#### PENNSYLVANIA GAMING CONTROL BOARD

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IN RE: PUBLIC MEETING

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CAPITAL COMPLEX HEARING ROOM #1

COMMONWEALTH AND NORTH AVENUE

HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2007

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# BEFORE:

MARY DIGIACOMO COLINS, CHAIR

RAYMOND ANGELI

JEFFREY W. COY

KENNETH MCCABE

SANFORD RIVERS

GARY A. SOJKA (Via Teleconference)

REPORTER: KENNETH D. O'HEARN

REPORTER - NOTARY PUBLIC

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# MS. COLINS:

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Good afternoon. If you could all turn your cell phones off, I'd greatly appreciate it. And I'll call this session to order. This is basically a hearing where we're accepting argument and testimony in the matter of the petitions which were filed asking for an extension of time to pay the Category 2 slot machine license fees. Those petitions were filed by HSP, Sugarhouse and Philadelphia Entertainment and Development Partners, Foxwoods. What I will do at this point is ask our Chief Counsel Frank Donaghue to address the Board and begin this process.

## ATTORNEY DONAGHUE:

14 Thank you, Chairman Colins. On December 15 20th, 2006 the Board voted to grant the two Category 2 16 slot machine licenses available to the City of 17 Philadelphia to HSP, Sugarhouse and Philadelphia 18 Entertainment and Development Partners, Foxwoods. That decision was set forth in the Board's 19 20 adjudication and order dated February 1st, 2007. 21 competitor applicant, Riverwalk Casino, along with 22 four civic or local government groups in the City of 23 Philadelphia appealed the Board's decision granting 24 the licenses to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court. 25 Supreme Court rejected those appeals and affirmed the

decisions of the Gaming Control Board. The resolution of these last appeals occurred on July 17th, 2007.

Under the terms of the Board's order dated February 1, 2007, the licensees were to pay the \$50 million licensing fee to the Commonwealth within ten days of the Supreme Court's dismissal of the last of the appeals which would have made a payment date due on or before July 27th, 2007. On July 23rd, 2007, Foxwoods filed a motion for an extension of time to pay the licensing fee based preliminarily upon the inability to gain zoning and construction permits necessary to begin construction from the City of Philadelphia as well as other litigation and city ordinances which had been enacted causing the delay.

On July 25th, 2007, HSP filed a similar motion for an extension based upon the delays caused by the City's actions or inactions. In addition, the Board will recall Philadelphia City Council had overridden the mayor's veto and passed an ordinance to place a referendum question on the May primary ballot amending the City's homerule charter to prohibit casinos in the very sites which the Board had chosen. Upon the Board and the successful licensee's challenge to the City's action and based upon the authority to site casinos being given to the Board by statute, the

Supreme Court struck the City's action resulting in a homerule charter issue not being placed on the ballot.

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A special meeting of the Gaming Control Board was convened on July 26th, 2007 for the purpose of considering the two motions. Based upon the assertions contained in the petitions and following a presentation of Board Council, the Board voted to grant a temporary continuance to both licensees of their obligation to pay the licensing fee until such time the Board can conduct a full evidentiary hearing as to the facts and reasons underlying the petitions. The Board established a date of August 27th, 2007 for the parties to file supporting briefs and documentation, and this date, September 6, 2007, for hearing on the merits of the request for the extension. Briefs and supporting exhibits have been filed by both licensees and have been provided to the Board members and are included in the evidentiary record for the Board's consideration. The matters of the petitions for the extension are now ready for this Board to conduct a hearing to receive further evidence and argument concerning the request for extension of the time to pay the licensing fee.

#### MS. COLINS:

Thank you very much. As a matter of

1 housekeeping just for the record, I want to state that there is a quorum present. Member Sojka I believe is on the phone right now by teleconference; is that correct?

#### MR. SOJKA:

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I am here.

# MS. COLINS:

All right. Thank you very much.

## MR. SOJKA:

Mary, can you hear me?

## MS. COLINS:

Yes, we can. Thank you.

# MR. SOJKA:

Okay. I have been on from the beginning.

#### MS. COLINS:

All right. So a quorum is present, and now we'll continue. I want to --- yeah, I want to address some other procedural issues first. matter came before the Board by way of petitions that were filed by the two licensees seeking this 21 modification. The proceedings represent a matter between the licensees and the Board who are the regulators of gaming in the Commonwealth. And this is not a public input type of hearing as we've had in prior licensing proceedings when members of the public

stood and spoke in favor or against proposed licensing 1 projects. This proceeding is more --- is, in fact, more like a traditional court proceeding where the 3 parties have come before the Board to be heard and for the Board to issue an order affecting their rights and 6 obligations.

It's imperative that the Board respect the rules governing these proceedings to assure that the record is developed in a legally appropriate fashion without influence of inadmissible evidence which could give rise to any appeal by the licensees. Nonparties to a proceeding who have an interest recognized by the law and which would be affected by the Board's decision have the ability to seek to intervene in proceedings to protect their interest in accordance with the rules and regulations as set forth for intervention and standing. No one's filed a petition to --- no parties --- no one filed a petition to intervene in either of these matters that the Board is hearing today, and therefore, we're proceeding with the parties, HSP and Foxwoods. And it's their opportunity to present argument and evidence.

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Now, because of the similarity of the issues in these two matters, we'll hear both matters 24 together. Procedurally we'll be hearing from Foxwoods 1 first followed by HSP, and I believe we've done that based on who filed first. And after the conclusion of the presentations of both applicants, then the Board 3 --- each of the members will have an opportunity to ask questions of the applicants and their witnesses. And so we ask that the witnesses remain throughout and until the completion of the proceedings.

Now, would Counsel for Foxwoods --- would you identify yourselves for the record, please?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

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Yes. Good afternoon, Chair Colins and 12 | honorable members of the Board. My name is Stephen Schrier of Obermayer, Rebmann, Maxwell & Hippel. here on behalf of Philadelphia Entertainment Partners doing business as Foxwoods Philadelphia Casino. you like to know who is with me today?

### MS. COLINS:

What I would like now --- great, great. So if you could tell us who your witnesses are, introduce them and then we'll ask them ---.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Yes. I'd like to introduce Jim 23 Dougherty. Jim is sitting next to me on my left, and Jim is the general manager of Foxwoods Casino Philadelphia. On my right is Nick Moles. Nick is the 1 vice president and general counsel of Foxwoods 2 Philadelphia Casino. And Ira Gubernick who represents the local partners in this project as counsel is sitting on my far left. Also with us today is Jeffrey Greene. Jeff is our traffic consultant. You may remember him from back in our earlier hearings. He's with Orth-Rodgers, and he's here. And I would suggest that all those folks could be sworn if that --- if now's the appropriate time.

#### MS. COLINS:

That's fine. Now's the time. That's 11 great. Would you rise, please? I will ask the 12 13 stenographer to administer the oath.

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15 WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE

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# MS. COLINS:

All right. Thank you. Ms. Schrier, do you want to proceed with opening remarks?

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Thank you. It's amazing that nine Yes. 22 months have passed since I last appeared before you. Quite a bit has happened if you read any of the papers that we filed, and I'm sure you've been following all the activities that this Board has been involved with.

I want to thank you for hearing our petition today and hearing our emergent application a few weeks back.

Before you, you have an extensive verified petition which contains exhibits, and you also have a brief which was recently filed that also contains numerous exhibits. We rely upon those pleadings and those exhibits as evidence here today. But to briefly summarize it for you, our petition seeks to extend the time for payment of the \$50 million license fee due to extenuating and unusual extraordinary circumstances that we and this Board have faced in the ability to properly develop our casino in Philadelphia at this site that you selected.

At this point, we cannot implement your decision because the Philadelphia City Council has refused to honor your authority to site the casino in Philadelphia. Respectfully, under these circumstances it would be inconsistent with the intent of the Gaming Act and patently unfair to make us take our license and pay our \$50 million along with the substantial debt service that goes with it when the site selected by this Board can't be utilized by Foxwoods as a slot casino due to no fault of ours or this Board's. As we've submitted, Pennsylvania law both in administrative law and case law authorize

administrative agencies such as this Board to exercise their powers of equitable relief to extend the time when good cause is shown particularly when there are extraordinary and unusual circumstances such as this.

As Chief Counsel noted earlier, on July 17th, the Supreme Court denied Riverwalk's challenge to this Board's decision awarding Foxwoods the license at its site in Philadelphia. That was a major milestone and one that was anticipated by Foxwoods. However compelling that decision was, it only resolved one of a multitude of legal challenges and governmental roadblocks that face Foxwoods and this Board in implementing the award of these two site specific licenses in the City of Philadelphia.

When the Board awarded our license in February, many of us anticipated that there would be legitimate challenges in the courts. However, no one expected the unabashed misuse of the local political process to try to frustrate this Board's selection of the Foxwoods' site for gaming. At present, we're suffering enormous delays and substantial expenses in order to address both the legitimate and the non-meritorious processes that have been required in the Philadelphia political arena to obtain zoning and building permits. The Board is well aware of the

legal actions taken to uphold its own power to select a site for gaming in Philadelphia, and we and Sugarhouse have stood firm with the Board in these cases. These cases are identified in our papers and in our exhibits and are public knowledge. Two more Supreme Court cases confirming this Board's authority to select the site for casinos in Philadelphia have been favorably decided by our Supreme Court in the last 30 days.

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Going back to the time when you did grant us our license application, thereafter Foxwoods promptly filed an application for zoning approval with the City of Philadelphia under the existing C3 zoning which is commercial zoning that existed on its site. And we filed that in January of 2007. As outlined in detail in our exhibits, almost all of which represent the public record, the City failed to take action on our application for months. We were promised that more appropriate zoning under a zoning plan known as CED would soon be proposed for our site, but that result was never achieved. Instead City Council did just the opposite and enacted a flood of anti-gaming and anti-Foxwoods legislation. Those ordinances numbering approximately eight are attached to our petition and brief as exhibits.

When no positive action was forthcoming and it was evident that the City Council would not honor this Board's authority to site a casino in Philadelphia, Foxwoods affirmatively challenged City Council's illegal actions by filing our own emergency application with the Supreme Court. That case is still pending at this time, and the City and City Council have filed their briefs about a week ago and we filed our reply brief two days ago. I will mark those new pleadings and filings here in evidence today with Ms. Kane (phonetic) at the conclusion of our presentation.

The full litany of these claims and challenges of the past nine months are detailed in our petition, but I would like to briefly summarize some key evidence that provides good cause for relief.

During the pendency of our zoning application to develop our casino, City Council actually rezoned our property from commercial to residential, and that's contained on Exhibit H to our petition. Throughout the period from January to the present, City Council has refused to apply CED zoning to Foxwoods' property. The only zoning that permits a slot casino in Philadelphia is CED. Until our site is zoned as such or until the Supreme Court orders the City to act as

we've requested in our action with the Court, our site cannot be used as a slot casino.

A prerequisite to applying for CED zoning to any site --- I'm sorry, to apply CED to any site required review by the City Planning Commission, and again over the months we were delayed with the City Planning Commission and prevented from obtaining that preliminary approval. However, on August 21st, two weeks ago, the City Planning Commission did approve CED for our site. Now, it's up to City Council to propose this change for our site and introduce a bill as such when they resume.

As further evidence of our concerns that we're not moving forward, City Council formed a special committee to study relocation of the casinos in Philadelphia, and that's at Exhibit FF of our brief. And even four weeks ago on August 9th, Councilman DiCicco wrote to the governor and requested consideration of a relocation of the two city casinos. To dispel any doubts, our exhibits contain our own letter to City Council President Verna which clearly advises that Foxwoods will not and I repeat will not entertain any concepts of relocation of its site, and that's contained in Exhibit GG to our brief.

