stick that we do have --- is that we have relationships with the other gaming markets. Ohio is in heavy construction right now. They've reached out to us about various vendors. Maryland has reached out to us. And New Jersey's reached out to us for vendors that maybe have been working on Rebel. So if they don't go through the process, they're placed on that list, they're withdrawn with prejudice. That affects their suitability in other jurisdictions, yes.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Okay. And Mr. Chairman, I trust that if we approve this Consent Agreement, that Mr. Harbach and his staff would see to it that a press release regarding this action also gets released?

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Thank you. And I think that's a good point. Any other questions? Commissioner Ginty?

MR. GINTY:

Just following Commissioner Trujillo's.

I have one suggestion --- is that maybe somebody
should talk to the ---. Is it the General Services
Administration?

CHAIRMAN:

Yeah, General Services.

MR. GINTY:

And, you know, let --- you know, notify them of the action we have taken so that --- PennDOT and others, so that the potential effect of --- is wider than just the casino industry.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Okay. We'll reach out to those agencies, and maybe that would be a good place for us to start with all our Gaming Service Providers, moving forward with those that we have problems with.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. I think that's a great idea. Any other questions? And I have one last question. And I don't, you know, mean to continue this on, but I do agree with Commissioner Ginty. I mean these are not

unsophisticated contractors. This company knew --- in worst case scenario they knew; best case scenario, they should have known. They have lawyers. They knew what they were getting into before they signed this agreement. I have no doubt that these guys ganged us. And where are they based, Mike?

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

You know, I want to say they're out of the Pittsburgh area.

CHAIRMAN:

Okay. Can you find out ---

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

I absolutely can.

CHAIRMAN:

different track. I mean do we have ---? What's the consequence of denying this Consent Agreement? And before you answer, let me tell you what I ---. I think the downside is that if Washington Trotting needed some repair on work that Trumbull did previously, that they would not be permitted to come onto the premises. And I will tell you, from my standpoint, you know, I think that Washington Trotting, you know, should've known better. I'm not going to give them a pass that they should not bear

some responsibility for vendors that they contract with. And I know that that's happened in the past, and we've always kind of looked by that and said, well, it's actually the vendor that bears that responsibility.

But in this case, you know, this was a big contract, and some discussion, I guarantee you, took place with Trumbull from Washington Trotting, saying you have to get certified, and this is the process. And everybody --- yes, yes, yes. They wanted the money. And all of a sudden they do the work, pull out and we're left hanging that, you know, these guys got over on us.

And I think you can tell from the tenor of the questions today that none of us feel good about it. And so back to my original question, what happens if we deny this Consent Agreement?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

We're back to the hearing phase with the
Withdrawal with prejudice. Trumbull ---. I think
they were before OHA before this Consent Agreement was
reached, so obviously, a hearing would be scheduled.
We remand it back to OHA. A hearing would be
scheduled. We'd conduct a hearing as to whether or
not --- to object to the Withdrawal. And we could be

95 back before the Board with this. 1 2 CHAIRMAN: 3 And let's just play that out. 4 ATTORNEY PITRE: 5 And it's just the warranty. The effect 6 to the warranty is a big thing. CHAIRMAN: 8 Okay. 9 ATTORNEY PITRE: 10 That would be the only thing. 11 CHAIRMAN: 12 Okay. And so our option, if we go this route, could be to deny them a license; is that 13 14 accurate? 15 ATTORNEY PITRE: It would be to have that application 16 17 withdrawn with or without prejudice. 18 CHAIRMAN: 19 Well, we're already doing it with 20 prejudice so I don't ---. 21 ATTORNEY PITRE: 22 Exactly. So I mean we would be right 23 back where we are with the Withdrawal. It would be before the Board. 2.4 25 CHAIRMAN:

All right. Okay. So there's no option
to deny their license, which ---? And again, back to
Commissioner Trujillo, I mean I'm looking at some
penalty for them. And I know that in every loan
covenant that they have out there, they have to
affirmatively disclose when they've had some
regulatory action taken against them. And so I'll be
honest. I'm looking at something where, you know, it
causes them some heartburn.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

A Withdrawal with prejudice has the same effect as a Denial.