So where are we? Even under optimal

circumstances, an extension of time to pay the license 1 2 fee is warranted here given the procedural requirements necessary for City Council to apply CED 3 zoning to our property. At this time, there is no proposal pending before City Council to apply the proper zoning to our site. We have no indication that any such proposal will be made when Council returns on the 14th of September. Even if they did, the procedural requirements of the City zoning process 10 require that there be a passage and time passing so 11 that the zoning resolution must first pass Council and 12 be signed by the mayor. And that process, as we've 13 outlined in our papers, would take us at the very 14 optimal and best case scenario to mid October just to 15 obtain that basic zoning approval. Thereafter, it 16 takes additional time in the normal course before a 17 building permit could be obtained.

Today we remain unable to use our site in a manner consistent with the Board's licensure order because of the City Council's attempt to obstruct gaming through the enactment of these blatantly illegal and unconstitutional ordinances that are adverse to gaming generally and which are designed to hamper Foxwoods' ability to secure the zoning and building permits necessary to begin our construction.

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This substantial degree of governmental interference is unique to Philadelphia and constitutes ample good cause for the Board to consider and grant Foxwoods' extension request.

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Highlighting some of the legal aspects from our brief, I submit to the Board that you have the authority to grant extensions when conditions and circumstances of a particular case warrant it. set forth in our legal arguments in the brief, Pennsylvania law generally vests administrative agencies with the authority to request extensions of time from the regulations or from orders entered by administrative agency. Pennsylvania Administrative Code, Chapter 31, Section 31.15 applies to this Board at this stage in time and to its orders and, in fact, mirrors to a great extent the Board's own pending regulation regarding extensions of time. provides that whenever an act is required or allowed to be done within a specified period of time the Board may extend those time frames upon a showing of good cause. The cases we've referred to in our petition, in our brief, support the Board's discretion were the applicant seeks relief within the proper time and provides a reasonable basis for such relief.

Respectfully, payment of the license fee

in the absence of our zoning and permits would cause 1 2 Foxwoods undue financial hardship by exposing it to the possibility of servicing a substantial debt for an 3 indeterminate period of time while at the same time being unable to use its site or its license for the intending purpose. The debt service alone we estimate would amount to approximately \$400,000 per month which would impact existing budgets for this project. Balancing the factors here, good cause also exists for 10 deferring payment for the license fee because doing so 11 posing no financial risk to the Commonwealth. 12 Board has our letter of credit as full security for 13 the ultimate timely payment of this obligation, and 14 That's attached as Exhibit M to our that will remain. 15 petition.

Equitable consideration surely exists here as neither Foxwoods nor this Board could have predicted this extraordinary governmental interference in one location. And neither Foxwoods nor the Board are the cause of these delays. Foxwoods will immediately pay the fee when it can do what you have asked us to do. But to ask for the payment now while so many unexpected and costly battles are being waged is only encouraging a continuation of the abuse of litigation strategy of those who oppose this project.

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1 It's kind of like piling on after the whistle has blown if we had to pay the fee in the midst of all these ongoing and costly procedural processes that we are part of.

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Further, the provisions of the Gaming Act do not require payment of the license fee until a license is issued, and the relief we seek is not contrary to any statutory provision in the Gaming Act.

Finally, good cause exists for the Board to provide us with an extension of time to tender the fee where the ability of this license holder to use the license to develop a casino is effectively impossible today.

This is a new industry and a developing gaming jurisdiction. I was lucky enough to be a part of Atlantic City's emerging industry in the 1980s on the regulatory side. Time frames and deadlines are highly important, and they add to the integrity of these processes. But one cornerstone of any regulatory framework is the flexibility to accomplish goals as long as the applicant is acting in good faith.

In sum, the Gaming Board and Foxwoods are in the same position. Both Foxwoods and the Gaming Board want us to be built and operating as quick as

possible at this site. We both want construction to begin to bring jobs and future revenues to the 3 Commonwealth, and we both worked together to overcome both the anticipated and the unanticipated challenges that have stood in the way of our project. And I think we're both optimistic that the reasons for these continued hurdles will be solved promptly and reasonably. Neither one of us have been the cause of these delays, but rather the political process itself, 10 the legal maneuvering and the unique aspects of the 11 Philadelphia City legislative process have created our 12 extensive and unanticipated roadblocks to getting 13 started. And as a result, we submit that ample good 14 cause exists to provide equitable relief to extend the 15 time for payment of our license fee until we're in a 16 position to break ground on this project.

I'd like to introduce Jim Dougherty, the general manager of the Foxwoods Project. Jim is next to me, and he would also like to make some remarks.

# MS. COLINS:

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Go on, sir.

#### ATTORNEY DOUGHERTY:

Thank you, Steve. Madam Chairperson and distinguished board members, as Mr. Schrier has just discussed, Foxwoods has been faced with and is

continuing to deal with an extraordinary level of governmental interference in what has become a protracted and highly politicized local zoning and development process which has already delayed Foxwoods from starting construction for several months.

Despite having overcome these hurdles,
Foxwoods is extremely excited about bringing a world
class facility to our South Columbus Boulevard site
along with the substantial tax revenues anticipated by
the General Assembly, thousands of well-paying jobs
and millions of dollars in charitable contributions
which our partners at irrevocably pledged to benefit
disadvantaged children, all which Foxwoods promised
this Board it would deliver and which Foxwoods will
deliver to the citizens of Philadelphia.

In the nine months since the issuance of the licensing order, the Board, Foxwoods and Sugarhouse have had to content with a vast array of legal challenges to the Board's licensing decision. We have been working diligently to resolve the numerous appeals to this Board's licensing decision before the Supreme Court as well as the many obstacles placed in our path by the anti-gaming activists. Despite having been successful in each court challenge, the Supreme Court expressed determination

that this Board has the sole and exclusive authority
to locate casinos in Philadelphia and the
Commonwealth.

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Development of Foxwoods' slot machine facility continues to be delayed by unusual local governmental interference, specifically the refusal of City Council for the City of Philadelphia and the Department of Licenses and Inspections to issue the local zoning and building permits necessary to enable Foxwoods to begin construction and the introduction and passage of a series of illegal political and legislative obstacles for Foxwoods and this Board. These attempts to misuse zoning powers to challenge this Board's authority have yet to survive any challenge in the court and have required both this Board and Foxwoods to bring actions before the Supreme Court. Foxwoods' action which is currently pending challenge an ordinance which rather than applying CED zoning classification to our site, City Council has instead rezoned the property from commercial to residential. This ordinance along with the rest of the anti-gaming program of legislation adopted by City Council illustrates the lengths to which City Council has gone in its attempts to resist and undermine this Board's licensing decision.

In the face of these ongoing resistances to gaming, Foxwoods continues its efforts to move the zoning process forward. To that end, Foxwoods is currently in the process of negotiating a development agreement with the City of Philadelphia and recently successfully persuaded the City Planning Commission to unanimously recommend to City Council that CED zoning be applied to our site. Unfortunately, this is only an early step in the process, and under the best circumstances in that City Council from this point forward acts favorably in every instance and moves as fast as its rules and procedures permit, Foxwoods cannot receive the CED zoning and approval plans --excuse me, planning development before mid October. Given what has taken place since the Board awarded Foxwoods' license last December, however, it is not expected that this time table can realistically be met.

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As a consequence of this uncertainty, Foxwoods is requesting that the Board grant an extension of time to pay the \$50 million licensing fee until such time we have secured the approvals and permits needed to begin construction.

In addition to defending the various lawsuits since the Board's licensing decision in December of

'06, Foxwoods has continued to address the legitimate concerns of the City and community. One action of these efforts that has not --- has not been given much attention to date is our efforts to address the concerns of the people who will become Foxwoods' neighbors and substantial support Foxwoods already enjoys throughout South Philadelphia.

Since February of 2006, we have began an extensive grassroots community outreach campaign with residents, civic associations, churches, nonprofit agencies and businesses in the Philadelphia area which continues to this day. Foxwoods' employees and representatives have hosted or attended more than 60 meetings during that time, answering questions, providing information on topics including but not limited to our traffic mitigation plan, charitable donations, security, employment opportunities and the special service district. In light of the concerns regarding traffic, we have made our traffic consultant, Jeff Greene, of Orth-Rodgers available to answer questions at any of these meetings.

In addition to meeting with the local citizens, last fall we hosted a job fair attended by more than 400 individuals. In the spring of '07, we held a construction fair attended by more than 200

local vendors. Other local residents have attended public hearings and other proceedings on our behalf, most recently at the July 17th planning commission meeting where nearly 20 neighbors, community business leaders and union members attended the planning commission meeting in support of Foxwoods.

To encourage and facilitate communication with members of the local community, we have established a local telephone number and e-mail address for residents to direct questions, make comments or request a meeting. Foxwoods' effort to foster a meaningful dialogue with the community are ongoing, and it is committed to being a good neighbor in South Philadelphia for many years to come.

Since we were in front of the Board last November, we have made substantial progress in furthering our traffic design improvements. Last month we received approval from both PennDOT and the City to translate our updated and revised intersection improvements into a \$5 million construction plan. We were also proceeding on the design of a state of the art traffic signal system for our section of Columbus Boulevard, and surely we'll be meeting with the Sugarhouse representatives to ensure the that traffic signal system designs are coordinated in all details.

1 I have our traffic engineer, Jeff Greene, from Orth-2 Rodgers to answer any questions that you may have.

Let me say that while working cooperatively with the staff and leadership of the City Streets Department, the Philadelphia City Planning Commission and PennDOT, we were able to improve our designs and reduce delays at the intersections on Columbus Boulevard to a point where traffic will flow better after Foxwoods opens its doors than it does today. We've had numerous meetings with PennDOT, City Streets and the Planning Commission staff to report on our progress and work through the comments and concerns put forward by these public agencies.

As a result of these meetings, we have enhanced and improved our designs as follows. One, we've incorporated the goals of essential waterfront development plan into our site and our traffic improvement plan by maintaining full width sidewalks, bike lanes and --- I'm sorry, bike lanes the length of Columbus Boulevard. We've provided a pedestrian concourse to the Delaware River along Reed Street and a pedestrian promenade along the river. We've incorporated to set the bus operations into a bus station we are constructing on Tasker Street, and we

are providing free bus bays for their routes that service this area.

We've enhanced the design of the state of the art traffic signal system to include an incident management function for diverting traffic from I-95 when it is blocked by an incident. And lastly, we will provide a communication link from the Columbus Boulevard traffic signal system to the City of Philadelphia and PennDOT's traffic management centers so they can monitor traffic and any incidents that may happen. And we will continue to work with both the City and the State to provide --- excuse me, refine our traffic design.

In conclusion, the excessive governmental interference with local zoning and the development process continue to delay construction of Foxwoods

Gaming Facility. Compelling Foxwoods to pay the \$50 million licensing fee in this uncertain environment in which local zoning ordinances are being blatantly misused in an attempt to second guess this Board's licensing decision would cause a substantial financial hardship for Foxwoods and it's unjustified. For these reasons as well as those set forth in our petition and supplemental brief, Foxwoods respectfully contends that good cause exists for this Board to grant its

petition and extend the time for Foxwoods to make payment of its licensing fee until all final non-appealable zoning and building permits necessary to begin construction of its license gaming facility have been issued.

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6 As the general manager, of Foxwoods Casino Philadelphia, I'd like to thank the Board for allowing me the opportunity to address you all today. While it is regrettable that misquided efforts of a 10 few have delayed the tax relief and the economic 11 development, what the General Assembly intended with 12 the introduction of gaming in Pennsylvania, we are 13 extremely optimistic that all of these obstacles will 14 soon be overcome and that Foxwoods will play a 15 meaningful role in the enhancement and creation of 16 tourism and business opportunities in Philadelphia for 17 many years to come. I'm happy to respond to any 18 questions you may have.

#### MS. COLINS:

Thank you. We'll reserve our questions Mr. Schrier, anybody else? to the end.

#### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

That concludes our affirmative 24 presentation. I understand we'll be provided with a time for closing as well.

#### MS. COLINS:

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Yes. Now, Counsel for HSP? All right. Counsel, will you state your name for the record?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Good afternoon. John Donnelly appearing on behalf of HSP. With me today are Bob Sheldon who's president of the company, Chuck Hardy who's one of our chief legal officers who has been representing us in many of these matters and Terry McKenna who is the project executive who is going to testify.

## MS. COLINS:

Great. What I'd like to do is have an oath administered to whoever will be testifying. And you see we've developed some mood lighting for you in order to do that.

16 -----

17 WITNESSES SWORN EN MASSE

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#### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I'd also like to introduce Lee Whitaker who's a graduate of Temple Law School, and he's recently joined the company as director of communication and welcome her to her first --- first experience before the Gaming Board.

I won't reiterate everything --- I won't

reiterate everything that Steve Schrier ably put forth with regard to the history. It's contained in our brief. I do want to make some points.

When we last visited here which was in December, we all left happy and very encouraged and optimistic. Perhaps we were a little bit naive as well. I think everyone believed that this process would complete itself shortly. Okay. We firmly believed that we would be in this project in the spring. That didn't happen, and as we've set forth in our brief, as Steve just pointed out, and as your staff well knows because your staff's been involved in this litigation, we've been frustrated in the process has been delayed substantially. We were almost immediately flung into an extraordinary mixture of both legal and politics that surround this.

So I think it's --- we welcome the opportunity here and think it's entirely appropriate that we're back here again to address the Board and tell you a little bit of what has gone on since that time and give you our prospective from this. It's a good time to step back and look at where we are.

Everyone agrees. I think the Board agrees. The governor agrees, and he's quoted the Supreme Court that the --- what has happened is

unanticipated and extraordinary. It's been difficult.

It's been extremely costly, and it's been time

consuming. Ironically, it was Ben Franklin,

Philadelphia's own, who said time is money. And time

indeed is money. The persons who --- small group of

persons who object to this experiment have made it

plain in testimony and otherwise that their goal is to

delay and if they can't --- if they can't prevent,

which is their primary goal --- and if they can't

delay or prevent to obstruct the operation. It's

plain what their agenda is.

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We have on the other side this Gaming Board which has been appointed by the legislature, both houses of the legislature which approved the Gaming Act, the governor's office, the Supreme Court and the State of --- Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia who is in favor of this. The vast majority of the people in the City of Philadelphia are in favor of this. Polls have shown They haven't changed. This Board knows that that. because this Board reviewed in April of last year the task force report and the polls and policies that surrounded that. Almost 118 people, I think, who testified, 308 written statements and nearly 500 pages of the task force. So one myth with which to dispel

of right away, and I'm glad to see that some press is here, is that this matter wasn't completely vetted and it was completely vetted.

But this is a democracy, and we all know democracy is messy and not sometimes the most efficient way of governing ourselves. We are in a process, and we don't reject or criticize that process. That's the process. We are a new novel business and a new novel neighbor coming to Philadelphia. We recognize that there are citizens in the City who legitimately are concerned about us. That's fair. We also know there are some people who don't care about us or gaming but want to stop the process. That's unfair.

But the process takes time. And when you have new novel different matters, as we all know in our democracy, the first level that you go to is your closest representative and that's City Council. I think City Council and we think City Council has been reacting in a way that one would expect. I'm not here to criticize those persons on City Council. It would serve no purpose to do that. They have constituencies. They've listened to them. They are trying to and have sorted out what the problems are and what they will be, and they're still in that

process. We're here today to tell this Board that we as a participant in that process continue to pledge our good faith that we will follow that process, and we're absolutely positively convinced that at the end of that process we will be open and have a facility that everyone in the City and everyone here is going to be more than proud of.

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What I want to present today as well as the legal argument is to demonstrate to this Board that we have not been idle during that time period. As I said, I'm going to present Chuck Hardy who will talk about what we've been doing on both the legal front and the City Council, City of Philadelphia Terry McKenna, our project executive, will present where we are on the very important issue of traffic. I don't have to tell this Board, but maybe some people weren't in this room, that it was a serious issue that this Board had a lot to say about and grilled us extensively on. And we did one report that we presented to you. I have today with me a second report, a five incher give or take. That is our second report. And Terry has an extremely dramatic announcement that he's going to make. won't steal his fire, but there's been a powerful development that is very positive to this issue.

Bob is going to talk about what we've been doing with our community and with the City. I'm happy to announce and we'll steal a bit of his fire that we entered to on August 2nd an extremely lengthy term sheet with the City of Philadelphia that provided I think there were 12 major sections and innumerable subsections that govern another --- a number of other items that this Board quizzed us about. That is security at the property, the emergency responses to the property, utilities, environmental green issues and access to the property. All addressed. In addition to those, we also addressed with the City, because they were concerned as well, the employment opportunities for the citizens of Philadelphia and for diverse persons of that community.

This process, which again we don't criticize and really embrace, has as I said been costly and has caused delay. Our project ourself is more from about 450 --- \$450 million to about \$650 million. Part of that's because of the delay. Part of it is because we've made our project better, but it hasn't helped. We have expended approximately \$13 million on this project to date. We're not going anywhere. We're going to see this day and we're going to succeed and we're going to see this process to the

end. The reason we're here today is we are asking the Board to continue the relief they granted in August and not cost more money and cause more soft costs that don't go into things that really aid the citizens in this building.

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I want to comment again to the extent that the public is here as to the extraordinary success that this Board and this legislature and in part the Supreme Court has brought in already. casinos that are open are stunningly successful. of the horribles that people talked about have occurred to my knowledge. I read the reports on them. The numbers are staggering. As I understand it, Chester and Philadelphia Park, the two bookends to Philadelphia, will have to date paid almost \$200 million in tax revenue. Now, \$200 million, what does that mean? Let me give you a little perspective. When Resorts International opened in 1978, it was the most successful casino in the world. It's competitor at the time was Caesar's Palace. What did resorts do in that first year of gaming revenue, not taxes, total revenue? \$230 million. Those two casinos, those two bookends have already generated \$200 million in tax revenue. It's astonishing. And to suggest that some people in Philadelphia want to stop that, delay,

prevent, obstruct that and nullify the actions of this Board, the actions of the governor, the actions of both houses of the legislature and the actions of the Supreme Court is beyond belief.

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5 Some statistics that the press should remind the world of that we will be paying over a billion dollars in five years in taxes we project. \$17,000 million of host fees to Philadelphia, \$5 million of which --- \$5 million goes directly to 10 schools. Imagine what the Philadelphia schools could 11 do with \$5 million --- will do with \$5 million. 12 \$8 million of that is local taxes. Over a ten year 13 period almost \$67 million in additional property tax 14 on rateables and other taxes. The convention center 15 will expand and throw out Lord knows how many jobs. 16 We ourselves are predicting 1,100 direct job, 2,500 17 spin-off jobs, 1,000 construction jobs. That's almost 18 5,000 jobs. And yet, some people want this to stop.

My grandmother from Indiana used to call telling me about don't let the genners (phonetic) get you. That's Hoosier for those who are against everything, genners. There are some genners out there. They'd be opposed to gambling in Las Vegas. That has nothing to do with what's going on in this City. As Mr. Sheldon and Mr. McKenna will point out

1 --- Terry is going to show you a drawing, a couple
2 drawings. This is what the waterfront looks like now.
3 Now, we're showing where Sugarhouse is located --4 this is the waterfront that a couple people want to
5 preserve.

#### MR. SOJKA:

Excuse me. I'm losing the microphone.

Is someone walking away from it? Hello?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I'm back. This is the waterfront that some people would suggest should be preserved. It's been like that since before and certainly after the Jack Frost Refinery left. It cannot be accessed. It's blocked off by chain link fence. This is just the waterfront. The property in front of it is full of concrete and rebar. It is next to a public park that is a disgrace next to that public park.

As this Board knows, we've proposed to change this to now a \$650 million project with a promenade on the waterfront with access by the public, one of things this Board demanded and one of the things that the City demanded and which we have guaranteed both you and the City will occur. But we're frustrated in delivering that.

I won't reiterate, as I said, Steve's

arguments. They were all very fine. I can just say we can't begin at this time. We want to. The cost to us we estimate for to pay this \$50 million now when we can't use it would be \$417,000. That's at 10 percent, \$50 million divided by 12. It's there somewhere. As Steven mentioned, there's no risk to this Board. Our letter of credit remains up and can be drawn at any time.

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We have pledged and pledge again to take every step, use all of our resources to faithfully pursue the opening, construction and benefits that we --- that we've talked to you about. And as soon as we can do that, we will do that. We won't be able to do that until we get our first un-appealable permit and get into the ground. And we ask this Board to stay --- continue the stay you issued in August until such time as we have the ability to have that first permit and get into the ground. I can't predict when that will happen. Steve said it's an indeterminate date. He's right. We don't know. We don't know how long it will take. But I am as confident of anything I've been confident of that reason will prevail. No one who looks at this waterfront, no one who hears these statistics about what gaming can do, no one who sees what Chester did and Philadelphia Park has done for

those communities can long say --- long remain against it because it doesn't make sense. And the people --- the majority of the people who want these benefits to come will ultimately put it at an end.

As I said, democracy is a slow, messy, time consuming, difficult rough and tumble. We've been though it. Chuck more than anyone else. We ask this Board to continue what it did in August and continue to permit us to fight this battle and not cost us this \$417,000 a month which would be money soft costs out of the project, money that cannot be used for the benefit of the project, the benefit of gaming revenues, the benefit of all the economic generation that we want to create.

 $\label{eq:withers} \mbox{With that, I will call my first witness} \\ \mbox{who's going to be Mr. Hardy.}$ 

## MR. HARDY:

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 $\label{eq:Good afternoon, Chairman Colins and} \\$  members of the Board. My name is spelled H-A-R-D-Y.

I am Chuck Hardy, an attorney for HSP Gaming, LP. I've been asked to summarize for you the legal activities in which HSP has been engaged since this Board approved HSP's application for a Category 2 slot machine license.

All of these legal efforts have been in

furtherance of obtaining the approvals necessary for our company to move forward with development the Sugarhouse Casino. I will also highlight some of the legal obstacles which none of us could have anticipated which have arisen since your decision and which continue to arise causing unexpected delay.

Within 30 days after this Board's adjudication of February 1st, 2007, five separate petitions for review were filed in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and proceeded as separate challenges to this Board's approval of HSP's application. Each proceeding was brought by different organizations and individuals and in one instance by the Philadelphia City Council, and each raised different issues. HSP participated in each proceeding, drafting and filing briefs, applications and other pleadings as appropriate.

In the appeal by Riverwalk, one of the applicants not selected for a Philadelphia license, where argument was requested by the Supreme Court, HSP took a lead in the oral arguments before the Court. In each of these five proceedings our goal was to support the decision which this Board had reached, and as your general counsel can attest, we worked long and hard to achieve the results which both you and we

sought. In every case we were successful, either in having the petition for review dismissed or in prevailing on the merits before the Supreme Court.

The last of these appeals was decided July 17th, 2007.

Almost immediately after this Board's decision approving HSP and Foxwoods for Philadelphia licenses, a so called citizens' petition drive began to place on the Philadelphia election ballot a referendum question which if approved by the voters would have prevented either Sugarhouse or Foxwoods from ever being able to construct the facilities this Board had approved. In fact, it would have prevented casinos from being built virtually anywhere in the City of Philadelphia. The initiative would have required a 1,500 foot buffer between any casino and the nearest resident, house of worship, school or park.