CHAIRMAN:

Oh. So it's your understanding that a Withdrawal with prejudice would require them to affirmatively ---? And again, I know you don't know what their loan documents look like, but it's your assumption that denial with prejudice would cause them to affirmatively go to their lenders and say, we have this action of the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board which allowed us to withdraw our application with prejudice, and they would have to affirmatively assert that?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

I don't know if it would affect any loans

that they would receive. It would definitely affect their ability to do business in the gaming industry.

CHAIRMAN:

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Yeah. I understand that, but that's not penalty enough for me. I like Mr. Ginty's comment about DGS, because I think that hits them much harder than gaming business in Louisiana or Nevada or Ohio. That's going to be miniscule to them, but --- okay.

MR. ANGELI:

I have a question. If we denied them the ability to come on the premises, but they had warranty work that they had to complete, would they have to hire someone else to do the warranty work?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

I think Washington Trotting would --- would have to hire someone to come in and do the work.

MR. ANGELI:

But not Trumbull?

ATTORNEY PITRE:

Not Trumbull.

MR. ANGELI:

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Moscato.

MR. MOSCATO:

Mr. Chairman, just a thought. And I share everybody's frustration with this. Perhaps in the future if we could look at something regulatorily that would require a withholding of a substantial final payment until a contractor receives their complete licensure, and then they could receive a final payment. That might alleviate this in the future.

CHAIRMAN:

Yeah, some sort of escrow; right?

MR. SOJKA:

Mr. Chairman, could I follow on with your comments, because I was somewhat troubled by one of your comments. I really understand why you would look to WTA, because they are a Licensee and we do have mechanisms to deal with them. And where we're frustrated in this case is here's someone coming in and kind of doing things outside our reach that we think we should do something with.

So I share with you the frustration there, but I'm not quite willing to go --- to let the comment go unchallenged that WTA may have been in any way party to this. I don't know how an operator reads the mind of a potential supplier or vendor or service provider before the fact, unless they've been shown to

do something before.

I doubt if they colluded; right? If they said, gee, we're going to do this work for you, but we're never going to finish this process --- if that happened, I think we'd have reason to be very upset with WTA, but we don't know that.

CHAIRMAN:

And that clearly was not my intent. My intent was to say that these Licensees, WTA or any other operator, bears some responsibility to the people that they contract with. And yeah, I don't know what that level of responsibility is, but we expect them ---. And we do our own background checks, so normally, we will fill that void and finalize a background check with somebody that WTA or anybody else brings before us.

In this case we were not able to do that. So my point is that WTA and any other operator out there bears some responsibility for the vendors that they bring before this Board to do work for them. And I am not by any stretch of the imagination saying that they colluded or should've known better. I'm just saying that they ---. In my mind. This is just me speaking, not on behalf of the Board. But in my mind, they don't get a free pass on this. WTA does not,

because they brought these folks to the game.

ATTORNEY PITRE:

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I think a fix to this would --- maybe to adopt a reg to ---. And I'd work with Susan Yocum on this, to maybe have a regulation that requires all the casinos insert into their contracts or invoices that the Gaming Service Provider must go through and complete the entire application and licensing process and have a part of that contract payment withheld until that process is complete?

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah, I like that.

CHAIRMAN:

Yeah, me, too. Commissioner Trujillo?

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman, I guess I'm not 16

particularly worried about the warranty for a couple of reasons. Number one, a warranty is a contract between the operator and Trumbull. If Trumbull can't deliver on its warranty, it's still liable to the casino, so whether or not they're able to perform it themselves or whether Trumbull has to pay somebody

else to do it, that doesn't bother me. 23

And so I want to make sure we do the 25 right thing, whatever that is. And I have this as my 1 motion, but I got to tell you, I'm in the same place as you are, which is I want to make sure that they can get whatever message needs to be sent here today.