HSP Gaming's attorneys represented opponents of this initiative in a hearing before Judge Ward Clark who issued an injunction which stayed the referendum. Promptly after Judge Clark ruled, Philadelphia City Council enacted its own version of the very same ballot initiative. This Board and HSP all brought challenges to this action in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. After a preliminary injunction

issued, which kept the initiative off the spring
primary ballot, the full matter was ruled on by the
Supreme Court which properly held as we and your
Counsel argued it should, that this Board and only
this Board can determine the locations of casinos in
Philadelphia.

Here again the litigation involved time, effort, preparation of pleadings and other court filing. Thankfully, you and we were again successful in these efforts to uphold and implement the decision you had made in selecting the Sugarhouse Casino and Foxwoods.

The opponents of your decision for Philadelphia have now opened a new front. They've introduced in the state legislature bills which would enact the 1,500 foot buffer in Philadelphia as a matter of state law. These bills have no yet come to a vote in either chamber of the legislature.

Throughout this year, HSP Gaming proceeded like any developer must in Philadelphia to comply with applicable local zoning and land use requirement so that we could ultimately receive the building, zoning and use permit necessary to construct and operate the Sugarhouse Casino. In Philadelphia, these requirements are found in our Commercial

Entertainment District Ordinance referred to by Mr. Schrier by its short name the CED.

The Sugarhouse plan complies fully with the requirements of the Commercial Entertainment District Ordinance. The approval process for HSP involves a minimum of three sets of approvals under that ordinance. First, the Planning Commission --- the Philadelphia Planning Commission must review and approve a plan of development for the casino examining traffic affect, provisions for parking, height, bulk, building setbacks, landscape plans and other typical zoning requirements. Second, the Philadelphia City Council has to designate the area where the casino will operate as a special zoning district called a Commercial Entertainment District and also must approve a plan of development which --- the same one which was approved by the Planning Commission.

Finally, permit applications must be submitted to the Department of Licenses and Inspections to be approved and for permits to issue. In our case, there are many permits that are going to be necessary, building permits, zoning, use permits. The first permit we're going to need to obtain is our foundation permit so that we can pour the foundations and footings to get our construction under way.

HSP worked closely with the City Planning Commission Staff, the Philadelphia Department of Streets, the Philadelphia Water Department, the City Solicitor's office and other city officials to develop the ordinances, applications and plans necessary for this process. I can report that we have now made substantial progress to date, but the process is by its nature a slow one.

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9 Our plan of development has been approved 10 by the Planning Commission. Our ordinances have been drafted and have been introduced in City Council. 11 12 City Council is currently in recess, and when it 13 resumes in the fall, we fully expect that we will be 14 able to have our ordinances passed and our permit 15 applications approved. However, as you've heard, 16 there is opposition to our proposal, and the opponents 17 have proved to be politically resourceful and very 18 litigious. We cannot predict when the process will be 19 completed and what further legal challenges to our 20 approvals may lie ahead.

One area of concern is a package of seven anti-gaming bills pending in City Council where they are currently in committee, any one of which, if passed, would prevent HSP from obtaining the permits it needs. I think Mr. Schrier referred to eight

bills. There are seven bills which apply to both of us and one bill that applies only to Foxwoods which is why there's a difference in the numbers.

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I believe many of these bills to contain provisions which are contrary to state law given the opinion of the Supreme Court making it crystal clear that this Board has the sole authority to determine the location of the casinos which these proposed ordinances seek to undermine.

In sum, HSP Gaming has dedicated enormous legal resources to moving our project forward at great cost and expense, and we are committed to continuing to do so. We fully expect to continue our regard of progress and our record of success to fulfill your decision and our intentions to construct the Sugarhouse Casino on the Delaware Waterfront. We will be focusing all of our resources over the coming months to completing the approval process. concludes my remarks. Mr. Donnelly?

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you, Chuck. Terry, would you present your remarks, please?

### MR. MCKENNA:

Good afternoon, Chairman Colins and 25 Members of the Board. I am Terrence McKenna of

Keating Consulting, the development management for HSP Gaming on the Sugarhouse Casino project. My role on the project is to direct the overall development activities from approvals through design to construction of the actual casino. This afternoon I've been asked to briefly summarize to the Board the progress which has been made relative to traffic impacts and design on the Sugarhouse Casino project since December 2006.

As the Board is aware, prior to December 2006, HSP Gaming's traffic consultant, Gannett Fleming, Incorporated, performed an extensive analysis of traffic impacts which would result from the development of the Sugarhouse Casino project. That analysis concluded that while PennDOT was reconstructing the I-95 Girard Avenue interchange traffic flow both arriving and departing the Sugarhouse Casino would have only a slight impact on the area surrounding the casino as the capacities of the roadways and the area of the site combined with the current and future traffic volumes were more than adequate to handle the additional trip vehicles --- vehicle trips to be generated by the Sugarhouse Casino.

While the traffic plan at that time was

extremely viable, HSP Gaming, the local neighborhoods,
the City of Philadelphia, PennDOT and the Board's
traffic consultant, Edwards and Kelcey, had some
concerns with the necessity of southbound I-95 traffic
exiting at Girard Avenue and traveling on local
neighborhood streets to get to the casino.

Nevertheless, the planned traffic flow patterns
worked, and we were confident that Sugarhouse Casino
traffic would have a minimal impact on the surrounding
community.

Now, what I have to say next has been well publicized in the areas surrounding the site, but not much further than that. In January 2007, shortly after HSP Gaming was selected by the Board in December 2006 PennDOT made public their interim plan to further alleviate traffic impacts to the neighborhood areas directly west and northwest of the Sugarhouse Casino site. The decision by PennDOT was hands down one of the important and huge decisions made to date relative to the development of Sugarhouse Casino. And HSP Gaming commends PennDOT for recognizing the concerns of the surrounding neighborhoods, the City and HSP Gaming relative to traffic flow on neighborhood streets. PennDOT's January 2007 decision calls fro the construction of temporary on and off ramps at the

I-95 Girard Avenue interchange prior to the opening of the Sugarhouse Casino as well as prior to the start of the major interchange reconstruction activities.

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Construction of these ramps is scheduled to begin in March 2008 and will be completed in December 2008. The result of these temporary ramps is that visitors to Sugarhouse Casino traveling on Interstate 95 will be able to exit at the Girard Avenue interchange and immediately access the main arterial roadway leading to Sugarhouse Casino. traffic exiting or entering at this interchange will need to travel over neighborhood streets to reach the casino. Public reaction at the community meetings where PennDOT presented this plan was overwhelmingly in favor of the proposed improvements, and shortly thereafter any criticism of Sugarhouse Casino's traffic management plan as described back in December decreased significantly to the point where now traffic is not typically mentioned as a concern during HSP Gaming's meetings with the community residents.

Given the planned PennDOT improvements, it became necessary for Gannett Fleming to perform a complete update of the traffic impact analysis for the Sugarhouse Casino as the previous October 2006 analysis was no longer considered valid due to the

changes in the proposed traffic patterns. 2 addition, at the request of PennDOT and the City of Philadelphia, HSP Gaming expanded the study of 3 intersections further south on North Delaware Avenue and Columbus Boulevard to the Market Street Bridge. The purposes of the request was twofold, number one, to confirm that the additional intersections significantly south of the site would not require any mitigation measures beyond signal timing adjustments, 10 and number two, to ensure that accurate, up to date 11 traffic data existed for the full length of the 12 roadway between Foxwoods Casino and the Sugarhouse 13 The City and PennDOT requested that Foxwoods Casino. 14 expand their study north to the Market Street Bridge, 15 and Foxwoods also agreed in this regard.

As a result, on May 21st, 2007 Gannett Fleming issued a completely updated traffic impact analysis for the Sugarhouse Casino, a copy of which we have on the table in front of us here and which the Board has a summary of in Exhibit V as in Victor. This report concludes that beyond major intersection reconstruction activities that were always planned directly in front of the Sugarhouse Casino no other significant mitigation measures are required beyond traffic signal timing adjustments. Furthermore, the

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report confirms that visitors to the Sugarhouse Casino will not need to travel neighborhood streets to reach the facility. This is a tremendous accomplishment given the planned presence of a casino in a highly urban area. And all parties involved in the process including the City, PennDOT and the neighborhood associations deserve recognition in this regard.

HSP Gaming, the City of Philadelphia and PennDOT continue to hold conversations relative to the data presented in the May report as a move from the conceptual phase of traffic management to the design phase. Design activities to address the needed mitigation measures began in August 2007 by Gannett Fleming. On August 9th, 2007, HSP Gaming received a letter from PennDOT which included combined comments from both the City and PennDOT on the May report. The Board has also been provided with a copy of this letter. We are confident that we can address each of these comments during the design phase and months ahead.

Looking forward to the coming months, HSP Gaming will be meeting regularly with the City of Philadelphia, PennDOT and neighborhood groups to refine our traffic flow assumptions in order to ensure that our design and construction mitigation measures

are sufficient to meet the needs of the Sugarhouse

Casino as well as the surrounding neighborhoods. In

addition, the City of Philadelphia has requested that

HSP Gaming work with Foxwoods Casino on merging and

analyzing the additional North Delaware Avenue,

Columbus Boulevard data in order to demonstrate the

potential traffic --- demonstrate that potential

traffic impacts have been evaluated for the entire

roadway between the two casinos.

In closing, HSP Gaming views traffic impacts and management as one of the most important factors relative to development of the casino. We have worked extremely hard over the past eight months to ensure that the proper traffic mitigation measures are designed and constructed for the facility, and we will continue to work extremely hard over the coming months with the City, PennDOT and surrounding neighborhoods to implement our plan and further refine our traffic management during the reconstruction of I-95.

While it is extremely important to HSP Gaming that the traffic associated with the Sugarhouse Casino have minimal impact on surrounding neighborhoods, it is just as important that our customers move smoothly from I-95 to the Sugarhouse

Casino and that means on the wide North Avenue

Delaware --- Delaware Avenue arterial roadway and not
the narrow neighborhood residential streets. This
concludes my remarks.

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

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Terry, thank you. Just for the record, would you turn around and look at the two photographs and tell the Board if those photographs accurately depict the existing site of the --- at the Sugarhouse --- the waterfront at the Sugarhouse site.

## MR. MCKENNA:

Yes. Both photographs do. They are views of the site from the riverside from east looking west.

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

All right. And we also brought another bunch of photographs --- or you did. And do those --- which we'll submit to the Board at the end. Do those two depict the existing view of the site?

### MR. MCKENNA:

 $\label{eq:Yes, once again all views from the river} \\ looking west.$ 

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you.

# MR. MCCABE:

Are these recent?

### MR. MCKENNA:

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They were in the fall of 2006.

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Has anything changed since then other than the aforementioned?

## MR. MCKENNA:

No other changes, no.

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. I call Robert Sheldon.

## MR. SHELDON:

Good afternoon, Chairman Colins and Members of the Pennsylvania Gaming Board. My name is Robert Sheldon, and I'm the president and chief operating officer of Sugarhouse Casino.

Since we were last before this body, we've reached some significant milestones in the development of our project including reaching a development agreement with the City of Philadelphia, laying the groundwork for a community benefits agreement and the impacted communities and establishing an office adjacent to our site in the local community as well as hiring some key executives including our director of information technology, Mr. 25 | Nick Kontonicolas (phonetic), our director of

communications, Ms. Lee Whitaker and our vice president of slot operations, Mr. George Mancuso (phonetic).