CHAIRMAN:

And again --- this will be my last comment --- but I think the comment from Commissioner Ginty that a notification to General Services that this Board has taken this action will send a pretty strong message, because they --- and to PennDOT and to the Turnpike and other contracting agencies of the Commonwealth. I do believe that they will get a 12 message. Okay.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN:

Yes? 16

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ATTORNEY ROLAND:

One other question you asked is where they were based out of, and ---19

CHAIRMAN:

Yes.

ATTORNEY ROLAND:

23 --- I've taken the time to look. It's

2.4 West Mifflin --- is where their headquarters is.

CHAIRMAN:

1 In western Pennsylvania. Thank you.

2 Okay.

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ATTORNEY PITRE:

Might I ask that --- if there are no further questions, that once the motion's presented, that the motion also --- if the Board would adopt the motion, that it also includes the motion to place them on the Prohibited Vendors List or Gaming Service Providers List?

CHAIRMAN:

11 Okay. We will do that. Any other questions? Commissioner Trujillo, I believe you have 12 this motion. 13

MR. TRUJILLO:

Mr. Chairman, I'll move that the Board 16 issue an Order to approve the Consent Agreement between the OEC and Trumbull Corporation, as described by the OEC, with the proviso that Trumbull Corporation is placed on the Prohibited Vendors List.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Second?

MR. SOJKA:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE

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Opposed? Motion passes. Our next item is a request for a default judgment in which OEC seeks to place Tan Duy Truong on the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board's Exclusion List. If Mr. Truong is present today, he should come forward at this time. Enforcement Counsel, not seeing Mr. Truong being present, you may begin.

CHAIRMAN:

ATTORNEY DUSTIN MILLER:

Thank you. Good afternoon, Chairman

Fajt, members of the Board. Dustin Miller on behalf
of the OEC. The OEC filed a petition to place Mr.

Truong on the Exclusion List for leaving his two
daughters in his vehicle while he went in to Parx

Casino and gambled on October 11th, 2010.

The petition was filed on April 1st,

18 2011. The petition was properly served upon Mr.

19 Truong to the address listed on the criminal complaint
20 filed against him by both certified and first class
21 mail. Mr. Truong did not respond to the filing in any
22 way. Due to Mr. Truong's failure to respond, the
23 averments in the petition are deemed to be admitted as
24 fact, and his right to a hearing has been waived.

On May 27th, 2011 the OEC filed a request

104 to enter a judgment upon default. The matter is now 2 before the Board to consider the placement of Tan Duy 3 Truong on the Board's excluded persons list. 4 CHAIRMAN: 5 Thank you. Any questions or comments 6 from the Board? Could I have a motion, please? MR. GINTY: Yes. Sorry? 8 9 CHAIRMAN: 10 Commissioner Ginty, did you have a 11 comment? 12 MR. GINTY: 13 No. 14 CHAIRMAN: 15 Okay. 16 MR. SOJKA: 17 Okay. Yes, then, Mr. Chairman. 18 move that the Board issue an Order to approve the 19 addition of Tan Duy Truong to the PGCB Exclusion List 20 as described by the OEC. 21 CHAIRMAN: 22 Second? 23 ATTORNEY MOSCATO: 24 Second. 25 CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

ALL SAY AYE

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CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? The motion passes. Our last item also is a request for a default judgment in which OEC seeks to place Hoang Lee Pham to the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board's Exclusion List. Is Mr. Pham present today? Seeing that there is no one coming forward, Enforcement Counsel, you may begin.

ATTORNEY MANIFESTO:

Thank you. Beth Manifesto on behalf of the OEC, M-A-N-I-F-E-S-T-O. Good afternoon, Chairman Fajt, members of the Board. We're here today to request placement of Mr. Pham, P-H-A-M on the Board's Exclusion List. On December 13th of 2010 the OEC filed a petition for placement of Mr. Pham on the Exclusion List as a result of his leaving two children in an unattended vehicle while he went into the Rivers Casino and gamed. This occurred on August 29th of 2010.