Most significantly in August 2007 we signed a development agreement with the City of Philadelphia that will govern the development of the Sugarhouse Casino project. This took months of frank negotiations with the City. Chief among the terms of the agreement with the City is the commitment by Sugarhouse to address public safety concerns raised by our neighbors. We agreed to fund costs such as 9-1-1 connectivity, EMS services within the casino, ambulance services and security costs.

We've memorialized our commitment to incorporate an environmental green roof design at a cost of \$1 million. We also agreed to make payments to the City totaling at least \$67 million over ten years. We committed to the relocation and expansion of the combined sewer outfall necessary to address previous flooding in nearby homes. We also agreed to develop a comprehensive transportation management plan which Terry McKenna just spoke to you about. And importantly we promise to provide public access to the waterfront and our waterfront promenade.

As part of the development agreement with

the City, Sugarhouse has also agreed to develop an 1 2 economic opportunity plan that dovetails with the plan that we submitted to you in order to ensure 3 participation in the development, construction and operations of the casino by minority and women employees and vendors. A key component of the development agreement with the City is a commitment by Sugarhouse to enter into a community benefits agreement with the neighboring communities that may be 10 impacted by our project. While the terms of the 11 community benefits agreement have not been finalized, 12 Sugarhouse has committed to contributing at least \$1 13 million annually to fund the special services district 14 for the benefit of and use by the neighboring 15 communities. In addition to the annual contribution, 16 Sugarhouse is committed to working with neighboring 17 communities to address issues related to construction 18 activity, traffic management, security and sanitation. 19

Finally, Sugarhouse has agreed to create and implement a system that will ensure residents of the neighboring communities receive timely information about job and vendor opportunities. We believe that we'll have a signed agreement in the near future.

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As part of our continued commitment to this project and to the neighboring community, we've

done extensive outreach to our neighbors. We've 1 2 conducted walking tours where we've knocked on hundreds of doors to introduce ourselves to our 3 neighbors. We've held meetings in their living rooms and participated in coffee klatches to connect with our neighbors and answer concerns about our project. In addition, we've provided funding for numerous programs that are important to the immediate community including soccer camps and street cleaning in the 10 neighborhood's American Legion Memorial Day Parade, 11 just to name a few.

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It was as a result of these efforts that residents of Fishtown spontaneously formed Fishtown Action also known as FACT, a local neighborhood association that is committed to its --- has committed its work to making our project a reality and a positive addition to their community. Despite what you may have read in the papers, we believe that the majority of the Philadelphia community supports the project. In the local community alone to date we've received written expressions of support from over 1,500 of our closest neighbors. We've also received nearly 1,000 formal job inquiries, 75 percent of which are from Philadelphia residents and 30 percent are residents of the immediate surrounding neighborhoods.

Sugarhouse Casino is committed to this project and to the benefits it will bring to the citizens of Philadelphia and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

We've established an office in the neighborhood adjacent to our site and recruited and hired a core team of key executives who are working to move this project forward. To date we've expended approximately \$13 million on the Sugarhouse Casino project. The challenge we face in hiring additional staff and contracting with vendors is the uncertainty of the project's timeline. Payment of the \$50 million would cost approximately \$417,000 per month in carrying charges. Delay benefits no one. Delay only piles on soft costs that will not help Philadelphia or its citizens. Having said that, we're confident that we will soon be able to build a first class entertainment venue in Pennsylvania's largest city. I thank you very much for allowing me to testify today.

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. I'd like to follow --- I'll follow your lead, Madam Chairman. Should we close now? Should I introduce exhibits now?

#### MS. COLINS:

Let's introduce the exhibits, then go to closings and then we'll go to our questions.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. I'd like to move the following exhibits, number one, the photo packet that Mr. McKenna spoke of. I have seven photos. Photo number four depicts one of the big blocks. We're apparently missing the other big block, so with the Board's permission I'll submit that extra photo at a later date. That would be a total of eight photographs.

### MS. COLINS:

And after we're completely finished, you can confer with the clerk, mark it and go through all the housekeeping, but there's no need to delay now for it. Go on.

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. There's an August 2nd, 2007
letter from the City Solicitor of Philadelphia
referencing the development agreement that Mr. Sheldon
spoke of. That's previously been submitted to the
Board. The Board has copies of that. Staff does.
I'd like to have that into evidence. I'd like our
brief and evidence --- and exhibits moved into
evidence. The Gannett Fleming report that Mr. KcKenna
spoke of which is in front of me as well as the
comment letter which we submitted under separate cover

to staff, and that would be the PennDOT comment letter. And finally, the development agreement itself that we executed --- it's the term sheet that we 3 executed with the City of Philadelphia and the associated equal opportunity plan. Those are the exhibits that I'd like moved.

## ATTORNEY DONAGHUE:

No objection to the introduction of those.

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. And if you don't mind, Madam Chairman, I'd like give them to the secretary right now. I think it might be useful.

### MS. COLINS:

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I'm going to ask you to close. If you want us to refer to them as a point of your closing, let us know.

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you. Thank you again for having us 20 here today. Again, I think it's completely fitting that we appear today to give the Board an update. I think by the evidence that we've presented today and through these documents that Board can only conclude that Sugarhouse has done everything that it pledged to this Board that it would do. It has acted in complete

good faith and has extended an enormous amount of time, effort and resources to try to achieve what we firmly believe everyone in the State of Pennsylvania with the exception of a very small handful of people want to see happen which is revitalization of the waterfront, rejuvenation of the economic base of the City and the completion of a project that will --- which will bring in an enormous amount of tax revenues and jobs to the City and something that everyone will remark upon and be extremely proud of.

We ask only that the Board continue what it already did back in August, and that is to give us the relief from expending carrying charges, interest costs that will essentially benefit no one. We can't use those moneys for the project. We can't use those moneys for jobs. We can't use those moneys to generate taxes. We are not asking for an open ended indefinite extension nor are we asking the Board to go and risk it all. We will maintain the letter of credit which would permit this Board to take down the \$50 million license fee at any time. We ask only that the Board allow the process, this messy, rough and tumble, slow and cumbersome process that's going, to complete itself without more burdens being placed upon us.

There are some people who would love to see more trees cut down in the road and more obstacles put in our path. We ask that you do not add one more obstacle. We pledge in return that we will continue to spend the time, money and effort to reach the goal that everybody has, and we're utterly confident that we will reach that goal in a short period of time. So we ask that this Board continue this stay until such time as we get that first permit where we can go into the ground. Thank you very much. Thank you for your time.

# MS. COLINS:

Thank you. If you could let Mr. Schrier come up and provide us a closing. Then after that I'll ask the witnesses come forward to field our questions.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Thank you. Thank you, Chair Colins.

Just for the record, Stephen Schrier again. Thank you for the opportunity to address you once again. Before we begin, just the housekeeping portion of it, I have provided to the clerk earlier today three exhibits, two of which are already in the possession of the Board. Foxwoods Exhibit One is a verified petition with its attachments. Foxwoods Two is our brief with

Exhibits A through double M, I believe. And Foxwoods
Three represents the latest Supreme Court filings that
we made this week on Tuesday with the Supreme Court.
And that has all been provided to the clerk.

## ATTORNEY DONAGHUE:

No objection.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Thank you. By now, I think you get the gist of why we're both here and certainly have heard a significant amount from both applicants in this case about the issues that we have faced in our ability to get started effectively on this site that you've chosen and the site that we've chosen with regard to the City of Philadelphia. And frankly, I think there's really just two points that I would like to make in closing.

First of all, this is obviously a major city. It's a highly urban environment, as was said. The circumstances that exist are extraordinary and unusual with regard to our situation. This Board perhaps, and certainly I did, as John said, may have had sort of a naïve hope that everything would go smoothly as it has with regard to the other licensees gone smoothly. Philadelphia is a little bit of a different animal at this point in time with regard to

our ability to get a shovel in the ground. But I do think that two things provide the good cause necessary for this Board to issue an order which extends the extension of time to pay this fee.

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First of all, I think the law supports your authority to grant this kind of an additional extension. I don't think there's any doubt about that in the administrative code or the case law, and I think that the circumstances that we've presented, the litany of delays, ordinances, City Council issues and the processes that exist support a finding of good cause in this situation. Neither applicant, at least from what I've heard, has done anything to cause this upon themselves and certainly the Board has not, so I would respectfully ask for your consideration of this extension until, as Mr. Donnelly said, we can obtain our permits and get started on a project that we're all very excited about and that we know is going to be a terrific addition to the waterfront and the City. Thank you.

### MS. COLINS:

Thank you. If Counsel would come on up, and what we'll do is we'll direct, assuming the Board members have questions --- and I know I do. But we'll ask you some questions. And if you can field them or

if you have people with you who you'd like to answer,
you bring them up at your discretion. But I'll ask

--- start with --- to my right, Commissioner Angeli
and ask if you have any questions if you'd like to
proceed.

### MR. ANGELI:

Actually, I'd ask you both in general if

--- if City Council and everything went your way and

approvals were forthcoming, what's to say that there

aren't more appeals from other groups that it moves

forward that delays us even further?

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Well, I don't think we can guarantee that there won't be. I think that --- I took a lot of solace in the Supreme Court's opinion that came out with regard to the referendum question. It was as strong as --- it was very judicious, but it was extremely strong. It made it crystal clear that there is no --- there's to be no more shenanigans to put it in a vernacular. I don't think anyone could read that any other way. And I think that any court including if it goes back to the Supreme Court would read that way, and if there were other --- more litigation, I think it would be given a very short trip. That's my own theory. And Chuck can address the administrative

process which he knows far better than I do.

# 2 <u>ATTORNEY SCHRIER:</u>

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3 I don't think I have much to add to what John said. It's kind of like when my clients often ask me well, if I do what you tell me, then I won't get sued; right? And I say, no, you might get sued, but hopefully you'll win if you do. And I think that's the position that we're in. At this point in time, really our hurdle involves getting our permits. 10 If there are additional legal maneuvers that take 11 place after that time, there are a lot of issues that 12 might stop those maneuvers from proceeding in a fairly 13 prompt manner, whether somebody has standing and they 14 would have to be post bounds and so forth, which I 15 think may at that point in time eliminate some of the 16 activity that we've seen so far where there were no 17 downsides to those kinds of filings.

So I'm hopeful that the City process and the permitting process will really allow us to begin, notwithstanding no guarantees that there may not be other challenges.

### MR. ANGELI:

What made me think about that is, I mean, even --- and you may be comfortable with a decision that if it came your way, such issues as environmental

issues that could be brought up, do you feel pretty confident that you've addressed most of those things that could be brought up that would slow this down even further?

#### ATTORNEY SCHIER:

At least from the Foxwoods' prospective, we've attempted to address all the issues that we think may come up. Of course, in a permitting process involving state agencies and federal agencies and the City, of course, you know, there are always issues that will arise in any normal development project.

But I don't think we have anything that is outside of a normal development project with regard to this kind of a project.

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I'd echo that for Sugarhouse. We worked closely with Army Corps of Engineers within the Department of Environmental Protection of Pennsylvania, and we have been addressing issues like environmental issues and other similar issues which might arise. I wanted just to give you some comfort, Mr. Angeli, if I could in the fact that the Gaming Act itself provides that if there are challenges brought to further permitting activities and if we are stopped along the way, they come directly to the Supreme Court

of Pennsylvania, and we've seen that the Supreme Court is moving very expeditiously in disposing of appeals that come to it in gaming related matters.

## MR. ANGELI:

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So you probably wouldn't be seeking further --- if you got decisions initially from Philadelphia, you wouldn't be seeking further delay of anything from us once you got the ---?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Once we have that foundation permit,
we're off and running and we'll be --- somebody will
be running up here with \$50 million to hand to you.
We're very anxious. We want to be in a position to
pay it. We want to do that.

# MR. ANGELI:

Okay. Thank you.

## MS. COLINS:

Anything further?

### MR. ANGELI:

Not at the moment.

## MS. COLINS:

Commissioner Rivers?

### MR. RIVERS:

Yes. This is for Foxwoods. I thought you said your traffic consultant was here.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Yes, he is.

## MR. RIVERS:

Okay. Then I'd like to hear some conversation regarding to the changes that have been made and the associated cost of those changes of traffic in that area.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I'd be happy to present Jeffrey Greene from Orth-Rodgers. And Jeff, if you feel you need to use any visuals, we can certainly do that as well.

### MR. GREENE:

When we meet the Board in November and I talked to you about the plans and the studies that we have completed, I talked about intersection improvements at the I-676, I-95 ramps, Washington Avenue, Reed Street, Dickinson Street, Tasker Street and Morris Street. The improvements at Morris, Washington and I-676 remain identical to what we testified to in the studies that your consultant, Edwards and Kelcey, reviewed and recommended.

In front of the site at Reed, Dickinson and Tasker, we've improved the plan with the help of both PennDOT and the City Streets Department so that we actually were able to find a way to further improve

traffic flow. And I'd like to show you what that plan looks like, if I might.

## ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I apologize to Commissioner Sojka if you can't hear, but Jeff is going to speak for a few moments on a board.

### MR. SOJKA:

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I can't hear and I can't see.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

It looks great I'm telling you right from here from where I'm standing.

### MR. SOJKA:

I'm happy to hear that.

### MR. GREENE:

I'll stay on this side because that's where the mic is. Columbus Boulevard goes horizontally across the plan. North is away from me to my left. Tasker Street is at the right side of the plan. Dickinson in the middle and Reed Street on the left.

The changes that we began working with grow out of the study that the City is working very diligently on for the central waterfront development 24 plan that they are developing. And they came up with some themes that they wanted to move forward with

Columbus Boulevard, one of which was no double left turn lane. It was maintenance of sidewalks as wide as possible, and it was maintenance of bike lanes on each side. PennDOT in its progressing of the plan was insistent upon three lanes in each direction on Columbus Boulevard, and believe me three lanes in each direction is what is needed on Columbus Boulevard.

So the biggest single difference is eliminating the double left turn lane that we proposed at Dickinson Street to turn into the site and then providing three lanes in both directions. If you look closely at the plan I testified to last November, in the southbound direction which I'm pointing to now to get the double left turn lane, we used the left turn lane at Dickinson Street that exists and the left most through lane converting it to a left turn lane because of the heavy left turn volumes into the site.

In order to get the three lanes in each direction, we went back to a single left turn lane, which works. Now, we can get a level service B at the intersection of Dickinson Street. B is the next best when you consider A being the best. Level of service is like your child's report card. In a city you try to get better than D, D or better. We're at B at Dickinson. So taking away the second left turn lane

didn't hurt. We had a major redesign at Tasker Street.

## MS. COLINS:

Didn't hurt what? The flow of traffic into the casino or the flow of traffic along the road?

### MR. GREENE:

Both. Both because one affects the other. When backups in the left turn lane extend into the through lanes, then traffic for both is hurt. And we were able to fit them both in.

lanes at Tasker Street where there really is no room
--- there's only like 36 feet of pavement and that's
really enough for three lanes of travel with a bike
lane. What we did was created a left turn lane that
crossed the railroad tracks just south of Dickinson
and moved in its own little shoot or separated by two
medians, one separating the railroad tracks from the
left turn lane and the other median separating the
three northbound lanes to create a left turn lane
going into Tasker Street.

Now, how can we get the three northbound lanes because we're taking one lane away? Well, there is extra pavement width, and we were able to adjust the location of the garage and a roadway in turning to

our site that provides for southbound left turn lanes 2 from Tasker that goes north along the frontage of our 3 garage and then goes into the Dickinson Street signal to turn left, almost an English T as we call it in the traffic engineering trade. So by putting the left turns in different roadways, the left turn from Tasker Street in its own roadway along the garage and the left turn going into Tasker Street from southbound Columbus Boulevard on the other side of the railroad 10 tracks, we were able to improve our level of service from E to B at Tasker Street and Columbus Boulevard. 11 12 Those are major improvements.

I testified in November that even without these latest innovative improvements we made traffic flow better on South Columbus Boulevard than today.

This improves it an additional four percent. So this is a significant improvement in traffic flow. That's the single biggest improvement.

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We, too, got a letter from PennDOT dated August 9th. And it talked about the traffic signal system as one of the major things. And you've heard Mr. Dougherty talk to you about the major elements. PennDOT has asked us for a major incident management program. To PennDOT Columbus Boulevard is a diversion route. It's a local artery, and it serves the

waterfront in the eyes of the city. But to PennDOT if something happens on I-95, traffic will divert to Columbus Boulevard as assigned route. And PennDOT 3 wanted --- and it's in the management program, wanted us to develop it for our section of Columbus Boulevard, and Sugarhouse will develop one for their section. And it means that the traffic signal system has to be able to accommodate substantial amount of increased traffic. And the way it does is with 10 special signal timing programs that extend the green 11 time on Columbus Boulevard to the maximum it can be 12 --- maximum green time it can be without severely 13 impacting the neighborhood. 14

So those are the biggest single improvements since we --- since I saw you last November.

## ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

May I just ---?

#### MR. RIVERS:

Go ahead.

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## ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Jeff, if I could, I know that when we first presented our traffic plan to the Board we had discussions with PennDOT and City Planning and Streets Department. Today, now that we've had all this time

to sit down with them, what kind of feedback are you getting from those traffic planning agencies and which 3 traffic planning agencies with regard to our representations that we would make traffic better than it is?

# MR. GREENE:

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Well, both PennDOT, City Streets Department and the City Planning Commission have directed us to design the improvements that I just showed you along with the other improvements on Columbus Boulevard. They have accepted the concept of the improvement, and they believe that they will improve traffic better than it is today.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Thank you. I apologize to the Commissioner.

### MR. RIVERS:

Actually, that was the question I was about to ask, so you must be clairvoyant.

### MS. COLINS:

Thank you. Commissioner McCabe?

### MR. MCCABE:

Thank you, Madam Chair. Thank you all 24 for being here. I appreciate you taking the time. The testimony that I've heard about all the community involvement, all the job fairs, all the traffic improvement really doesn't surprise me, and how you're moving forward in trying to build your projects doesn't surprise me because we selected you. And we selected you both, Foxwoods and Sugarhouse, because you were the best applicants, and we expected you to do this.

One of the things that I'm trying to figure out here is through all this testimony, what are the reasons why we should delay collecting the \$50 million. One of the things that I was able to pull out from listening to the testimony is that one of the reasons is it's going to cost you more money in interest each month that you initially hadn't planned on and that that then would affect somehow your project. One of the things we heard about is a democracy. We're a democracy, and a democracy is built on laws, rules, equal and fair treatment and justice for everybody.

As best to my knowledge so far, and Counsel correct me, but I think all the other licensees have already paid their \$50 million. To include one applicant or one licensee that did not have all his approvals from the City and had a very powerful group opposing his plan to build --- and one

of things I'm looking for is what makes you different than them were he paid his \$50 million, then fought the battle with the City Council and got the approvals. And he didn't come in and ask for us to be delayed even though a powerful group from Pittsburgh was trying to oppose him. And you, what's the difference there?

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Well, at least from my prospective,

Commissioner, I understand your question, but I guess
if we look at the historical prospective of that other
applicant at this point in time today they were able
to get their approvals as I understand it. I think to
me it comes down more to --- not only the --- I think
the obvious things are that there is a substantial
soft cost as John said and is a cost of the project
that was not anticipated. But more than that, there's
a time factor in this particular instance that has
created a whole host of issues that, well not being
certainly familiar with the other applicant's troubles
in obtaining their approval, in this particular
instance I think are unique.

To obtain a license, at least in our

To obtain a license, at least in our particular situation, for a site where we have no ability at this time to use it I just think is unfair

and burdensome. And in light of what we have been
doing, I don't think that it's unfair of us to request
not that we not have to pay this fee, which we
certainly understand and gladly would pay, as Mr.
Hardy said, as soon as we can break ground and do what
we're asked to do, but it's like acquiring something
and paying for it without getting the consideration.
And I think that's really where the good cause exists.
We are stymied and we have been delayed, and that
continues. And we don't know at least from our
prospective when that delay will end.

Does it have to end? Yes, it will end.

We're optimistic that it will end, but at this point in time I think we are in a very unique situation.

And I also think that the burden --- at least the legal burden that exists for this Board to consider that extension is one of good cause. It's not clear and convincing evidence. It's not, you know, beyond a reasonable doubt that we're approving all of these facts. But that there is a reasonable and equitable basis for what we're seeking, and I think in our situation we want to do what you want us to do. We want to pay our license fee, but when we get that license, we want to be able to use it, and we can't use it right now.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

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2 I'd have three answers to that. 3 one, I want to reiterate what you said. Yes, \$417,000 that goes to soft costs is just money that's lost to the project and lost to the development and what we want to build and what the City wants. What I think is different from others is we have active governmental obstruction, if you will, on these processes, which I don't believe they had in 10 Pittsburgh. I think it was private entities. 11 The Supreme Court went so far as to say 12 that it was improper and illegal to --- for some of 13 the actions that were proposed. So we're in an 14 extremely extraordinary situation where it isn't even 15 one branch of government but a creature of the State 16 of Pennsylvania --- or the Commonwealth of 17 Pennsylvania which is a municipality. It's a creature 18 of the Commonwealth. One branch of that government of 19 the creature that's created by the Commonwealth is 20 frustrating the will of the Commonwealth. That never 21 happens or in my experience I've never seen it happen. 22 So it is extremely extraordinary that a government 23 agency would do this and do this in light of what the 24 Supreme Court said that you can't do it, you shan't do

it, and what you're doing is improper and we're going

to stop you from doing it because the result would be illegal. That's very extraordinary.

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And finally, the intent of the Act. intent of the Act was to do --- when we were preparing for this, Commissioner, we sat and we spent a lot of time, what does Pennsylvania want. And we came up with two things, speed, economic development. want the most bang for the buck as fast as possible, and they want someone who will mitigate any kind of problems that might come along with that. We tried to boil it down to the essence. We can't do that. --- the common analogy would be if you in your home wanted to build a deck on the back of your house and the building inspector said, fine, you want to build a deck, pay me \$500 for a building permit. At the same time, the city council said we absolutely not only will not give you a permit we won't hear your permit application. Now, you would say that's extremely unfair to have me pay money when I can't even get a hearing, and that's the situation we find ourselves in.

So to use your words, it's unfair and inequitable to make us, just as it would be unfair and inequitable to make any homeowners to do that.

MR. MCCABE:

Thank you. One other thing is I think

Counsel did an excellent job in outlining how the City

of Philadelphia and the State of Pennsylvania is

hurting and being aggrieved by you not moving forward,

getting this built on time. How is this going to

affect if you have to pay this extra interest the

project? How is the project going to be hurt, the

facility?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

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Our principle --- one of the points we made was that we've very extremely financially sound, and we are. But the project has already by virtue of some of this delay increased in costs of about \$200 million. The continued unnecessary --- absolutely unnecessary soft costs attributed against this project which would be, you know, another \$5 million annually when there's no --- we really cannot predict when this exact --- when it's going to happen. Has got to --the project --- people sit down and have accounts and look at the numbers have to say we can't continue to bleed forever. We have to cut somewhere else. We've seen it recently in some of the casinos down at the shore, which are experiencing some criticism because they are cutting back on employees, they're cutting back on benefits to employees and they're --- the

Commission down there is very unhappy with that. It's an economic reality. There's not unlimited funds in this world.