The petition was properly served, using the address appearing on Mr. Pham's driver's license, via first class and certified mail. The OEC received a return receipt signed by Mr. Pham on December 18th of 2010. He failed to respond in any fashion, and as

a result, the averments contained within the petition are deemed admitted as fact, and his right to a hearing is waived. 3

On June 9th of 2011 the OEC filed a request to enter judgment upon default. This was also properly served on Mr. Pham, as evidenced by his signature on the return receipt received by us on June 9th of this year. The matter is now before the Board to place Mr. Pham on the Exclusion List.

And if I could also add, this incident involved two adults. He entered the garage and exited 12 the vehicle with a woman, and we have also filed a petition to place her on the exclusion list, and I believe we just got notice from OHA that we can proceed with the default on her, as well, and we will be doing that.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you very much, Beth. Any questions or comments from the Board? Could I have a motion? I'm sorry. Commissioner Ginty.

MR. GINTY:

Yeah, I do. This must be my day of 23 frustration. As I understand, this to me appears to be particularly egregious, and it happened in August. 24 25 And at least the summary that I received reads that

when the security officer went to the vehicle and observed the children, they were scared and drenched in sweat. And the surveillance cameras indicated that Mr. Pham had been in the casino for an hour. I also understand that the Pittsburgh Police were notified of this matter and did not take any action; is that correct?

ATTORNEY MANIFESTO:

That is correct. Their reasoning ---. asked the agent that was doing the investigation for this initial petition to contact them, and they responded that because they were not called to the scene, there was absolutely nothing they could do.

MR. GINTY:

Well, I'm not sure of that, and I would hope there's somebody left here from the Pittsburgh Press. The frustration comes from that there's only so much this Board can do. We have required the casinos to beef up their security, to look to see if children are being left in cars. We have required them to post warnings. We are putting them on the Exclusion List, the adults who leave the children in cars.

I'm not sure there's anything else we can do, and it's very discouraging, when something like

this happens, that the proper law enforcement authorities don't take action. And that's just a message that I hope would go out. So that's all I have.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you, Jim. And I think we all share that sentiment. Any other questions or comments from the Board? Could I have a motion, please?

MR. MOSCATO:

Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board issue an Order to approve the addition of Hoang Lee Pham to the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board Exclusion List, as described by the Office of Enforcement Counsel.

MR. MCCALL:

Second.

CHAIRMAN:

All in favor?

18 ALL SAY AYE

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CHAIRMAN:

Opposed? The motion passes. That concludes OEC's report. Thank you, everyone. And the last matter that we have today that --- as is our practice. I believe quarterly we advertise for public comments, and I believe we have one registered speaker today, Mr. Paul Boni, who has asked that he be allowed

to address the Board. Welcome, Mr. Boni. And you can proceed when you're ready. Just make sure the green light is on and you'll be ready to go.

ATTORNEY BONI:

Thank you. My name is Paul Boni. I'm a resident and attorney in Philadelphia, and I'm also a board member of Stop Predatory Gambling. Today I want to speak about gambling addiction in Pennsylvania casinos, and I'd like to ask the Board to take action.

In March of this year, Mr. Ron Baumann, the General Manager of Harrah's Chester, spoke publicly at an industry conference in Philadelphia. He said that there's a segment of Harrah's customer database that visits Harrah's Chester an average of 5.6 times a week, 5.6 times a week, and that the overall average of his customer database is 4.5 times a week. These numbers are astonishing to me, and in my opinion, they suggest a significant amount of problem gambling.

But then he said something that I hope you'll find even more astonishing. He bragged that the frequency numbers at Harrah's Chester are the highest frequencies at any Harrah's Casino in the country. Now, why would that be the case? It's not explained by the size of the market. Certainly, a

1 Philadelphia market is bigger than a Kansas City There's more gamblers, but that doesn't explain why there's a difference in frequency here in Philadelphia area.