And whenever any developer gets into one of these things, one of the first things they start to try to do is control their soft costs. Hard costs are a different thing because you're getting --- you're getting return for that. And the bigger we can build it --- we're putting a million dollars into a green roof. Now, that's because we wanted to be responsible and we wanted to address the issues you raised and the City raised. But I mean, how many million dollars can we do for things like that. We would rather do it on a green roof than spend it --- give it to bank or someone in the form of interest. We'd like to control our soft costs.

And so, yes, it hurts the project. Am I suggesting there that we will walk away? I've said quite the contrary. We're not walking away from this project. But we don't have --- we have to have --- look at the bottom line, and this is an unnecessary cost that I don't think will benefit the project at all. And I frankly don't think it will benefit the state at all because if that \$417,000 monthly that we could put in the project doesn't get put in that's not

1 for the good of anyone, certainly not for the good of 2 Philadelphia which is looking for rateables.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

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Thank you. We agree with what Sugarhouse has explained. There is a budget process that we have. We have an approved budget. And the ability to have this \$417,000 monthly expense and not being able to get the control in that, at some point in the future will have an impact on what we're able to do with our project.

### MR. MCCABE:

Thank you. You don't think they'll ever cut back on the lawyers though?

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Well, I was thinking when I was talking about soft costs that might be going to lawyers.

# MS. COLINS:

Anything further?

### MR. MCCABE:

No, I'm done.

# MS. COLINS:

Anything else? Okay. Commissioner Coy?

# MR. COY:

Thank you, Madam Chairman. It's been a pretty heavy afternoon so far and serious and all

that. I feel when you're end of the line like this on questioning and you just --- you know, you're the fifth person to ask questions, I feel a little bit 3 like Elizabeth Taylor's sixth husband on the wedding night. You know, I know what to do and I know what to say. I just don't have the ---. 6

# MR. SOJKA:

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If you're the sixth person, what am I? MR. COY:

Gary liked that. Yeah, Mr. Donnelly, I couldn't help but think when you were talking about 12 | --- when you were talking about the difference between hard and soft costs --- and I think you try to say on the issue of hard costs that they were something you really got something for, and I was wondering where the legal costs fell in that regard.

Let's talk about interest rates for one thing. I suspect that both of you have securitized the \$50 million by a letter of credit.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Yes.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Correct.

#### MR. COY:

And you all have, too. Since you have

securitized that, have the banks or the institutions where you have negotiated that raised the interest 3 rates? 4 ATTORNEY DONNELLY: 5 Now, that's fixed, but other rates are going up like for everything else is going up. 6 7 MR. COY: 8 Like? But the actual --- the interest rate on the letter of credit has not now. 10 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 11 That is correct. It's staying. 12 staying. 13 MR. COY: 14 So you negotiated a fixed rate? 15 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 16 That is correct. 17 MR. COY: 18 For how long? Do you know? 19 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 20 I think the letter of credit was only good for a matter of time. I'm not sure that we have 21 22 a yearly rate. 23 ATTORNEY DONNELLY: 24 I don't know. I think it is --- I can't 25 answer that with accuracy.

MR. COY:

2 So that cost is not increased at this

3 point?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

No.

### MR. COY:

And although some other interest rates have. I guess my next question is, what --- short of the actual being able to turn the ground and start the building and pour the footers and so on, is there a time when you feel that it is appropriate to pay the fee? I mean, if appeals continue, if legal challenges continue, is there a time short of that when you feel it's appropriate? In other words, at some point would you just say, all right, we're going to pay it because it's the right thing to do?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I wouldn't say no to that. No one anticipated what we've seen, and I can't really predict what we'll see in the future. But that's certainly a possibility. Right now I don't know what it would be. But let's --- let me ---.

#### MR. COY:

You're not there yet?

ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

No. But hypothetical if everybody all of a sudden started saying okay, we're working concert to get something done and there's some, you know, bureaucratic noninterference type obstacle, then I wouldn't have an objection to that.

### MR. MOLES:

Commissioner Coy, if I may, I'm Nicholas Moles. I'm vice president and general counsel for the Applicant. And my answer to your ---.

### MR. COY:

The Applicant Foxwoods?

### MR. MOLES:

That's correct, sir. And my answer to that question would sort of dovetail with the question Commissioner McCabe answered --- or asked, I should say. When he posed the question what's different about this case. And Mr. Donnelly alluded to it. But what is different about this case is in every development project you anticipate you're going to have a certain level of folks objecting, a certain level of negotiating you're going to have to do to get your project approved, et cetera and so forth. What is different in this case is that we're experiencing unusual governmental interference at the local level, and that to me is what makes the difference.

1 It's one thing if a group takes advantage 2 of an appeal process and utilizes that process 3 appropriately and files their appeal and the Court hears the appeal. They're the type of risks that you take. A good example in Foxwoods' case is that what City Council did with us was they actually took a step backwards. Instead of going from the C-3 commercial zoning that we already had to the CED zoning that will permit the construction of the casino hotel what they 10 did was they took the zoning and reversed it to 11 residential. They took us a step further. And when 12 you are faced with --- as an applicant with a 13 government body that basically is not giving you 14 access to government that you're entitled to get, 15 that's extraordinary. And that's what we think is 16 different here.

And what I would say to you, sir, is that when we reached the point where we've gotten over those extraordinary hurdles, that's the appropriate point where I think we would say it's time to pay our \$50 million.

MR. COY:

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But you're not there yet?

MR. MOLES:

We are clearly not there yet, sir.

## ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

And I'd just like to add one thing. Of course, this Board retains complete jurisdiction over us and could revisit this issue, and Staff's on top of this all the time as to what's going on. And we try to keep Staff involved. So if the circumstances changes, this Board can rethink this issue at any time.

### MR. COY:

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Would you imagine that either or you would appeal the decision of this Board either way?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I really can't answer that on ---.

# MS. COLINS:

Lawyers always threaten to appeal.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I'll tell you we ---.

### MR. COY:

Bad question?

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

It's an excellent question. I think I can answer it. If the advice were coming from outside counsel who bill by the hour, they would definitely recommend that we appeal.

# MR. COY:

Or by the word.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Definitely by the word.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

You know, there's --- this Board's always acted equitably. And I'm telling you we never thought there was anyone that was going to appeal the decisions the Board made before. All the smart money was betting it won't happen at all. And to my mind the way this Board operates, it's pretty much a fool appealing because everything's done appropriate above board with plenty of evidence and all that. So that's all I can say, but I can't commit the company one way or another.

### MR. COY:

Okay. Thank you. I just wanted to react. I think again it was Mr. Donnelly that raised the issue and indicated that very seldom have you --- I think what you said was very seldom have you witnessed creatures of the state, that is municipalities in this regard or counties or cities or whatever going against the action of the legislature or the Supreme Court.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Yeah. And this is just one branch of the

city. We've entered into this development agreement, term sheet with the administration.

# MR. COY:

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I mean, I --- my recollection is it happens all the time.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Well, ---.

### MR. COY:

I mean, candidly the city has taken on the state on the issue of issues like gun control and smoking ordinances and challenged the authority of the 12 | Commonwealth to do this. So I guess I wouldn't be so surprised.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Okay. I guess I misspoke. What seems extraordinary here is on some of these Council actions the solicitor --- well, the Mayor vetoed and the solicitor issued opinions that what they were doing wasn't illegal. So one branch of government went off, you know, without the --- it wasn't the whole city. 21 And, in fact, there was a big debate over the caption of the case that it wasn't the city that was appealing. It was --- so that's what --- it was extraordinary. But you're right. There's a ---.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

extraordinary here. While you'll always have situations where the city or county or municipality may challenge the things the state does, the difference here is that as a citizen we're required to pay a \$50 million license fee that is not usable for the site this Board selected as a result of what the city is doing. It's not merely that the city is challenging something the state did. In this case, we are a citizen, an applicant asking for the privilege of license and we're being asked to pay an exorbitant fee with this governmental road block in our way.

# MR. COY:

I understand. I guess I see some similarities to other things like smoking ordinances and things like that. Just one more question, Madam Chair, and I will desist. And that is maybe another sort of question like will you appeal question. And that is do you think as you continue --- because obviously there's the arguments that you continue to make with us on this issue and you make arguments with City Council on the issue of moving forward and the various groups there and then you make public arguments on behalf of your clients about proceeding with this, raising the issue of jobs and of the

expansion of the economy and so on. Do you think that by paying the \$50 million fee you would enhance your argument that it's time to move further and get your license?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I don't or we would --- we'd be in a different posture. I really don't think. I think it would give solace to the people who are against us because they can count too. And I don't think it would advance the ball at all.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

And I would echo that --- that remark because so far from what I have seen the process we've been faced with totally defies logic. What you're proposing is a very logical approach to it, but ---.

#### MR. COY:

It's not a proposition. It's a question.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

But in order to answer it as a question,

20 I'll call it a proposition if I can do that.

# MR. COY:

Okay.

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### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

And further to that, Mr. Dougherty

25 testified that we have met with --- held, you know, 60

different meetings which continue from even before the time the license was granted to Foxwoods, reaching out to groups. And there is no way that the folks who have their heels dug in the ground are going to be reasonable in approaching this issue. So I don't think that paying the fee would make that difference. I agree if there were some guarantee that it would, we'd be there. We wouldn't be sitting here.

# MR. COY:

Okay. Thank you very much.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I found it exciting and interesting.

# MS. COLINS:

Thank you. Thank you very much.

15 Commissioner Sojka?

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### MR. SOJKA:

Yes. Thank you. First of all, I'd like to join my fellow Commissioners in thanking both Sugarhouse and Foxwoods for the careful preparation of the petitions. I found it interesting reading, and I found listening today to be helpful. I'd also like to express my gratitude to my fellow Commissioners whom I think have already asked the important questions.

But I have some disadvantages, first of all, being where I can't see and second of all being

1 the last to join the Commission up to this point. And so I have not been engaged in this actual process. I need to ask three technical questions, each of which I believe could be answered fairly briefly.

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The first is I can't see the photographic exhibits having to do with the current state of the riverfront at these proposed sites. But I'm gathering from what I hear that they're not in great shape, and I'm hearing that kind of comment. But I remember in reading your preparation that there was considerable comment from the Longshoremen Union about concern that somehow the construction of these casinos would interfere with loading and unloading ships. something like that going on, or will it go on in the future if you don't build there?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Short answer from Sugarhouse is no. It's --- and my understanding is that issue is kind of evaporated. But it didn't --- it didn't have anything to do with our waterfront.

### MR. SOJKA:

Thank you. Okay. That helps me. Secondly, the issue of the City Council in Philadelphia, do they have discretion to delay a decision on this issue almost indefinitely, or do they have some fixed time period in which they have to rule one way or the other?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I'll ask Mr. Hardy to answer that.

#### MR. HARDY:

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The City Council of Philadelphia could sit forever on one of the bills that we need, and that's the bill that would designate our area as a commercial entertainment district. There are some default provisions with regard to the plan of development which we need to have approved that might be ---.

#### MR. SOJKA:

And so your only remedy would be to go to Court to get them to move?

#### MR. HARDY:

Correct.

#### MR. SOJKA:

Okay. And then thirdly, there is --we've been focusing on City Council and on the City of 21 Philadelphia, but you did mention there are now a number of bills pending in the legislature that could have profound effect on this project. Is there anyone who can comment on the likelihood of when those would be dealt with and what the outcomes might be? Or is

that pure speculation?