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Well, and I think we know the answer. And all the --- as all the research concludes, the closer casinos are located to people, the higher the rates of addiction. If you take the Wisconsin Council on Problem Gambling estimates, that's six percent of the people in Wisconsin --- are problem gamblers. Translate that to Pennsylvania population. You would get an estimate of about over 700,000 Pennsylvanians.

Casinos say they don't know whether their customers are addicts. Earlier this year Robert De Salvio, President of Sands Bethlehem, told a legislative committee that one problem gambler at Sands Bethlehem is one too many. I contend that the casinos do know. According to a Wall Street Journal article, Harrah's can trace over 75 percent of its gambling revenue back to specific named customers. They know their customers intimately.

Elsewhere an Executive from Harrah's explained that Harrah's --- Harrah's real time data collection. Quote, we know their actual wins and losses, the duration of play, the frequency of their play, the denomination of their play. And most importantly, we know the velocity of their play. The faster the better. Serious gamblers will rapidly hit the button. After one hour we know that we should start comping that individual.

As a good first step, I think the Gaming Control Board should demand copies of the casino's databases and make them public. You can protect the identity of the gamblers, but just tell the casinos they can redact the gamblers names and addresses.

I would ask that you just leave in their ZIP Codes. The ZIP Codes are needed to make some rough estimates --- would be helpful to make some rough estimates about the likely wealth or lack thereof of the problem gamblers. Chester, of course, is one of the most impoverished areas of our Commonwealth.

Problem gambling could reach epidemic proportions here in Pennsylvania if we're not already there. The Board as a regulator can and must fulfill its duties to protect the public interest. The problem is only getting worse. I thank you for your time. I'm happy to take any questions.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you very much, Mr. Boni. Any

questions or comments from the Board? Commissioner Trujillo.

MR. TRUJILLO:

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Yes, I have a couple. But first, Mr.

Boni, thank you for taking the time to appear here and on other occasions and for the work that you've done on a number of these issues. First of all, the issue that you've raised is one that has been at the forefront, at least of --- since I've been on the Board --- of our consciousness. And much of the ---.

And in fact, I asked our Director of Compulsive Gambling --- from Compulsive Gambling, Liz Lanza, to look into this issue.

And some of this rose out of an assumption that I made after the number of times that kids were left in cars in last summer. And the assumption that I made was that the people who were doing that were problem gamblers, and that's the reason they were there and leaving their kids there.

And so we asked, and the Board has been looking into some of these issues. And one of the things I wanted to know was what is the impact of having casinos in neighborhoods as opposed to having them in resort destinations? And so we'd asked the question about whether the proximity of the casinos to

neighborhoods as opposed to being ---.

If you go to Vegas tomorrow for a week and you budget \$100 a day to play, to gamble, it's obviously a form of entertainment, and I think very few people would say, gee, that's problematic. By the same token, obviously, if you have --- if you're spending money that you don't have over and over and over again, that is something that raises issues.

What some of the numbers ---. And I don't have the precise numbers in front of me, but it is clear that nationally there are also problem gamblers that are addicted to gambling and that are going to --- that are destructive to themselves, to their families and to others around them.

There is also, though, a whole host of other frequent gamblers that are not necessarily problem gamblers or ---. And I'm not talking about the Charles Barkley --- remember? I think he said, I don't have a gambling problem. I'm rich, so I can gamble all I want. That's not what I'm talking about.

The statistics that I've seen indicate that the overwhelming majority of people who visit casinos are not problem gamblers, even if they go ---. They do it for entertainment purposes. But there is a group of people in between the problem gamblers and

1 the non-problem gamblers which are those that are at risk of becoming addicted and at risk of becoming problem gamblers, and those numbers that I've seen are That's a larger number than even those that are addicted to gambling.

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And to me, those are things that we need to --- as a Board, to take seriously, to continue to investigate. And we talked at the Board --- and I don't think it's been meetings that you attended --but about undertaking studies as to what it is that ---. Certainly from an economic standpoint and from revenue to the State, casino gambling has enhanced the economy, or at least the tax revenues of the State.

But I agree with you that we need to look not just at the benefits, but also the harms that are visited by casinos in Pennsylvania, because while, certainly, we want to look at the benefits, that there are clearly costs to it, as well. And so I don't think there's anybody that would disagree that we need to continue to look at those.

How we do that and what's the most effective way of doing that, I think we need to ---23 has to be a continuing inquiry and something that I agree with you, that we're in a very good position to do that. And so I would certainly join any effort for us to see what the impact of casinos in Pennsylvania as they are structured --- if and how they are --they differ, the problems differ.

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And are there strategies that we as regulators and industry and other organizations can undertake to lessen the social impact --- the negative social impact of casino gambling in Pennsylvania and the like? So I think in many instances, we are in the same place.

I will say, however, that you do your cause no good to overstate the issues, which I will tell you ---. And I've known you personally for 20some years. Some of the comments that you make are offensive. Some of the things that you say about this tribunal probably would put you in danger before a disciplinary board, because you, as a practicing lawyer --- for you to make offensive comments about what are --- the desires are and why we are doing things ---.

So I would urge you, if you want to 21 maintain any level of credibility, to watch what you say and be a little bit more thoughtful in your --not only in your presentations, but ---. I understand you want to get press, but if you're not more careful with the words that you use about this Board and about

1 the industry, you're going to find yourself in a lot more trouble than you can ever imagine. So I would just urge you to really watch your words. And that's all I have, Mr. Chairman.

ATTORNEY BONI:

Well, I'm not ---.

CHAIRMAN:

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Thank you.

MR. TRUJILLO:

That's all I have, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you. Commissioner Sojka.

MR. SOJKA:

Mr. Boni may want to respond, and then I'll say what I want to say.

ATTORNEY BONI:

Yeah. I just want to say, well, a couple things. First, to say that in your opinion or your view that most of the people in casinos are not problem gamblers, that's looking at one statistic. I 21 think another statistic that I would like to look at and investigate is what is the percentage of revenue accumulated by the casinos coming from problem gamblers?

I mean I believe that nine out of ten

1 customers to the --- that the casino doesn't really

2 care about nine out of the ten customers that it has.

3 It cares about that one customer that comes

frequently, five to six times a week to twice a day.

And so to look at a ---. To go into a casino at any

one time and see a lot of people, and you can make

 $7 \mid$ judgments that maybe they're not problem gamblers ---

that's not the question. The question is where's the

9 money coming from? Where's the revenue coming from?

10 And I think it's coming from

11 predominantly ---. I've seen estimates as high as 90

12 percent of the revenue is coming from problem

13 gamblers. But no matter who's right or who's wrong, I

think it warrants investigation, and that's what I

15 think we're both on the same page about.

MR. TRUJILLO:

17 And in that we agree. And I don't think

18 I said that in my opinion. The numbers that I was

19 using was based upon Ms. Lanza's review of the

20 statistics from other jurisdictions who've had a

21 longer history.

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22 But we asked her to ---. What I asked

23 her to do was take a look at the, you know,

24 percentages, because I've seen over the years

25 different --- but typically in the single digits. The

studies that I've seen have said that the folks that
are addicted to gambling, that are really, truly
hardcore addicts, are in the single digit numbers.

And because we have not had the same level of history
that other jurisdictions have had, I asked her to take
a look at other jurisdictions. And that's when the

--- which confirmed what I was talking about, but then
what I had never focused on was those that are at
risk, which was a greater number than those that were
addicted.

So I just want to be clear. For me it's not a belief. It's the only information, at least, that I've seen available as it relates to other jurisdictions. And so because of that, I agree with you that this issue required a lot more study, because we don't have a lot of that information yet available. And I think that will continue to develop, so on that issue I think ---. I mean certainly I agree. I would suspect most of my colleagues would also agree.