# MR. HARDY:

This is Chuck Hardy. I'm with

Sugarhouse. Our understanding is that even the sponsors of those bills do not believe they have a good chance of passing at all. I raised them in my testimony only to point out the various fronts on which we have found ourselves having to battle to be able to get our casino up. And one of those fronts has been educating people in the legislature and examining and analyzing what the affect of those bills might be. But at the present time our best estimate is that there is almost no likelihood that those bills would pass. And if they did, we understand that the governor has said he would veto them.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Commissioner Sojka, this is Steve

Schrier. I would echo that as well. And also just to backtrack one question, if I may, your question as to the indefinite time that these bills could be delayed by City Council is actually the subject of the legal action that we've taken in the Supreme Court which is currently pending. So there are avenues, and we've argue that no action represents action, so to speak, under the Gaming Act Section 1506. So I think there

are remedies to avoid the indeterminate length of delay.

# MR. SOJKA:

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Okay. Good. Thank you. Madam Chairman, that concludes my questions. I thank you for the opportunity.

### MS. COLINS:

Thank you. I have a number of questions I'd like to pursue. Regarding that emergency petition 10 before the State Supreme Court which is basically a request for mandamus --- is it not?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

There are actually two parts to it. first part is seeking the invalidation of the zoning from commercial to residential.

# MS. COLINS:

Right.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

And that the grounds for that were illegal. So reversing that determination and invalidating the ordinance. The second is a mandamus action to order the City Council to grant the zoning either under the C-3 commercial that we originally filed under or under the City's own casino zone, CED.

# MS. COLINS:

97 1 Okay. And the status of that matter 2 right now? 3 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 4 On that ---. 5 MS. COLINS: 6 Briefs filed? Is everything ready to go on it? 8 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 9 Yes. As of Tuesday this week, the reply 10 that we submitted was filed and the Supreme Court has 11 indicated that it will hear the matter on briefs. 12 MS. COLINS: 13 Oh, okay. So there's no hearing. 14 will be on the briefs. Okay. 15 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 16 That's what we've been advised by the 17 Court, yes. 18 MS. COLINS: 19 Okay. Good. Then regarding the bills 20 that are introduced into the legislature that would 21 dramatically change the status of our order granting 22 you the license, does not the statute say or provide 23 that if there are changes in legislation that the \$50 24 million --- that the \$50 million licensing fee would 25 be returned under those circumstances? Does that

statute not say that? Haven't the legislatures spoken to that?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

That's a good --- a good question. I'm not sure I have the answer, but I think there is --- I want to want to look at that. There are certainly provisions in there that may trigger something.

### MS. COLINS:

I remember that it addresses that.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

My recollection is that there are provisions talking about a change or a refund based upon the change in the ability to conduct gaming in the manner that it was conducted. Whether this fits or not, I think is a question, like John said, I'd like to look at.

### MS. COLINS:

Okay. All right. Another question I have is you've outlined in your briefs and in your argument all the litigation that has --- that has ensued as a result of the passage of the Gaming Act. The Supreme Court, as we could expect, has been actively dealing with this litigation. It's new. It's controversial. It's not surprising the issues are litigated now. And would you agree that every

1 opinion has supported the --- not only the constitutionality of the statute but the power of the 3 Board that's been vested by the state? Is that not an accurate assessment ---5

#### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Absolutely.

# MS. COLINS:

--- of the state of the law as of right

now?

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# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I don't think there's any doubt.

### MS. COLINS:

Okay. And going forward as litigation would continue ---- I mean, there's no automatic stay. Absent the Supreme Court being asked to stay actions by the Board, the filing of a lawsuit in and of itself would not stay what the Board does; is that correct?

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

That's my understanding, yes.

### MS. COLINS:

Okay. So that really brings us down to the issue of City Council and their failure to act as of this date with respect to giving you the zoning CED status or the C3 status. That's really the heart of all this; isn't it?

100 1 ATTORNEY DONNELLY: 2 Yes. 3 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 4 Yes. 5 MS. COLINS: 6 Okay. You've got the mandamus action in The Supreme Court is going to decide it on the place. briefs. That's correct; right? 9 ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 10 Yes. 11 MS. COLINS: 12 Okay. Let me ask you, the cost --- the 13 monthly cost of the debt service on the \$50 million, I 14 believe you mentioned it's \$417,000 a month and I 15 believe Foxwoods alluded to about \$400,000 a month; 16 correct? ATTORNEY SCHRIER: 17 18 Correct. 19 MS. COLINS: 20 Okay. What's the cost --- you have letters of credit in place for \$50 million. What's 21 22 the cost on a monthly basis for those letters of 23 credit? 24 MR. HARDY:

We actually calculated that, and we

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arrived at \$417,000 by subtracting that, and it is 1 2 half a percent ---. 3 MS. COLINS: 4 Okay. So that's a net figure? 5 MR. HARDY: 6 That's a net figure. It's a half a percent of the face of the letter of credit. 8 MS. COLINS: 9 Okay. And over the year --- if City 10 Council doesn't act for a year, if the Supreme Court 11 lets that mandamus action sit for a year, it will cost you \$5 million over a year in soft costs because 12 13 there's been no ---? 14 ATTORNEY DONNELLY: 15 Give or take, yes. 16 MS. COLINS: 17 But City Council is thinking of acting in 18 October, or they're scheduled to re-adjourn in 19 October; is that right? 20 ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

We may be in different position on that.

We, as I said, have --- even though we've succeeded at the planning commission, which is a prerequisite

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MS. COLINS:

Right.

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# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

--- the introduction of ordinances pertaining to our zoning and application of the CED to our site. At this time, we have not been introduced by City Council. That would be something that affirmatively would have to happen at a meeting of Council, which the first one is September 14th.

# MS. COLINS:

Procedurally, who has to introduce the bill in Council?

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

A member of Council has to introduce ---

# MS. COLINS:

Just a member in general?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

17 But --- yeah. I mean, Council

prerogative is usually that the council person of that particular district would be the one to introduce it and that is Councilman DiCicco in our case. So we 21 have no assurances as I sit here today that we will be introduced on September 14th. Now, SugarHouse may be in a different ---.

#### MR. HARDY:

We are in a different situation.

bills have been introduced.

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### MS. COLINS:

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Yours have been introduced. Right.

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# MR. HARDY:

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And we've had a hearing in the rules committee on bills that we need.

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# MS. COLINS:

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So you're further along?

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# MR. HARDY:

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We're further along. Our outside date --- if the rules committee held the bills after one

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12 | hearing, which means they have to have another

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hearing, there is one scheduled for early --- for the

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end of September. If it passed --- if it was reported

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out from that hearing, it would then go to a first

16 reading the following day. The second reading would 17

be a week later in council, and that would be October

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11th. And it could actually pass on October 11th. It

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then would become law the following session when it

20 21 18th.

was reported back by the mayor, which would be October

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### MS. COLINS:

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October 18th. So if the moon and the

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stars align, it could be October 18th for HSP?

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MR. HARDY:

Correct.

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# MS. COLINS:

Okay. And then if you get that zoning, getting the building permits is administrative?

# MR. HARDY:

That's correct.

# MS. COLINS:

Okay. And then if they get --- if HSP

get its zoning and there's no action taken on Foxwoods

--- on Foxwoods in City Council, then you have waiting

in the wings a request of the Supreme Court to ask

City Council to act on your behalf with precedent.

I'm creating a best case scenario. If the

precedent ---.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I'm hoping that the hypothetical does not occur.

### MS. COLINS:

The precedent of Council having granted,

20 Foxwoods their zoning.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Yes. Effectively, we could be on the same track as HSP, but we --- we are not ---.

# MS. COLINS:

But there's no guarantee.

## ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

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There's no guarantee of that, and it is fair to say that we do have a pending action seeking City Council to take the action we're asking for.

Certainly if the action was refused or not taken after another reasonable period of time and we're still in court, we would amend our pleadings to include any of those potential claims as well.

### MS. COLINS:

Okay. And just to clear something up, I think someone had mentioned in terms of the site that these were the sites that the Board had chosen. Well, in fact, the way the statute is crafted, the applicant chooses sites and the applicant does due diligence and site selection; correct, which I'm assuming ---?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

That's correct.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Yes.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

You're right. We chose the site

# presented to the Board.

#### MS. COLINS:

And we chose the best overall applicant which was a total package including a site, business

integrity, the viability of the business on an ongoing basis and many other important factors. Would you agree with that?

### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Precisely.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I would agree with you, yes. But I think that the critical difference here is that the opposition that we're facing is not to our integrity or to any of the factors that the Board --- well, that may not be so in terms of some of the issues of traffic and so forth.

#### MS. COLINS:

Right. And ---.

### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

But effectively it's a site issue.

# MS. COLINS:

Right. And I want to thank you very much for going to the trouble of making very clear at this hearing the work you've done going forward in making sure that the impact of your proposal is a very positive impact. The projected traffic corrections, the job opportunities, the --- especially the traffic studies that you've reviewed and the work you've done in conjunction with PennDOT and the City, I want to

thank you for that. I think it's very important that this Board know that you've moving forward and doing what you said and promised you would do along those lines. That's very important to us.

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Thank you.

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# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Thank you.

#### MS. COLINS:

I just want to take a quick look at my notes. The standard is good cause, not hardship; correct?

#### ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Yes.

### MS. COLINS:

And is there a difference?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

I believe so. It's interesting considering the length of time that there's been an Administrative Code in Pennsylvania. There weren't a whole lot of cases that tried to distinguish good cause from any other factors, but I think the good cause standard is effectively a reasonable basis for decision that exists for a board to change its existing determination of order.

## MS. COLINS:

And you're saying basically that what's unanticipated here --- and I know you represent very sophisticated clients who've done site selections before. And, you know, the controversy of gaming is not a new thing to you. I know that. But what you're saying is what's unanticipated here is the refusal of the --- of City Council to act upon your request; is that correct, your request for zoning?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

Yes. I mean, what's extraordinary here is we're not being turned down because our plan is inappropriate or we're not even --- the doors aren't even open to us. We're not --- we haven't been --- neither one, the zoning hasn't been changed, and we haven't had the opportunity for somebody to consider the plan and says it's a good plan, bad plan, indifferent plan. That's a typical risk. The risk that we're facing here is --- again, I go back to my analogy of the deck, you can't build a casino here period.

### MS. COLINS:

Pardon me?

#### ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

You can't build a casino here period even

if it's the best casino in the world.

# MS. COLINS:

And if you were --- if you had broken ground and you would hit some incredibly difficult substance that would cause you to have to bring in special types of ---?

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

Hopefully gold or oil perhaps.

# MS. COLINS:

Exactly. Like the Beverly Hillbillies and you struck crude or whatever, you would not be coming to us and asking for a delay in that situation?

# ATTORNEY DONNELLY:

I think that's an entirely different situation.

# ATTORNEY SCHRIER:

That's accurate.

### MS. COLINS:

Okay. Thank you very much. Those are all of my questions. And at this point, I want to thank you. The Board will take this matter under advisement. We'll be reviewing the transcript of everything that occurred today. We will deliberate and make quasi judicial capacity as we did in the licensing matters regarding the subject matter of this

1 hearing, and then we'll vote at an upcoming public meeting whether or not to grant the relief requested. A temporary continuance, which we already granted, 3 will remain in effect until further action by this Board. And I want to thank you. 6 Before I adjourn, though, just as a matter of important for all of us here, for any of you who have met or had the good fortune to do business with one or our attorneys, Jim Dougherty. I want to 10 announce that Jim much to our dismay will be leaving 11 the Gaming Board on September 12th for bigger and 12 better things, and we will be very sad to see him go. 13 We will miss his expertise and his great legal mind. 14 We wish him good luck. And with that, I'm going to 15 ask for a motion to adjourn this hearing. 16 MR. MCCABE: 17 So moved. 18 MR. COY: 19 Second. 20 MS. COLINS: 21 Thank you. Okay. 22 23 24 HEARING CONCLUDED AT 4:15 P.M. 25