ATTORNEY BONI:

And very quickly, Commissioner, with regard to your last comment, I don't want to get into a big discussion, but I'm not really aware of ---. I mean this is a tough ---. These are tough issues, and I appreciate the ability to come here and sit at the

microphone and speak about these issues.

And I understand in other forums they're important, tough, and difficult things to talk about, and that I'm not aware of ---. I mean, I guess there's a few times in my life when I've said things I wish I hadn't, but in this realm, I'm actually pretty comfortable with the things that I'm saying.

Certainly today I'm not aware of anything that would fall into the category you're talking about.

And so I will tell you that I will continue to watch what I say and be careful to say things in a way that I think are appropriate. But I'm pretty comfortable with what I've been saying on these issues throughout.

MR. TRUJILLO:

Today you've been totally appropriate. If will tell you, Paul, that --- and I'll be happy to send you some of the comments that you've made. But If will tell you they've been offensive and I think they would be subject to disciplinary action, because the words you --- the language you have used about this Board, which is a tribunal, and you as a practicing lawyer, for you to say ---.

If you ever said that to a --- some of the things you've said about this Board to a judge in

court, you would be locked up. And I am absolutely comfortable saying that to you. And I will send --- have somebody send to you some of the examples of the words that you've used about this Board. And I would caution you from ever doing that again.

CHAIRMAN:

Commissioner Sojka.

MR. SOJKA:

Yeah. I'm not going to this last point at all. But again, I would repeat and reiterate what Commissioner Trujillo has said, and that is that surprisingly, we may be brothers in arms on this issue. I think we are all deeply concerned about problem gaming.

One of the issues, however, is definitional. There's no question about that. And we are struggling with defining what is a problem gamer. And Ms. Lanza was mentioned, and she has criteria. And the field is trying to develop a more solid set of criteria to define problem gaming.

But I think it's very clear today that
you have simply conflated frequency with problem. And
I would again, as Commissioner Trujillo has done,
caution you, since I think we're working together here
on this problem, to not weaken your argument by

overstating it in that regard.

example, the neighborhood bar that will frequently have a customer that will stop by after work five days a week and then possibly come back on the sixth day with a spouse or family members, making that person very frequent. That person also will account for a significant part of the revenue of that establishment, and there may be absolutely no indication that that individual is an alcoholic, is a problem drinker or has any kind of social stigma attached.

That same thing could be said with people who, for example, stop off and do some other kind of activity in an afternoon or on a weekend with great frequency. And so I think if you let this concern about gambling as an unwholesome thing sort of fit into your frequency observations, you may draw a conclusion about problematic behavior that wouldn't fit the definitions of problematic behavior.

And to simply say that casinos benefit from frequent customers, that's no surprise. And that's true of virtually every industry. So I think you should just keep those things in mind.

CHAIRMAN:

Thank you, Commissioner Sojka. Any other

comments? Thank you, Mr. Boni. Is there anyone else 1 2 speaking or seeking recognition in the public comment 3 section of today's meeting? Okay. I'll close the meeting by 4 announcing that our next scheduled public meeting will be held on Wednesday, July 20th in the PUC Keystone Building here in Room One. That meeting will begin at 10:00 a.m., and the Board will also have an Executive Session prior to that meeting on July 19th at 2:00 10 p.m. in our offices. Any final comments from the 11 May I have a motion to adjourn? Board? 12 MR. MCCALL: So moved. 13 14 CHAIRMAN: 15 Second. 16 MR. GINTY: 17 Second. 18 CHAIRMAN: 19 Meeting is adjourned. Thank you. 20 MEETING CONCLUDED AT 12:45 P.M. 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, meeting held before Chairman Fajt, was reported by me on 06/28/2011 and that I Cynthia Piro Simpson read this transcript and that I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.